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ON THE BOND TRAIL

Bailey, of Texas, Questions the President's Authority

TO ISSUE BONDS AS HE HAS DONE

And Will Bring the Matter Before Congress to Determine.

HARRIS TO PERFECT THE TARIFF BILL.

The Senator to Urge Them Shortly After the Next Session of Congress Begins—Other Capital Gossip.

Washington, November 18.—(Special.)—Young Mr. Bailey, of Texas, is going to light into the Cleveland bonds as soon as congress meets. It was Bailey's bond resolution which created a panic in the white house last January, when the president made his first issue. Bailey don't like bonds and he is going to fight the president on his financial policy from the jump.

Mr. Bailey holds that the president has no authority to issue bonds save for resumption. The judiciary committee of the house so reported last January, but the president holds to the contrary—that money derived from the sale of bonds may be used for the ordinary expenses of the government.

The report of the judiciary committee states:

"1. That the secretary of the treasury has no authority to issue and sell bonds except under the terms of the resumption act.

"2. That proceeds of bonds sold under that act cannot be applied to any purposes except as are specified in it."

Then, after quoting the act under which the former issue was made, it says:

"It appears too clear for argument that the secretary was authorized to issue bonds only to enable him to provide for the redemption authorized and required in that act, and this authorization is limited to the extent necessary to carrying this act into full effect;' and further, 'to use the proceeds for the purposes aforesaid.'"

In 1882 Senator Bayard, in speaking on the bond question and construing the act under which both issues have been made by Mr. Cleveland, said:

"It cannot be too emphatically stated and repeated that that gold was bought with bonds of the United States for one purpose, and one purpose only. It was to procure and maintain resumption, and if it is used for anything else it is a perversion of the fund, and a breach of the trust."

Yet, Mr. Cleveland, holding to the contrary and being at the throttle, does as he chooses and mildly suggests to congress: "I've done it; now what are you going to do about it?"

Mr. Bailey wants to chase the president with a red-hot poker, so to speak, and if he can get sufficient following he will scotch further bond issues.

Patterson Cuckooing.

Colonel Josiah Patterson, of Tennessee, has been here several days talking finances with the administration people. The Tennessee colonel had a narrow escape in the fight for the nomination in his district, but, after getting it, pulled through in the election by a good round majority. He is now crowing loudly that his financial position did the work. He is a goldbug and a cuckoo of the pronounced type.

The colonel has taken to the new financial policy of the administration like a catfish to muddy water. It's the thing, he says.

Discussing the matter today, he said:

"I have not given the question careful study, but I am inclined to think that some such system as that suggested by the Baltimore conference should be adopted. It would be infinitely preferable to the present system."

Colonel Patterson saw the president yesterday and is said to have promised his aid in his new financial scheme.

To Perfect the Tariff Bill.

Senator Harris, of Tennessee, who has arrived, announces his intention to call up the "pop-gun" tariff bills for action as soon as congress meets. It will be remembered when the house was forced to adopt the senate tariff bill on August 14th, it immediately passed "pop-gun" bills putting iron, coal, sugar and barbed wire on the free list. These bills are now in the senate awaiting action by that body.

Senator Harris will attempt to have the senate adopt them. He wants to perfect the new tariff bill.

Cleveland and Who?

Bob Ingersoll is out in an interview decharing that Tom Reed is the logical republican presidential candidate two years hence. The burly Tom is laying his pipes for the republican nomination. It will be a great four-cornered fight between Reed, McKinley, Morton and Allison.

As to the democratic namination "Mr. Cleveland 'lows he is goin' to take that himself."

In the Third House.

Bynum, of Indiana, is one of the defeated who has returned. After his term is out, it is said, he will open a law office here and join the third house.

The third house is now very large but there being no limit to the membership all the defeated ones are at liberty to join. It is often the most profitable of the three.

William L. Wilson's Future.

There is much gossip in Washington as to what provision the president will make for William L. Wilson, after the 4th of March. Numbers of things have been suggested.

If Judge Nathan Goff, of West Virginia, can defeat Stephen B. Elkins for the United States senatorship, Mr. Cleveland will appoint Wilson to succeed him on the circuit court bench; but Elkins seems to have a first mortgage on the senatorship, and when the new republican legislature meets he will foreclose it. In this event, Mr. Cleveland will have to look elsewhere for a place for Mr. Wilson. He may send him to fill some foreign mission, or in the event congress provides for a tariff commission, Wilson will go at the head of that. Certain it is he will be provided for.

Colonel Tom Cabaniss.

There is a movement on foot among some of the Georgians to have the president tender Colonel Tom Cabaniss some good office at the expiration of his term. Mr. Cabaniss is, however, in no sense an applicant. But he is personally one of the most popular men who has ever represented Georgia in congress, and every Georgia congressman, and many from other states, will pull for him.

Personal Gossip.

The home of Secretary and Mrs. Hoke Smith will be one of the most popular of the cabinet this winter. Mrs. Smith will have a charming bevy of young ladies from Georgia visiting her during the winter. Miss Jackson, of Atlanta, is already here.

The Smith residence on K street is one of the most attractive in Washington, and there is no one in the cabinet circle who entertains more delightfully or oftener than Mrs. Smith.

Senator-elect Bacon is expected here during the session of congress, commencing on the 3d of December. He wants to familiarize himself with the routine of the senate and meet the senators with whom he will serve.

A Talk About Democracy.

Ex-Congressman Jefferson, of Missouri, has been interviewed by Kate Field's Washington, in which he talks some very hard horse sense. In answer to the question: "What is the matter with democracy?" he says:

"It has fallen from Thomas Jefferson to Tom Johnson. The intellectual distance is so great that the shock is considerable. Thomas Jefferson believed in a distinct industrial and financial policy for this country. He, as well as all the great democrats of the past, realized that declarations of independence were not self-executing; that real independence of a people sprang from their possession and wise management of great natural resources; that it depended upon the prosperity of labor; that hunger was not the basis of liberty. He realized the advantages of labor in this country and the possibility of establishing citizenship upon a higher plane by husbanding labor's advantages here. This policy was carried down the history of democracy until the death of Randall; the party triumphed upon it in 1884. Since then the little men of the party have made its platforms; Neal and T. Johnson, of Ohio, have substituted epithets for principles, and Ohio answers back with an adverse majority of 150,000."

"But is there no progress in politics?"

"Progress consists in extending the dominion of sound principles and not in changing them. The churches do not change the commandments every four years, but work out progress by persistently propagating the spirit of the old ones. The Americanism of Jefferson being true then, is true now; if practiced, it fills the democracy with new life. Its first principle was to hold the advantage, by political means, which nature had given to labor in this country."

"Have not such men as Henry Watterson favored this Neal-Johnson policy?"

"Yes, but Watterson is no statesman; he is a poet. Had he lived in Homer's time he would have been a co-rhapsodist, and recited his pyrotechnic compositions on the streets. The republican party owes a monument to Watterson; he has broken the solid south for them. The race question is dead. Tennessee, Alabama, Virginia, North Carolina and the two Virginias behold a new career opening to them. Nature has favored them; the food of the sea is cheap; vegetable substances, fuel, clothing, shelter, cost 25 per cent less there than in the north. The mineral resources of this region are vast and of the highest quality. Restore the Americanism of Jefferson and this belt of country will burst into a splendor of growth never seen elsewhere. If the democracy will reorganize and give to industry the permanent assurance of its old doctrines as expressed in the platform of 1884, and in addition thereto, take up the solid money dogmas of Hamilton and Jefferson, it will command the future. If it poisons its blood with monometallism, free trade and the single tax, its career is over as a commanding force."

To Be Extended.

The civil service laws are to be extended to cover the internal revenue service. The order will probably be promulgated Monday. It will bring everybody in the internal revenue service beneath the grade of collector under the civil service laws. Deputy collectors, and indeed every one under the collectors in every capacity, including storekeepers and gaugers and clerks, will come under the change. It is a radical innovation taking in the last remaining stronghold of the spoilsmen. Those already in office will, however, welcome it. It fixes them.

A SILVER SYNDICATE.

Rockefeller and the Rothschilds Said to Be Backing It.

Denver, Col., November 18.—The Rocky Mountain News today says that a syndicate is scheming to obtain control of the silver market and dictate the price of the metal to all silver-using countries. A conference was held in this city this week, it is said, at which were present Daniel Guggenheim, of New York; Messrs. Barton and Nash, of Omaha; Mr. Hanauer, of Salt Lake, and Mr. Allen, of the Philadelphia Smelting and Refining Company, at Pueblo, and representatives of the local smelters and the leading silver-producing mines.

Two reports are current as to the details of the proposed plan. One is that a syndicate, backed by John D. Rockefeller and the Rothschilds, will gain control of all the smelters in the United States and Mexico, and arbitrarily fix the price of silver, regardless of the supply and demand. The proposition was made, so it is stated, that the smelters should be taken at an appraised valuation equivalent to cost. This was to be paid in cash. Then each was to have a proportionate block of stock in the new deal.

The Grant people, so it is stated, wanted their plant paid for at its real value, not its cost. This hitch has still to be adjusted. According to the other report the proposition is to have the silver of all the smelters handled through one man or agency. At present the Guggenheims have a certain house, the Grant people another and so on. There would be a saving to the smelters of possibly a quarter of a cent an ounce, having it handled by one man instead of half a dozen or a dozen, but the main object would be to prevent sudden slumps in the price of silver.

A SILVER CONFERENCE

Called to Meet at St. Louis November 27th.

Washington, November 18.—The executive committee of the American Bimetallic League has called a silver conference to be held at St. Louis, November 27th, at which the present situation will be fully discussed and the policy hereafter to be pursued by the friends of free coinage of silver will be decided upon.

Henry Preserved Is Wealthy.

Cincinnati, O., November 18.—Rev. Henry Preserved Smith, of Lane Seminary and Presbyterian fame, came into formal possession of a fortune yesterday. Recently his mother died at Dayton, O., and her will was probated. Her property, exclusive of bequests aggregating $15,000, is willed equally to her four children. Her estate is estimated at $300,000.

On the Verge of Stravation.

Denver, Col., November 18.—After a careful canvass a committee has reported that 215 families of American Railway Union men are on the verge of starvation, and 400 unmarried men destitute owing to the blacklist being enforced by the railroads against the men who struck last summer.

JACK THE STRANGLER

The Mysterious Murderer of Frail Women of Denver.

A FRENCH CANADIAN CIGAR MAKER

Is Thought to Be the Guilty Man And Is Now Under Arrest.

THE DESCRIPTION BY A CLAIRVOYANT

Tallies with That of the Prisoner—The Agent of Principals Who Wished to Destroy Their Unhappy Victims.

Denver, Col., November 18.—"Jack the Strangler," it seems, has been caught.

Frank Roch has been arrested on suspicion of being the man who has disturbed the serenity of the frail women of Denver.

The prisoner is a French Canadian, of unknown antecedents and a cigar maker. He has a wife and family, but they know nothing of how his time is employed. He has displayed a great deal of money during the last two or three weeks, and the police claim that he obtained it from the principals who were interested in getting the women out of the way.

This assumption destroys the theory of a perverted mind and brings the case down to the more plausible idea that there were men who wished to destroy the victims of their debaucheries and enter into undisputed possession of the property which they had accumulated during their lives of crime in the United States.

The strangest part of the story is that the prisoner corresponds to the description given by a clairvoyant, although the police are indignant at the suspicion that they may be in doubt. They have adopted the utmose caution in the handling of their prisoner, whom they will not allow to communicate with any one.

Mrs. Roch says policemen came to her house this afternoon and took her husband away. She speaks very imperfect English and is not well acquainted with the laws of the country, consequently she could not tell whether or not they had a warrant for the arrest. The supposition is that the capture was made without any authority and with the greatest secrecy, so as to avoid the interference of the "Chevaliers d'Amour."

Roch is said to have been their agent in the three different assassinations, and this fact is said to be susceptible of proof at the proper time. It is probable that the fact of the arrest would not have been made public tonight had it not been for the vigilance of Tony Sanders.

Sanders is a former police messenger who became involved in the strangling cases owing to his infatuation for Marie Contassoit, the second victim of the strangler. Sanders was discharged because of the scandal, and since the death of his inamorata has devoted himself to attempting to capture the perpetrators. His intimacy with the women of "the Row" gave him an advantage over the others who were working on the case, and his knowledge of French and Italian enabled him to go among the foreign element without suspicion.

Sanders had been watching Roch for several days, awaiting the time when he would again go to the Row. After watching all night, Sanders awoke today to resume his vigil. His first business was to ascertain the location of Roch and shadow him.

Roch was missed. Inquiry failed to reveal his place of abode, and only at a late hour tonight did the horrible truth dawn on Sanders. His enemies had stolen a march on him and taken away the strangler! He is probably in the "sweat box" of the county detectives, where he will be kept until they make him disclose information of his doings on the nights of the three crimes.

Another Arrest.

The police last night arrested a man giving the name of Moller, claiming to be an Italian, in a house on Strangler's Row. He was an ordinary, quarrelsome person, but the morning papers "caught him red-handed in the act of strangling Marie Vendres."

The man named Beamand, who was indicted here for murdering Lena Tapper, is the most promising "strangler," but the evidence against him is circumstantial. The man Roch, who was arrested, the police claim to have some damaging evidence against, but they will not divulge it at present. The residents of Market street are very nervous and superstitious and the least disturbance, though formerly of hourly occurrence, is now sufficient to create a panic and develop a new strangler. They have put in electric bells and employed watchmen to be constantly on hand.

CON RIORDAN'S FUNERAL.

Members of Fitzsimmons's Variety Company Attend It.

Syracuse, N. Y., November 18.—The funeral of "Con" Riordan, who died Saturday morning, after having been knocked out by Bob Fitzsimmons on Friday night at the Grand opera house in this city, was held today at the undertaking rooms of James Mullin & Son. It was attended by the members of Fitzsimmons's variety company, and a large number of sporting men. The services were conducted by Rev. A. S. Durstan, secretary of the local Young Men's Christian Association. The pallbearers were Fitzsimmons, Joe Dunfee, "Yank" Sullivan, Dick Whittle and Ed Glori, manager of the Fitzsimmons company.

At the conclusion of the services the body was taken to the vault at Oakwood.

Lawyer Emanuel Friend, of Friend & House, of New York, arrived in town this morning. He is Fitzsimmons's counsel and will look after his interests in the case. He left for Boston with the Fitzsimmons company at 10:25 o'clock. He will return for the inquest, which will be held Thursday evening next. Lawyer Friend told a reporter that in his opinion it would take expert testimony to get at the exact cause of Riordan's death. He felt sure that Fitzsimmons would be indicted and tried for manslaughter, but would be acquitted.

FLAMES IN HOUSTON, TEX.

A Building Badly Wrecked—Heavy Loss to Merchants.

Houston, Tex., November 18.—Fire broke out this evening in the third story of the Scanlan building on Preston street, near Main street, and is supposed to have been caused by electric light wires. The building is badly wrecked. Loss $20,000. Insurance $15,000. A. J. Schoenmann, dry goods and notions, loss on stock, $25,000, insurance $20,000; C. W. Alsworth, hardware, loss, $30,000, insurance, $20,000; L. Sechinger, jeweler, loss $2,000 by removal and by water, fully covered by insurance. The upper stories were occupied by law offices and dentists, whose losses on libraries and furniture will aggregate $10,000 more.

Fires on Steamships.

Jacksonville, Fla., November 18.—A cablegram to The Times-Union from Key West, Fla., says the British steamship Hajeen, New Orleans to Liverpool, cotton laden, has arrived there with fire in the forward hatch. The British steamship Royal Welsh, New Orleans to Liverpool, cotton-laden, is ashore on the southwest keys, and is reported to be on fire.

WHY LEVERETT WAS REMOVED.

Special Agent Shielby Says It Was Neglect in Returning Vouchers.

Macon, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Walter B. Reed, of Savannah, is here tonight, and he says in an interview with Special Agent S. B. Shielby, of the department of justice, who made the investigation into Marshal Leverett's office, he gave this version of the case. The responsibility for the lack of funds with which to serve government papers in criminal cases in the southern district did not rest with the government, but with Marshal Leverett. When a marshal qualifies he files a bond for $20,000 and the government advances him money with which to pay the expenses of court proceedings with which he has to deal. The government will advance, through the department of justice, an amount equal to the amount of the bond given by the marshal.

It seems that Marshal Leverett had been advanced more for the expenses of this district than was on his bond. His credit with the government had, therefore, expired. This credit can be re-established by promptly returning to the department vouchers for the amounts expended duly approved by the judge of the court. Marshal Leverett had neglected to do this, and his credit with the department had expired. It seems to have been more of a case of neglect that was made out in the report upon the affairs of his office than anything else. The reason there was no money on hand, was because these vouchers had been neglected and the marshal's credit had expired.

The new marshal, Colonel John D. Harrell, had not arrived here up to midnight. He is expected tomorrow morning. Nothing has been heard from him. Mr. Frank Leverett was at the Hotel Lanier tonight inquiring for Colonel Harrell.

WOMEN IN PULPITS.

W. C. T. U. Delegates Preach in Cleveland, Ohio.

Cleveland, O., November 18.—From nearly every pulpit in this city today the voice of an earnest woman was raised in the cause of temperance. The local ministers, almost without exception, allowed their pulpits to be occupied by delegates and visitors to the convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. The congregations were large. In the afternoon at Music Hall an evangelist meeting was conducted by Miss E. W. Greenwood, evangelistic superintendent of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union. The annual sermon was delivered by Rev. J. W. Bashford, president of Wesleyan university, Delaware, O. Fully 5,000 persons attended the various services. Immediately following the evangelistic meeting a gospel suffrage meeting was held. It was one of the most notable gatherings of the convention. Rev. Anna Shaw, of Boston, who preached in Unity church this morning, presided. The center of attraction was Susan B. Anthony, president of the National Woman's Suffrage Association. Miss Anthony is seventy-five years old, and for nearly fifty ears has led the movement for the enfranchisement of the women of America. When Miss Anthony was introduced, the immense audience rose to their feet and greeted her with long-continued applause and waving of handkerchiefs. She predicted the overthrow of the monster, intemperance, when the ballot is put in the hands of the mothers, wives and daughters of the land. The speaker predicted that universal suffrage was bound to come, and pointed with pride to the action of the last Ohio legislature in giving to women the right to vote on educational matters. Referring to the recent defeat of the woman's suffrage movement in New York and Kansas, Miss Anthony said that while the cause had been lost in both states, it meant simply more work on the same line. Rev. Joseph Cook, of Boston, spoke briefly, advocating universal suffrage, compulsory voting and an educational qualification.

A REGULAR BATTLE

In Which Three Men Were Badly Wounded.

Owensboro, Ky., November 18.—A bloody battle was fought here today in which John Ashby, an ex-policeman, and Jack Heveron, a grocer and saloonist, were mortally wounded, and a policeman was wounded. Heveron had told Ashby and his gang to stop dancing on his place on Sunday. They left and frightened some women in a house of ill-fame nearby. One woman ran to Heveron's with the story that a man was cut to pieces. Eugene Heveron heard them laughing and assured her that the men were only shamming. Just then Ashby stepped from behind a tree and attacked Heveron with a club. Heveron ran into the house, and he and his brothers appealed to two policemen, who approached, for protection. When Ashby came up they asked him what he wanted. Ashby drew a revolver and fired at Jack Heveron. Immediately several pistols were drawn, and a perfect fusillade followed. Nineteen shots were fired. Ashby fell with a ball in his right breast and one in his lung, and is now dying. Jack Heveron fell with a bullet in his left breast, one in the left arm and had one finger shot off. He is unconscious and cannot live. Officer Stuart received a ball in the leg. All parties implicated, of whom there were about eleven, are of prominent families.

POPE HAS BEEN TO AIKEN

Where He Says He Was Cheated Out of Votes.

Columbia, S. C., November 18.—(Special.)—Dr. Sampson Pope, the defeated independent candidate for governor, was here today returning from Aiken, the home of Governor-elect Evans, where he has been investigating alleged frauds perpetrated in Evans's interest. At the Aiken box the vote was returned: Evans, 209; Pope, 76. Pope has affidavits from 137 men, able to read and write, who swear that they voted for him, as well as numerous other affidavits corroborating his charges. He says that the impression in Aiken is that he was cheated out of 200 votes.

TWO LECTURERS.

Breckinridge and Waite to Go Upon Lecturing Tours.

Lexington, Ky., November 18.—C. D. Hess, in an interview here today, said the report that he had contracted with Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge for a lecture tour was true and that the colonel would begin at once. His first subject will be "Ten Years Among Tariff Reformers."

Denver, Col., November 18.—Governor Waite has decided to go upon the lecture platform. He will make a short tour in the west before his term expires, delivering his first lecture at St. Louis November 19th and 20th, going from there to Chicago. After his term expires he will lecture in the east.

Sale of a Railroad.

Lexington, Ky., November 18.—The Lexington passenger and belt railroad was yesterday sold to President M. E. Ingalls for the Chesspeake and Ohio Railroad Company for $175,000. The road is four and a half miles long and gives the Vanderbilts a connection between the Chesapeake and Ohio and Louisville and Nashville stations and relieves them of heavy transfer charges by the Louisville and Nashville, which heretofore handled their cars through Lexington.

A VISIT TO BISMARCK

Chancellor Hohenlohe Will Get the Political Views of the ex-Chancellor.

THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE MEETING

Bismarck's Influence Would Materially Help the New Cabinet

IN ITS RELATIONS WITH OTHER COURTS

The Czar Has Ordered That His Wedding Shall Not Be Celebrated with the Usual Pomp and Display.

Berlin, November 18.—Chancellor Prince Hohenlohe left Strassburg for Berlin today. On his way he will stop in Stuttgart and Dresden to confer with the ministers and sovereign in the capital as he conferred with the Bavarian cabinet and Prince Regent Luitpold. No definite arrangements have been made for his visit to Bismarck. Just what he expects to do in Varzin or Friederichsruhe, is not known, although in official circles he is not supposed to be seeking Bismarck's advice as to the ministerial policy. The emperor planned the visit, it is believed, not so much to get Bismarck's political views as to please the German people with an act of courtesy to their old idol. The Koelnische Zietung says in an article concerning the significance of the meeting:

"Without attaching high political importance to the interview we feel that the meeting would bear good fruits. It would remove a stumbling stone from the way of many well meaning Germans who have found it difficult to harmonize their loyalty to the government with their veneration of Bismarck."

Although the semi-official press represents the prospective visit to Bismarck as a mere act of homage, it will be more. Prince Hohenlohe, while not seeking to adapt his own views to those of Bismarck, will aim probably to secure Bismarck's support or toleration of his policies at home and abroad. As Bismarck maintains relations with the most powerful German courts, he is able to influence their decisions. He, therefore, can help the new cabinet materially for Prince Hohenlohe's tour of conciliation has relieved but slightly the strain between Berlin and Munich and Carlshuhe, and Prince Luitpold and the Grand Duke of Baden are far from convinced that the theatrical fall of Caprivi was either necessary or expedient. Moreover, Bismarck's opinions of the agrarian programme will help the government around the sharp corners of its new protective policy.

Hammerstein's Policy.

All doubts as to the fate of Caprivi's commercial policy has been set at rest by an utterance from Freiherr von Hammerstein, the new minister of agriculture. In a telegram to Freiherr von Schorlemer-Alst, the conspicuous agrarian and clerical, he said: "I mean to fight honestly for the agricultural interests and I shall reckon upon the support of the clerical party."

The Kreuz Zeitung comments: "Freiherr von Hammerstein knows obviously what German agriculture requires to renew its prosperity. He will find means to enhance the value of the products of German soil."

The Post and other semi-official journals agree in predicting a government coalition of all the conservatives and the conservative elements in the clerical and national liberal parties.

Dr. Koch's refusal to take the ministry of justice is attributed to his opposition to the new agragrian policy, and his desire to remain at the head of the imperial bank, where he can watch and check the demands of the favored agrarian bimetallists.

The Kreuz Zeitung has prepared the way for the silver raid on the government by declaring: "The ministry will not meet the expectations of the agricultural interests unless the measure raising the price of cereals be combined with international currency reforms. There must also be a maesure to assist the sugar industry by an increase of the export premiums."

Crispi to Meet Hohenlohe.

Premier Crispi, of Italy, is arranging to meet Prince Hohenlohe in the near future. The principal subject of the interview will be the change in Germany's attitude toward England and its bearing upon the Anglo-Italian understanding. The emperor undoubtedly is less friendly to Lord Rosebery's government than he was to Lord Salisbury's. He is intent upon an aggressive colonial policy which will increase Germany's possessions abroad and in this he is encouraged by Prince Hohenlohe.

Nothing positive is known as to Germany's course toward the new and more important problem involved in the reported rapproachement between England on one side and Russia and France on the other. The whole European press agrees that such a rapproachement would alter entirely the position of the triple alliance, and might even disrupt it. All must remain uncertain, however, until Russian diplomacy, on which the situation turns, emerges from its present nebulous condition and the ministry of Nicholas II be finally constituted. The last report is that M. de Giers will retire and that Lobanoff or Schouvaloff become chancellor, thus filling an office which has been left vacant since Prince Gortschakoff's death.

While the emperor is judged freely from his new attitude toward England, nobody as yet has any information on which to base approval or condemnation of his course. The emperor's distrust of the Rosebery government is based on information which belongs to him, his ministers and his ambassador in London. It is certain, however, that the German foreign office has no cordial feeling for Lord Rosebery since it checked his little plan to gobble part of the Congo state. This ill-will has gained intensity in recent months, owing to the emperor's personal influence.

Dr. Miquel, Prussian minister of finance, said yesterday in an interview concerning the new chancellor:

Has Mental Vigor and Vivacity.

"Public opinion makes a great mistake in regarding Prince Hohenlohe as a frail, shaky old man who is dependent upon others. He has, in fact, great mental vigor and vivacity and is possessed of a thorough independence, which is in many respects the result of his high position in society. Owing to his recognized social position he probably will exercise a greater influence over the emperor than Prince Bismarck was able to retain in the latter part of his official career."

Dr. Miquel spoke of Dr. von Boetticher and Freiherr Marschall von Bieberstein as indispensable members of the cabinet. Both were tried and skilful parliamentarians.

The Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung said yesterday that China's collapse was due to the weakness of hand and head manifested by those who governed with socialistic absolutism from Peking.

The Vorwaerts replies today: "What is now happening in China is a repetition of the history of Prussia, where a disorganized despotism, in which the people had no voice to control the destinies of the state led to the defeat at Jens. Events in China contain a warning for Germany."

The Tageblatt says that Nicholas II has summoned Miljoutin, ex-minister of war and a confidential adviser of Alexander III, to aid him in reforming the Russian ministry. Privy Councilor Durnovo, it says, will retire from the ministry of the interior to make way for M. de Pleus, Dr. Witt will retain the finance portfolio and the Grand Duke Serguis will become governor general of St. Petersburg. The Tageblatt is informed that these changes will be made immediately after the funeral.

By the Czar's Orders.

The czar has ordered that his wedding shall not be celebrated with the usual pomp. Princess Alix's trousseau, made in Darmstadt and Paris, has been altered since Alexander III's death. The bridal robe of white satin is wrought with precious stones and embroidered with silver, interspersed with diamonds, but has been rendered less striking by the abundant use of crepe, and twelve mourning gowns, wholly black, and devoid of jewels or other ornaments, have been added to her outfit. One gown of white, stamped velvet, trimmed with pearls, and another of azure blue velvet, with a train of the same and trimmed with sable, have been laid aside with many other elaborate costumes, which were prepared before the tragedy of Livadia could be foreseen. The rooms which have been refitted in the Winter Palace for the Princess Alix, are those which were occupied by the wife of Nicholas I.

It is reported that the new governor of Alsace-Lorraine will announce the suspension of the exception laws immediately after entering office. The cordial farewell to Hohenlohe in Strassburg is said to have convinced the emperor that the time had come for abating the restrictions.

The Catholics have shown less satisfaction with Dr. Schoenstedt's appointment to the ministry of justice since learning that his wife is a Protestant and rears her children in her own faith.

The Vorwaerts tries to weaken the effect of Bebel's threat to resign from the socialist democratic executive committee. "He merely meant," it explains, "that he would use his right to criticise his opponents—the Bavarian socialists. His counsels ought to continue to benefit the whole united party."

The trade returns in the consular districts of Berlin and Cehmnitz show that the export trade with the United States has increased greatly since the new tariff bill went into effect.

TO BE BURIED TODAY.

Last Honors to the Dead Czar—How It Was Proclaimed.

St. Petersburg, November 18.—The day has been raw and foggy. A rain almost as fine as mist has fallen intermittently and the streets have been slippery and dirty, with a thin layer of mud. This morning it was impossible to see more than half way across the great Alexander square. Nevertheless the crowd waiting to see the dead czar's face moved slowly along the side of the square nearest the palace. It was a crowd of thousands, yet so large is the open space before the imperial palace that from the opposite side they appeared only as an indistinct mass. Opposite the entrance to the palace two squadrons of Cuirassier Guards, about sixty feet apart, sat motionless on their horses. The even, unbroken lines of eagled helmets glittered faintly through the mist, but they did little to break the dark monotony of the scene. Hundreds of carriages were in the waiting column. On foot were persons of all classes—the heavily booted peasants, the girls and women from a distance, with their flaunting caps and colored gowns, and the officers and rich traders of the capital. They all but filled the space before the palace, leaving only a narrow lane to the courtyard. As the grand dukes, generals and high noblemen passed the officers in the throng saluted and the others uncovered respectfully. From the palace roof above the courtyard gateway the imperial yellow standard with the black eagles floated languidly at half-mast.

As the great bell of St. Isaac's sounded the hour of noon above the clatter of smaller clocks, the curiassiers moved slightly as if in preparation for a change of programme. Soon fourteen mounted trumpeters emerged from the courtyard. Behind them four heralds in black velvet and white lace and Charles I hats with long feathers rode on horses richly caparisoned and led by grooms in black cloaks with white collars. A trumpeter and a herald took position in front of each squadron. The horsemen bared their sabers, faced about toward the palace and after three fanfares a groom handed a large white scroll to a herald from one of the squadrons. The herald then read in a loud voice that the final honors would be paid to Alexander III tomorrow in the fortress, the service beginning at 10:30 o'clock. The four trumpeters led the four heralds back to the palace. The squadrons wheeled and rode away, the one to escort a trumpeter and herald through the arch opposite the palace and up the Great Morskoi street, the other to escort a trumpeter and herald past the admiralty building and out toward St. Isaac's. The heralds went through the city the whole afternoon proclaiming before all the cathedrals and in all open spaces that Alexander III would be buried tomorrow.

The last state service before the funeral was held in the fortress cathedral at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Representatives of foreign rulers had places near the imperial family. Clifton R. Breckinridge, the new American ambassador, represented President Cleveland. Services were held simultaneously in all the churches of the capital.

It is estimated that 30,000 persons were waiting this evening to go into the cathedral to see the body. The line extended for miles from the door. Thousands had been waiting since Friday night. As the evening advanced they became impatient and often tumultuous. In the rushes for the door, women fainted, several men were trampled upon and small trees, lamp posts and barriers were borne down. All business will be suspended throughout the empire tomorrow and domestic telegrams will not be accepted.

CHINESE PREPARING FOR BATTLE.

They Have Warships at Wei-hai-Wei. Von Hanneken's Plans.

London, November 18.—The Central News correspondent in Tien-Tsin says:

"The Chinese fleet is at Wei-hai-Wei. It includes five iron-clads, which are preparing for battle. Colonel von Hanneken, the commander-in-chief of the Chinese army, is organizing in Manchuria several forces of Chinese guerrillas, who already have begun to harass the Japanese, and to threaten their lines of communication. If the Chinese defense of Port Arthur be successful the entire Japanese army may winter on the Yalu."

Will Visit the Pope.

Rome, November 18.—The state department of the vatican learns that Cardinal Gibbons, of Baltimore, will embark for Europe on December 2d, and immediately after landing at Genoa will visit the pope. He will remain in Europe two months, and will attend the consistory.

HE DIDN'T STOP,

And the Robbers Poured a Volley Into the Cab of the Engine.

UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT AT ROBBERY

Suspecting Something Wrong, the Signal Was Not Heeded,

AND THE THROTTLE WAS PULLED OPEN

The Train Swept by and Left the Robbers Behind—The Fireman Wounded. Train Wrecking in Louisiana.

Vicksburg, Miss., November 18.—As the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley express train was leaving Pantherburn station, sixty miles north of this city, at 11 o'clock last night, three white men signaled the train to stop, using the switch light for the purpose.

Engineer Heiner, suspecting something wrong, kept on at about fifteen miles an hour. The robbers, seeing that he was not stopping, poured a volley of pistol shots into the cab and train as they passed them. Fireman George Cole received a flesh wound in the left arm, and another shot grazed his temple. The engineer opened the throttle when the shooting began, and soon left the robbers behind, proceeding here without further trouble.

Governor Jackson, of Iowa, and party, who had been hunting in the delta, were on the train.

Wreckers in Louisiana.

Crowley, La., November 18.—A successful attempt at train wrecking was perpetrated last night on the branch road four miles south of Eunice. The obstruction caused the engine, baggage car and passenger coach to turn over. Fireman H. Geiger was killed and Engineer Joseph Mauldin seriously injured.

RUOHS BOUGHT BONDS,

And They Have Proved to Be a Worthless Investment.

Chattanooga, Tenn., November 18.—(Special.)—Melancholy echoes of the boom that struck East Tennessee a few years ago come back every once in awhile and fall upon the ear of some struggling and broken-down speculator like the knell of doom. About the saddest echo heard of late is the one which directly affects Joseph Ruohs, of this city, who purchased twenty-two bonds purporting to have been issued by the town of Athens in aid of the Nashville and Jellico railroad at the rate of $1,000 for each bond, paying in cash $18,900, only to see his money fade away a little later before his very eyes. Today he has the bonds and they are worth the paper, but that's all.

Mr. Ruohs brought suit to recover the amount of the bonds, but in the meantime Athens had done away with its charter and there was no corporation left to sue. Consequently the bonds were invalid even in the hands of a bona fide purchaser, and relief was denied him. He continued to apply to the courts, however, until the case was finally carried to the supreme court, which, at its present sitting, delivered a decision the other day at Knoxville sustaining the lower courts and Mr. Ruohs, now having no other resource, counts $20,000 gone glimmering.

WROTE UP HIS OWN DEATH.

An Editor Prepares an Article and Then Commits Suicide.

Minneapolis, Minn., November 18.—After the suicide of Editor James Liddell, at Lyons, Ia., yesterday, it was discovered that he had written a brief, but accurate, description of his throwing himself in front of the railway train, stating that he had contemplated it for a year. He even added a display heading. The press of The Times was stopped and the article inserted. He drew a check in favor of his mother, another for his partner, covering funds in the bank, with a brief note commending his mother and sister to the care of friends, then committed suicide, simply tired, worn and weary. Absolutely no cause is assigned. He was always cheerful and genial.

HUNDREDS WERE KILLED

By the Earthquake in Italy—People Camping in Fields.

Rome, November 18.—The earthquakes in Sicily and southern Italy caused considerable damage to the telegraph lines and details of the phenomena are coming to hand slowly. It is known, however, that the province of Reggio di Calabria suffered the severest damage by the seismic disturbances. Little damage was done in Reggio, the capital of the province, but there was great loss of life and much damage to property elsewhere in the province. Seventeen communes were involved in the disturbance, the centers of which were in the vicinity of Palmi, twenty-one miles northwest of Reggio and Ragnara, on the gulf of Gioja, almost directly opposite Punta del Faro, Sicily. The village of San Procopio, near Palmi, was almost entirely destroyed. Here sixty persons were killed. Forty-seven of these met their death in a church to which they had fled for refuge. Their bodies are still in the ruins.

At Bagnara several persons were killed. Eight lost their lives at Mamertino and San Eufmia, being crushed to death while many others were injured. The inhabitants of these places are obliged to camp in the open air. Prime Minister Crispi has sent a large sum of money for the relief of the sufferers and has placed two vessels at the disposal of the prefect of Bagnara. In the Calabrian towns of Triparni and Mileto many houses were destroyed and a number of persons damaged. Much damage was also done in the adjacent province of Catanzaro.

The inhabitants of Messina were in a condition of panic last night. They were in great fear of a renewal of the shocks and passed the night camped out in the squares of the city, in railway carriages and on board vessels lying in the harbor. The panic has lessened tonight, and in some instances the work of repairing damaged buildings has already commenced.

Large electric lights have been erected to illuminate the channel until the lighthouse, destroyed by the earthquake, shall have been rebuilt.

Renewed shocks were felt today at a town eighteen miles west of Messina. So severe were the movments of the earth that great seams appeared in the walls of many houses. The inhabitants are still badly frightened and remain camped in the open spaces, fearing to return to their homes. No further shocks have been reported from other places.

War Upon the Lords.

Dublin, November 18.—Mass meetings in Cork and Longford today passed resolutions favoring the abolition of the house of lords and demanding an amended land bill. Tim Healy, Edward Blake and William O'Brien were the speakers.

TRIED TO BURN IT

A Negro Caught in the Act of Firing a Dispensary Building.

A TRUE BILL AGAINST A CORONER

Who Is Charged with Killing a Man—Report on the Lunatic Asylum of South Carolina.

Kershaw, S. C., November 18.—(Special.)—An unsuccessful attempt was made to burn the dispensary here early this morning. One end of the building had been saturated with kerosene by a negro named Weary Clyburn, and he was about to apply a match when caught by the watchman.

May Be a Ditch for Dyches.

Columbia, S. C., November 18—(Special.)—The grand jury of Barnwell has found a true bill against Coroner Dyches, who shot and killed Simon Brown several months ago. Brown was engaged in a row with Dispensary Constable Gribben and shooting ensued, in which both men lost their lives. The testimony was to the effect that Dyches, who was a political adherent of Gribben, jerked out his pistol and shot Brown. Notwithstanding this, Dyches, who is the coroner of the county, held the inquest, and, himself, denied complicity in the affair.

Sumter county is a great place. She is raising material for our tapioca puddings, and hereafter will ask no odds of Brazil.

Governor Tillman has been confined to his bed for several days with a threatened attack of the grip. Yesterday he was seen out riding.

The governor has been merciful the last year to state prisoners. The records show that he has released seventy-four men from imprisonment by the exercise of the pardoning power.

The Asylum Report.

The annual report of the State Lunatic Asylum embodies facts very commendatory of Superintendent J. W. Babcock, who is one of the state's best and most popular officers. The estimated market value of the products of the asylum farm for the year is $23,327.11, and the cost of labor, fertilizers, etc., was $15,091.13, thus giving a profit of $8,236.98 or $47.12 per acre of the 175 acres under cultivation.

The total disbursements during the year were $112,383.06 and the total receipts were $115,944.02. The estimated value of the real estate, including buildings, is $600,000. The daily average number of patients under treatment has been 778, and the weekly cost per capita on current expenditures, inclusive of clothing, is $2.37. The estimated value of the articles made by patients during the year is $3,000.

The total number of patients under treatment during the year was 1,107, and 798 remain at the close of the fiscal year. The cost per capita has been about 34 cents per day.

The report of the superintendent shows no increase of insanity in this state during the last six years.

In his report the superintendent says that inquiry into the causation of cases admitted during the last five years shows that among the chief alleged causes of mental alienation in South Carolina rank in order of frequency, heredity, epilepsy, ill health, intemperance, domestic troubles and religious excitement.

Of the 176 discharges, seventy-five recovered, twenty-seven much improved, thirty-two improved and nine unimproved. The number of deaths was 133. Tuberculosis leads the list as the chief cause of mortality among the patients, especially those of the colored race.

A LETTER IN A BOTTLE.

The Message Found on the Banks of the Congaree.

Columbia, S. C., November 18.—(Special.) Some fishermen found on the bank of the Congaree river near the city today, a bottle lightly corked, in which was the following letter:

"Columbia, November 16.—The hand that wrote this will be cold in death by the time this writing is found. I have just left the handsome youth who has caused my death. O, how I loved him, and since I have found that my love was not returned, life is not worth living. Goodby, my darling. I would like to clasp your dear form once more before I enter into eternity. Fare thee well, my beloved Harold. If this is found please publish and tell the cause of my unfortunate death.

"INEZ LEE."

The letter was written in a pretty, round feminine hand and the writer was evidently of some education. No one by that name is known in Columbia and no one is reported missing. There is a theory that if there has been a suicide that the person was a visitor to the state fair, which has just closed, or else was a resident in one of the upper counties.

WILL HAVE NO OPPOSITION.

Senator Morgan Will Be Elected by Acclamation.

Montgomery, Ala., November 18.—(Special.) The general assembly of Alabama has gotten well down to work. All of the preliminary details have been disposed of and the only interruption to the routine work of the bodies is the joint session next week at which a successor to Senator Morgan will be elected. No opposition to Senator Morgan has developed and it appears apparent now that he will be nominated by acclamation by the caucus of the democratic members on next Tuesday evening. It is stated that the populists will nominate a candidate and give him their vote in order to attest the disfavor in which they hold Alabama's illustrious senator.

The dramatic scene enacted in the house yesterday was simply a repetition of that presented on a similar occasion in 1892. Speaker Clark knew six months ago that Senator Goodwyn would offer the protest to the announcement of the vote as returned and Senator Goodwyn well knew that the speaker would decline to receive his protest—that he had no authority whatever to do so. The joint session is called for the specific purpose of counting and announcing the vote, and the idea of the senator in offering the protest was probably to create the impression that the democratic house was disposed to impose upon the minority of populists. The scene enacted was down on the boards. Everybody knew it would occur and nobody was surprised at the outcome of it.

Jefferson county, in which Birmingham is situated, was certainly well treated in the disposition of the house committee chairmanships. The Jefferson members got three of the four best chairmanships. Mr. John got the judiciary, Mr. McQueen the revision of laws, and Mr. O'Brien corporations. Senator Milner, of the Birmingham district, was given the chairmanship of the senate finance committee, the place, of all others, which he wanted and for which he is adapted. The Jefferson members are essentially leaders in the assembly.

Senator Sayre, of Montgomery, who has been awarded the chairmanship of the committee on privileges and elections, was the head of the same committee in the house last year. He is one of the youngest and ablest of the senators. The now famous Sayre election law, under which the elections in Alabama this year have been held and about which so much has been said and written, is the product of the distinguished young senator.

Senator Pugh left at noon today for Washington, after having spent a week shaking hands with his Alabama friends. Senator Morgan will, of course, remain through the election of his successor. They have both been cordially received and generously treated by their admiring constituents. Both look well and hearty.

Judge Rice Now.

Montgomery, Ala., November 18.—(Special.)—Dr. Francisco Rice has been appointed by Governor Jones probate judge of Madison county, vice Judge Thomas J. Taylor, deceased. Dr. Rice has until this term been a member of the legislature of Alabama for twenty years. He is a veteran of both the civil and Mexican wars and is a good man in every sense. The office is one of the best in the state and the new judge has friends all over Alabama who will rejoice with him in his good fortune.

Didn't Prove a Mint.

Montgomery, Ala., November 18.—(Special.)—The Southern exposition, which closed yesterday, was a great success, except from a financial standpoint. The patronage appeared to be exceedingly liberal, but the management claims that none but the Montgomery people attended. The farmers lent less support than they have ever done in the past—due, perhaps, to 4½ cent cotton—and for this reason the association lost considerable money. It is announced that only 25 per cent of the premiums will be paid. The winners are kicking vigorously. It is stated that the association gave the Pompeii managers $1,000 per night for their six nights' show and that considerable money was lost on this and other special attractions. Otherwise than from a financial standpoint the fair was a great success, as the exhibits and races were the best ever given to the public by an Alabama fair association.

Secretary Herbert in Alabama.

Montgomery, Ala., November 18.—(Special.)—Secretary Herbert will reach Montgomery tonight from Washington. Tomorrow he will go down to Mobile to attend the christening of the cruiser Montgomery. A large delegation will go from here with the secretary and the occasion will be a big one. Miss Herbert will come with her father, it is reported.

Another Conductor Killed.

Montgomery, Ala., November 18.—(Special.)—A special from Tuscumbia, Ala., says that John Gates, a young conductor on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, fell between two cars of a moving train yesterday afternoon near Hillsboro and was crushed to death. He was an unmarried man and lived with his parents in this city. He was an excellent young man.

ALABAMA CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS

Close of the Fourth Annual Convention at Selma.

Selma, Ala., November 18.—(Special.)—The state convention of the Alabama Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor closed its fourth annual convention in this city today with about seventy-five delegates in attendance. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Fred S. Ball, of Montgomery, president; E. S. Witherby, vice president; Mrs. M. J. Vanhaute, of Birmingham, secretary and treasurer; superintendents, Rev. J. J. Dalton, Selma district; W. P. Taylor, Birmingham district; J. S. Parrenburger, Montgomery district.

It was agreed to call upon the societies to contribute $200 toward state work and over half the amount was pledged. Their next annual convention will be held in Birmingham in May, 1895.

INHALED THE GAS.

During Church Services Several of the Congregation Were Taken Ill.

East Liverpool, O., November 18.—Tonight half a dozen of the congregation of the Second Methodist Episcopal church are in a serious condition, the result of partial asphyxiation from escaping gas, inhaled during the morning service. Last week plumbers were at work in the church and left a defective fitting in the natural gas pipes. The church was well filled this morning. Toward the close of the service several became sick and left the church. No one knew the cause, as the gas is odorless. When Rev. R. F. Sears attempted to step from the pulpit he fell full length. He was carried home. Mrs. Randall and two daughters fell in the aisle and were assisted home. Several others were prostrated and fell at the church door, while every person in the church was more or less seriously affected. Rev. Mr. Sears, Mrs. Randall and her daughters, are not yet out of danger.

MASSACRE OF ARMENIANS.

The Porte Says That Consul Hallward's Report Is Untrue.

London, November 18.—The Daily News correspondent in Constantinople says in a dispatch concerning the massacre of Armenians in the Sassoun district:

"Sir Philip Currie sent Consul Hallward's report on the incidents at Sassoun to the Porte ino rder to indicate the serious nature of the events. The Porte, instead of accepting this in a friendly manner, brusquely denies the facts, asserting that Hallward's report is untrue. It was insinuated or stated outright that he had encouraged the Armenians to revolt. This was, of course, ludicrous and absurd.

"Sir Philip Currie at once informed the foreign minister that he should take steps to verify his assertions. His energy paralyzed The Porte, who on Saturday withdrew the allegations against Hallward. The sultan ordered a committee of three military men and a civilian to make an immediate inquiry. From many sources confirmation of former reports of the massacre have been received. The utmost endeavor have been made to prevent the facts from becoming known. A number of Armenians who fled toward Trebizonde have been ordered to return."

FLIGHT OF A CORRESPONDENT.

He Had Been Scoring the Deputies for Their Inefficiency.

St. Louis, Mo., November 18.—Since the hunt for the Cook gang of desperadoes in the Indian Territory began, three weeks ago, The Evening Chronicle, of this city, has had a staff correspondent in the front line of the chase. In his dispatches he has not hesitated to criticise the two score of deputies who allow a handful of marauders to rough-ride the Indian Territory at will. Tonight he wired The Chronicle that these deputies had sworn to visit personal satisfaction upon him, and acting on the advice of conservative citizens of Muskegee, he left there on a night train. The correspondent says the deputy system is full of startling sensations, and that no really serious attempt will be made by the deputies to capture the outlaws. The situation there today is quiet and pursuit of the Cook gang is practically abandoned. Orderly citizens have given up hope of relief until federal troops arrive, which will be about the middle of the week.

Asking for Troops.

Muskegee, I. T., November 18.—The citizens of Muskegee have today prepared and forwarded to Washington a petition requesting that a company of government troops be stationed at Muskegee. No report has been received from the posse started for the grounds where Bent Cobb left his men shadowing the bandits until recruits arrived. Bill Cook sent word to United States Attorney Jackson that he would visit Muskegee tomorrow with twenty-five good men and raid the town. The citizens armed themselves today and are preparing to give the bandits a warm reception. New men are being placed in the field daily. Mr. Jackson has lost all confidence in the deputies and Indian police and has prepared a telegram to Attorney General Olney. Mr. Jackson will press the request of the citizens. If troops are ordered they will arrive by the middle of this week.

SUICIDE IN NASHVILLE.

Captain Robertson Sends a Ball Through His Brain.

Nashville, Tenn., November 18.—(Special.) Charles Robertson, captain of the Washington Light artillery, committed suicide about 3 o'clock this morning at his father's residence, first shooting himself in the breast and then blowing his brains out with a 45-caliber pistol. He has been on a spree for several weeks. He was forty years old and single.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

BOUNCED THEM.

National Board of Professional Baseball Associations

SUSPEND SOME OF THE MANAGERS

For What They Claim to Be Treachery. Buckenberger, Barnie and Pfeffer Are the Men Debarred.

New York, November 18.—Messrs Byrne, Brush, Hart, Vonderhorst and Young, the committee of the National Baseball League, has made the following report to the national board of professional baseball associations:

"The fundametal principle of the national agreement, as originally drawn and which is now in operation, is a respect for territorial rights. This, in fact, is the cornerstone of the structure. It contemplates and provides the organization of cities into leagues or associations, with one club, and one only, in each city, and a contest between the respective cities for championship absolutely on local pride. The essence of value to a championship is entirely to the city to which the victorious club belongs. Experience has demonstrated that whenever and wherever territorial rights have been invaded and rival clubs established, the element of local pride is absent and interest disappears. This is what makes respect for territorial rights a principle which we must uphold. It is true, nevertheless, and we so declare, that we will gladly welcome and shall encourage the formation of leagues and associations who desire to operate under national agreement and consent to abide by the fundamental principles of that doctrine.

"Today the future of baseball is confronted by a new condition—a condition which in every particular is harmful and in many respects far more dangerous than open dishonesty and flagrant dissipation. That is treachery within the lines. Today, and for months past, we have had men identified with professional baseball, who for yearss, have been the beneficiaries of the game; have received liberal compensation for the work they have done; earned their livelihood entirely and absolutely from the opportunities afforded them by clubs and organizations operating under the national agreement, and we find and now know that these men during this time have persistently been identified with schemes and combinations, the obectjs and sole purposes of which are to weaken and perhaps destroy the splendid fabric of our national game, which it has taken years of effort, anxiety and large outlays of capital to construct.

"Today we have the confidence of the public and the press of the country, in the methods and the integrity of baseball in a larger measure than at any prior period in the history of our national game. It devolves upon us to continue to deserve and return this confidence. We must endeavor to do it. The interests of clubs and professional ball players are identical. One cannot succeed without the other. Success means mutual benefit. The moment any suspicion attaches to baseball and public confidence is lost, or even chilled, the occupation of the ball player is gone. We must all stand or fall together. There is no middle ground. We stand by the fundamental law, our national agreement, which gurantees protection to players as well as to clubs, or we destroy it. One road leads to the perpetuation of the national game, the other to its decline. There should be no place, no standing room in baseball for any anarchstic element, which never aids in building up, but is ever ready to destroy. The board recommends that this element be placed without the pale of our ranks.

"The national board, operating under the national agreement, was created to protect and guard the interests of all players, clubs and associations identified with the agreement. Any attempt to encroach upon that, to nullify or affect any of its provisions, is of direct and material concern to all alike. The obligations of contracts, the right of reserve and the territorial rights of clubs, associations and leagues must be upheld, and shall be at any cost. It is a matter of public rumor, and is also a fact which has come to our knowledge, that men identified with clubs, members of the national agreement, have been cooperating in the formation of clubs or organizations whose purpose is to conflict with the national agreement. In view of this knowledge the national league and American Association of Professional Clubs, in convention assembled, respectfully suggests to and requests the national board to declare A. C. Buckenberger, William Barnie and Fred Pfeffer ineligible to be employed either as manager or player, or in any capacity whatever, by any club or organization operating under the national agreement, and that they be forthwith suspended, such suspension to remain in force until such time as they, or either of them, can satisfy the national board that they have in no way been engaged, directly or indirectly, in the organization of any club, league or association, formed or to be formed, in conflict with the principles of the national agreement; and, in the event of their failure to relieve themselves from this suspension within such time as our board may direct they shall be expelled and forever debarred from any connection with the clubs or organizations identified with the national agreement of professional baseball clubs. We further request that our board take like action in the case of any player, manager, umpire or club, who, in the future, identifies himself with a similar movement."

The national board, consisting of Messrs. Young, Soden and Byrne, makes the following announcement:

"The board has decided to announce, and does declare, that A. C. Buckenberger, William Barnie and Fred Pfeffer are ineligible to be employed either as manager, player or in any other capacity by any club or organization identified with the national agreement, and said persons are hereby declared suspended. This board further declares that such suspension shall remain in force up to and including December 31, 1894, and in the event of the failure of the above named persons, or either of them, on or before the above named date, to show to this board that he or they have been in no way, directly or indirectly, engaged in any attempt to promote the organization of clubs, leagues or associations antagonistic to the national agreement, they shall be expelled and forever debarred from any connection with clubs or organized bodies operating under the national agreement."

SHOT THEIR RELATIVES.

Remarkable Cases Before the Court at Murphy.

Murphy, N. C., November 18.—At the session of Graham superior court just closed there were tried three of the most remarkable cases ever tried in this state. The first case was that of J. S. Gunter for the attempted murder of his brother, J. C. Gunter. Last spring they had a dispute about the division of their father's property. One day J. S. Gunter waylaid his brother, J. C. Gunter, who was coming down the road, and shot him in the right leg and fled, leaving his brother to die on the highway. His brother recovered, but is a cripple for life.

The second case was that of I. B. Sawyer, for killing his brother, John Sawyer. There was an old grudge between the brothers, with a woman mixed up in it somehow. They had a quarrel and I. B. Sawyer shot and immediately killed his brother, John.

The third case was that of Sam Carringer for the murder of his brother-in-law, Bill Grant, last summer. Grant went up to Carringer's house and gave him a severe whipping. Carringer's wife, who is Grant's sister, told him to get his gun and shoot Grant. He got his gun and shot Grant in the back, whereupon Grant turned and shot at Carringer, but the load hit his sister, who stepped before her husband, killing her instantly. In a few minutes Grant also expired. Carringer was tried for murder.

These three murder cases are the more remarkable on account of the relationship of the parties concerned.

SCORED THE POLITICIANS.

Rev. Mr. Williams Says the Recent Savannah Election Was Shameful.

Savannah, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Rev. A. M. Williams, of Wesley Monumental church, dealt with the politicians today with gloves off. His subejct was "Honesty—Personal and Political," and he took occasion to pay his respects to the politicians without calling any names. He referred to the recent congressional election in this county as a shame and a disgrace, stating that he had seen a negro repeater carried from box to box by two apparently respectable white men. He then took up the city politicians and scored them for the use of large sums of money in the conduct of their campaigns. He said, in effect, that the use of money in paying the taxes of voters was as evil and pernicious in its influence in its influence as the buying of votes and that it was just as much a consideration for a vote as the giving of so much money. He was appalled, he said, by the statements of the large sum of money that would be required by the candidates to conduct the city campaign.

In this connection it may be said that the politicians of the Citizens' Club have told their candidate, whoever he will be, that it will require $10,000 to conduct the campaign in his behalf. Rev. Mr. Williams said that this was an investment and intimated that the successful candidate would look to the power his office gives him or to the people he was expected to serve in order to get his dividends.

HIS FAREWELL SERMON.

Rev. Samuel R. Belk Bids Farewell to His Congregation.

Gainesville, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) Rev. Samuel R. Belk, pastor of the First Methodist church, preached his farewell sermon here today to a crowded house. His text was Ezekiel xxxii, 2: "Say unto them, As I live, saith the Lord God, I have no pleasure in the death of the wicked; but that the wicked turn from his way and live: turn ye, turn ye from your evil ways; for why will ye die, O house of Israel?"

He preached a magnificent sermon full of beautiful thought and imagery expressed in chaste, polished and forceful language.

Mr. Belk has been stationed here for the past two years and is a universal favorite with all classes of our citizens and the announcement that he will be returned to his work here will be hailed with delight by all.

COBB COUNTY POPULISTS

Nominate a Ticket for County Offices. Democratic Primary Ordered.

Marietta, Ga., November 18—(Special.)—The populists held a mass meeting here yesterday in the courthouse for the purpose of nominating a ticket for county offices. The following were nominated: W. G. Blankenship, for clerk of the superior court; Seawright Lindley, for sheriff; L. Green, for deputy sheriff; T. J. Hardage, for tax collector; Sam Mayes, for tax receiver; J. P. Runyan, for surveyor; C. L. Allen, for coroner.

This is the first time the populists have ever put out a ticket for these offices. A large crowd was in the courthouse and about an hour and a half consumed in the deliberations. The democrats will hold a primary election on Saturday, November 24th, to put out a ticket for the same offices. In this contest between the two parties for local offices it can only be predicted that a lively time will be had.

ATTACKED BY A BEAR.

A Trainer of Wild Animals Badly Wounded.

Columbia, S. C., November 18.—(Special)—In Wombwell's menagerie showing at the state fair here a grizzly bear, a German boarhound and a wolf are confined in the same cage. Andrew Rudolph Canoz is training the hound to mount and ride the bear. When he entered the cage the other day the bear was ugly and the hound was reluctant to mount. Suddenly the grizzly snapped at the hound and missed him, but caught Canoz's leg. In another instant the man was down and would have been torn to pieces, but the wolf came to the rescue and attacked bruin savagely, in which he was joined by the hound. Together they gave the bear a good trouncing and meantime Canoz was jerked from the cage by persons outside. Canoz's leg is badly lacerated, but he is expected to recover.

Attempt to Effect a Compromise.

Savannah, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—The latest in city politics is the attempt of the Schwarz faction to effect a compromise by which the ex-mayor and Mr. Herman Myers are to come down and have the club put Dr. William Duncan in the field. Mr. Myers's friends say he will not agree to this and it looks very much like he will be the nominee. There is a strong influence being brought to bear, however, to get Dr. Duncan in the field.

Gave Notice of Contest.

Raleigh, N. C., November 18.—(Special.)—Yesterday Charles H. Martin, fusion nominee for congress in the sixth district, notified James S. Lockhart, democrat, that he would contest the latter's seat on the grounds of various and manifest frauds in the late election.



A Peculiar Case

Periodic Attacks of Neuralgia in the Eyes.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"I write to say that I have been a sufferer for four years with neuralgia in the eyes. The pains were very severe at night, causing me to suffer winter and summer alike. Sometimes a month would lapse between spells, then I would be

Troubled Every Week,

especially if I was up at night. I am a man of regular habits, 42 years of age, and employed for the past seven years by Heath, Springs & Co., well-known merchants and bankers of this place and Camden. I bought a supply of Hood's Sarsaparilla, used four bottles and believe I am cured." W. J. LONG, Lancaster, South Carolina.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

A WARD PRIMARY.

Two Candidates for Council from the First Ward of Augusta.

THIS IS THE ONLY OPPOSITION

In the Municipal Election—Criminal Docket to Be Taken Up in Richmond Superior Court.

Augusta, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—The only opposition in the municipal election which will occur on the first Wednesday in December will be for member of council from the first ward, and that contest will be decided at a primary. The two candidates are Messrs. William Schweigert and Thomas M. Philpot. Both are merchants and either would fill the office most acceptably. The democrats of the ward have come together and decided to settle the race by a primary. Each of the candidates has appointed a committee of three to arrange for the holding of the primary. Mr. Schweigert's friends are Messrs. Paul Mustin, John Jay Cohen, M. Gehiken. Mr. Philpot has named as his friends on the committee Messrs. Frank A. Calhoun, George Murphy and Joe Summerall. The committee will meet tomorrow and decide on the day, time, place and manner of holding the primary. It is intended to only allow white registered democrats to vote. This is going to be a hot fight, as both citizens are popular and being strongly backed by their friends.

Superior Court.

The criminal docket will be taken up in the superior court by Judge Henry C. Roney tomorrow morning. There are two murder cases to be tried, and they will be the first disposed of. The first is the case of Mr. Robert L. Paschal, the young man who, on the night of the 5th of this month, shot and instantly killed Mr. States Sims on Broad street. Paschal was mad with Sims because he had taken his job as barkeeper at Cobb's saloon. Paschal had been sick and laid off from work several weeks and Cobb hired Sims in Paschal's place and when Paschal recovered and went to get his job back he was put off from day to day by Cobb, who, it seems, did not want to displace Sims for Paschal. That got Paschal wrought up and he got to drinking and went to Cobb's bar and there the killing occurred.

The other case is that of Ed Harper, who, on the night of the 25th of last September, beat Gus Harris to death with a club over the head fracturing his skull. Harris and Harper were flying around the same girl and jealousy seems to have caused the difficulty.

Jubilee and Carnival.

A grand jubilee and carnival is being arranged to be held in Augusta next month. It will be a musical festical in which half a thousand vocal and instrumental musicians will participate. It will be a mammoth celebration to attract visitors here from all parts of the south.

Excursions will be run on all the roads and the carnival is being calculated upon as being the greatest attraction ever got up in Augusta and will be held on a grander and larger scale than anything of the kind ever attempted in this section.

The committee of citizens who have the matter in charge will meet tomorrow to perfect arrangements.

St. John's Church.

Grand, historic old St. John's church, which has been closed for several months, and whose interior has been thoroughly remodeled and neatly painted was reopened this morning. An elegant steel ceiling has been put in, the unsightly galleries have been removed and the spacious auditorium is brilliantly lighted with electric lights. The arch over the organ recess and the front of the organ are thickly studded with miniature incandescent lights. Two elegant memorial windows are ordered, which will add much to the handsome appearance of the church. A reunion of all the Methodist churches in the city was held in St. John's tonight.

Boys Wanted.

Mr. Lawton B. Evans, superintendent of the Richmond county public schools, has received a letter from Dr. Hopkins, of Atlanta, president of the State Technological school, in which he asks for more pupils from this county. He writes Richmond is far behind the quota of students which is allowed to her. Attention will be given Dr. Hopkins's letter and possibly several young men will be sent from here to the institute.

Dogs for General Hampton.

Yesterday three crates of English fox hounds, consigned to General Wade Hampton, at Columbia, S. C., passed through Augusta from Port Royal. The dogs came to Port Royal on a Liverpool steamer. They were certainly fine specimens of the English fox hounds and were probably the gift of some admirer of the grand old hero.

Personal Notes.

Senator and Mrs. Patrick Walsh left yesterday on a week's visit to Washington, New York and Norfolk.

Mrs. Albert Howell and Mrs. Clark Howell are in Augusta to attend the Martin-Fleming wedding on Tuesday.

Bishop Keener, of the Methodist church of the south, is in Augusta visiting Mr. Charles G. Goodrich.

An event of great interest in Augusta this week will be the marriage on Tuesday evening of Mr. William Martin and Miss Mary Lou Fleming at the home of the bride's mother. There will be only the bridal party, the two families and a few friends present at the ceremony, but it will be followed by a large reception to all the friends of this popular couple.

Miss Kate Waites, of Columbia, is visiting Mrs. Alice Williams.

Miss Hattie Phinizy has gone to Athens to attend the wedding of her cousin, Miss Pauline Harris, which occurs there this week.

Miss Bessie Walker is coming from Macon to attend Miss Mary Lou Fleming's wedding.

Miss Julia Clarke, of Atlanta, is visiting Miss Addie Moore. She will be an attendant at the Martin-Fleming wedding.

The Georgia university boys, who shut the Augusta football team out yesterday, after rejoicing over their great victory, returned to Athens this afternoon.

Cut in Coal Prices.

Philadelphia, Pa., November 18.—Coxe Bros. & Co., the coal producers and shippers, yesterday announced a cut of 40 cents a ton on coal to local consumers. Agents of the firm made a thorough canvass of the retail dealers, offering to sell egg and chestnut coal at $1.90 at the mines, and stove coal at $2. The prices were at once met by Stickney & Coyngham, sales agents for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, who declared that they would sell at these prices and even lower if Coxe Bros. & Co., or any other shipper, made a lower offer. The Reading and Lehigh Valley companies did not meet the cut.

A Wheel Turning.

Americus, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—The Americus Cycling Association has arranged for a big meet on Thanksgiving day.

They have a splendid programme and some very handsome and valuable prizes. Among the latter are a gold watch, a pair of Columbia racing tires, a pair of Hutis tires and rim, a set of Victor tennis rackets, gold medals and twenty other prizes.

Some of the best riders in the south will be here. The track is a good quarter-mile and is in fine condition. Some extra fast time is expected to be made.

A NEGRO MOB

Surrounds a Kansas Jail to Prevent a Lynching.

Atchison, Kan., November 18.—The negroes armed themselves early this morning to prevent the threatened lynching of the negro Collins, the suspected rapist. Soon after 2 o'clock this morning Police Sergeant Donahue found about fifty negroes armed with shotguns and revolvers in an alley back of Banker Clarke's residence. He ordered them to disperse, but they refused to obey and defied him to arrest them. With augmented force this crowd soon surrounded the jail, shouting that Collins should not be lynched. The sheriff also went to the jail with a strong force. At daylight the mob dispersed.

The talk of lynching is frequently heard, but no mobs have gathered with such an intention.

SOME LADIES THINK

It necessary to pay $5.00 for a Shoe in order to get a nice article. This is wrong. We will sell you for

$3.50

a handsome, STYLISH SHOE, any style toe or heel, Cloth or Leather top, hand sewed, turns or welts, in fact, all the style possible to put in for $5.00; our price

$3.50.

Byck BROS. & CO.

Footcoverers to all Mankind. 27 Whitehall.

Magic Lanterns.

We do not expect to make any money on our child's department from now on, during this season, but to help close the Suits and Overcoats out we have decided to give a magic lantern at the value of $1.50 with each bill of $5 made in this department. We do this to please the children. To please the parents we will give the best values in Children's Suits and Overcoats ever sold in Atlanta. Our line was built for business and each garment is guaranteed.

Don't fail to see our heavy Cheviot Business Suits at $15. They are nice blue and black suits, the slightly rough surface of twilled cheviots being great wear resisters. We candidly think these the best values ever offered to the buying public in Atlanta. Would like to get your opinion of them.

STEWART COLE & CALLAWAY

26 Whitehall St.

SHIELDED BY HIS VICTIM.

Mrs. Jack Invents a Story to Save Her Brother-in-Law.

Sharon, Pa., November 18.—The mystery surrounding the recent assault on Mrs. John Jack, of Kilgore, has been partly solved by the confession of Emerson Osborne, a prominent member of Sanday Lake United Presbyterian church. Mrs. Jack, about three weeks ago, disappeared from her home and was found three days later in a hollow log, half dead. She said she had attempted to take her own life by beating her head with a stone.

This did not satisfy the authorities and they arrested Osborne. Yesterday he broke down and confessed all, saying that he made the assault, and thinking Mrs. Jack was dead, had placed her in the log to cover up his crime. Osborne is a brother-in-law of Mrs. Jack, and, it is alleged, she is making every effort to shield him. Her object in so doing cannot be surmised, unless it be a desire to save the family from disgrace through further investigation and publication of the outrage. Mrs. Jack is the daughter of ex-Sheriff Fleming Smith, and all parties are prominently connected.

Financially Embarrassed.

Macon, Ga., November 18.—Reports from Dawson announce the financial embarrassment of J. R. Mercer & Co., dealers in fertilizers and farmers' supplies. The firm has been regarded as one of the stongest in southwest Georgia. The liabilities are said to foot up something like $100,000. A meeting of the creditors will be held in Macon on Friday.

Fire at Milner.

Milner, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Just before daylight this morning the storehouse belonging to Dr. A. M. Speer was discovered to be on fire. It, with his stock of drugs, books, papers, etc., and a stock of groceries belonging to Mr. B. F. Willis, were entirely consumed. Dr. Speer had no insurance either on the building or stock of medicine.

Mr. Willis was more fortunate, having insurance amounting to $300 on a stock of about $500. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Her Dress Caught Fire.

Gadsden, Ala., November 18.—(Special.)—Miss Agnes Wimple, of Attalla, was standing near the fire in the public schoolhouse room yesterday when her dress caught fire and only the heroism of her teacher saved her.

A Costly Smoke.

Gadsden, Ala., November 18.—(Special.)—A farmer came to town yesterday with three bales of cotton. He thought he would smoke a cigarette. His cotton caught fire and the three bales went up in smoke.

Potatoes in Close Quarters.

Americus, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—A negro woman living on Hampton street planted a potato vine in a box on the porch last spring, to keep off the rays of the sun. It made a splendid shade and yesterday she found a peck of potatoes in the box.

This Is Odd.

Tate, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—On the federal road that leads from Tate, just seven miles from Jasper, at this season of the year, you can see the courthouse at Jasper and other buildings plain. One day last week, with the aid of spyglass, people could be seen on the streets of Jasper, seven miles distant.

He Will Recover.

Dahlonega, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) Mr. Jess Satterfield, who was injured in the row election day is still confined to his bed undergoing much suffering. The attending physician thinks he will recover.

A Monster Owl.

Lithonia, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Mr. T. J. Poole killed an owl last week that measured four feet four inches from tip to tip. He shot it with a Colt's repeater at a distance of between fifty and sixty yards.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Why These Tears?

Editor Constitution—I read your editorial on Mr. Carlisle's humiliation before President Cleveland, and I have also read the latter's statement declaring perfect harmony between himself and his secretary of the treasury.

Let us do Mr. Carlisle justice—but I pray you take the facts to judge from and leave out your sympathy for a supposed southern man in the cabinet.

While it is true that Mr. Carlisle was elected to congress as a southern man, by southern democratic voters, his oath, when seated, shows his utter indifference to the south and its affiliations. He took the ironclad oath, attesting before God and man that he "never gave aid or sympathy to the rebellion, by word, thought or deed."

If he had been able to gull the republican party as he did the democracy of Kentucky, he would have been their candidate from the beginning, without doubt.

We have wasted tons of precious sympathy in times past upon politicians who use the south for obvious purposes. Let us get down to business now, and let every tub stand on its own bottom.

It has long been understood that the great whisky ring of Kentucky elected John G. Carlisle to congress, and has kept him in position for its own safety from that time until the present. It is not necessary to go to Kentucky to find out where his interest is engaged. It is also not likely that he will fall out with his boss, so long as he can draw $8,000 per annum and serve the people who first elected him. The whole truth is being uncovered. Mr. Cleveland was elected to issue bonds—and he selected his cabinet as a "set of clerks," to record his actions, not to oppose them. Face the music, Mr. Editor! The south has been fooled into the hands of its enemies. An enormous debt has thus been fastened upon the United States, and the people are helpless. DISGUSTED GEORGIAN.

His Skull Was Crushed.

Gadsden, Ala., November 18.—(Special.)—John J. Walls, Jr., aged nineteen years, of Grant, Marshall county, happened to an accident Thursday that caused his death. He was driving the mules at his grandfather's gin when, in some manner, he got his head caught between the sills of the gin and the drive wheel, which crushed his head into a shapeless mass, causing instant death.

Sugar Boiling.

Valdosta, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—The heavy frost on the cane has forced the sugar boiling; all the farmers everywhere who can get at it are busy.

A Probable Candidate.

Cochran, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—The name of B. C. Joiner has been mentioned by a number of our citizens as the next mayor of Cochran.

A KNOTTY POINT.

The Academy of Science Unable to Decide Why a Cat Falls on Its Feet.

From the European Edition of The World.

It is popularly believed that until the days of Sir Isaac Newton no one could satisfactorily explain why an apple falls off a tree. Newton, however, failed to discover one thing—why a cat, if thrown into the air or falling from a height, in no matter what position, always reaches the ground feet downward. This important question is now occupying the attention of the French Academy of Science.

The discussion was initiated by a paper by M. Marey, who laid before his colleagues sixty instantaneous photographs of a falling cat in different stages of descent from a height of about four feet. In the first the animal appears paws upward, and then, by a series of convulsive movements gradually turning over, until it touches the ground with all four feet simultaneously, and runs off with erect tail. Mr. Marey considers that the turn of the animal on its axis, so to speak, is complete before it has fallen a yard.

The difficulty with which the learned academicians have to contend is that the cat is subject to the same inconvenience as was Archimedes when he wanted to move the world. It has no fulcrum. But unlike Archimedes, it gets there all the same. M. Marcel Deprez holds that no body can turn over in midair without some impelling force. Mme. Leowy, Maurice Levy and Milne-Edwards, Bartrand and Berthelot consider that the cat derives its rotary force from the hand which throws it up or the object which causes it to fall.

M. Marey could find no sign of such a process in the photographs, but in order to settle the question a cat is to be launched from a string cut at a given moment, so that no impulse can be possible.

THINK

get a nice article.

Cloth or Leathe,
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LLAWAY

M THE PEOPLE.

MACON'S BIG FIRE.

Burning of the Southern Phosphate Works Yesterday Morning.

THE LOSS AMOUNTS TO NEARLY $150,000

The Works Will Be Rebuilt as Soon as the Insurance Is Adjusted—A Beautiful Church Building.

Macon, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—The largest fire that Macon has had in years occurred at 1 o'clock this morning, in which the Southern phosphate works, located in Tybee, a suburb on the southern limits, was a total loss.

At 12:30 o'clock Theodore Nottingham, the nightwatchman, made his rounds and found everything all right. On his 1 o'clock round he found flames breaking through the floor in the mill building. A small hose was brought into use, but as there were only two men at the mill, the fire soon got under such headway that it could not be controlled. Superintendent W. W. Frank was telephoned at the Park hotel, and an alarm of fire was sent in. Chief Jones and the entire department responded, but as the plant was one block outside the city limits, no aid could be given.

Thousands of people were attracted by the big blaze and until after daylight this morning crowds were about the scene.

The Southern phosphate works is one of the largest industries of Macon. It gives employment to 150 men. Its buildings were a four-story mill building 356x125 feet, acid chamber, three stories, 300x40 feet and a storage building 100x50 feet, all of which, with their contents, were lost. The buildings were constructed of brick and wood.

The acid chamber caught from the mill and 300,000 pounds of melted lead and 1,000,000 pounds of sulphuric acid streamed down the slope upon which the plant was located into a swamp, a quarter of a mile away.

The ruins are burning tonight, and all day large crowds have been around the devastated spot.

The officers of the Southern phosphate works are Colonel Thomas Henley, president; Mr. George B. Jewett, vice president; Mr. R. J. Taylor, treasurer and general manager; Mr. J. J. Jelks, secretary, and Mr. W. W. Frank, superintendent. These gentlemen are the principal stockholders and the company has a paid up capital of $143,000. Tonight they cannot say exactly what their loss is, but it will be between $125,000 and $140,000. They have $90,000 insurance in every company represented in Macon. It is placed with these local agencies: George Jewett, Plant & Hurt, Turpin & Sons, E. P. Willingham, Walker & Wise, Collins & Bratlier, Cobb, Cabaniss & Cobb, and the Macon Fire Insurance Company.

Will Rebuild.

The insurance adjusters will be here tomorrow and as soon as the loss can be settled the company will begin rebuilding. Buildings about the same size will be erected. Temporary sheds will be put up tomorrow over the 8,000 tons of phosphate now exposed.

The burning is a great loss to the mill men, coming at this time, when they were just about to begin sending out phosphate to supply next years' trade.

Investigation today failed to give any clue to the origin of the fire. The point at which it was first discovered is not near the boiler rooms and no fire had been in that part of the building.

Reopening of a Handsome Church.

The bright weather today was favorable to the reopening of the St. Alonzo Mouls's splendid Mulberry street Methodist church, which has been closed since last June, on account of extensive improvements being made. More than 1,300 people packed into the grand edifice. Chairs were placed in all the aisles and then hundreds of people were turned away. Dr. Mouls's text was Luke xx, 25: "And he said unto them, Render therefore unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's, and unto God the things which be God's."

From these words he preached a most impressive sermon, speaking of the magnificent place the members now had in which to worship God. Exclafations of delight were heard on all sides as the churchgoers entered. In the choir gallery is the beautiful new Pilcher organ, which came to Macon in 5,000 parts and cost the church $1,500. The organ is said by musicians to be the sweetest toned in the south.

About the altar are blue plush kneeling cushions and the double action doors, and the windows are of chip plate, bevel-edge glass.

It was the great need for Sunday school quarters that caused the trustees first to consider the advisability of making improvements and additions to the building. While the ideas embraced in the annex building are somewhat novel, yet a brief description of the results attained will convince the public that it would be difficult to conceive a better scheme for a Sunday school room. This room is half octagonal, around the walls of which are arranged sixteen classrooms, which may be opened into one large auditorium at short notice by means of large glass panels raising and lowering from the floor. The chairs in the court are folding and easily removable, so that the room may be used for any other desirable purpose.

The superintendent's rostrum is located equi-distant from every point of the wall, so that no member of his audience is ever at a disadvantage.

The classrooms all have separate and independent lighting and heating arrangements.

The choir is equipped with a full string orchestra and a baby grand piano. The orchestra comprises twelve pieces. Ample ventilating flues run from the floor to the top of the battlement-like walls of the building.

Separate infant apartments and numerous blackboards give an idea of the great care used in arranging the details of this beautiful new church edifice.

The second floor is fitted out with comfortable settees, one on each tier of the rising floor, and the rooms are divided as they are downstairs, with the exception that the glass panels close into the walls.

Fifty-six electric lights afford brilliant illumination for this part of the building. From a unique combination answering for a skylight and ventilator pends the beautiful chandelier, containing a large cluster of lights.

Under the new arrangement the building has been fitted up with all conveniencies, such as toilet rooms, with large mirrors, wash basins, combs, brushes, etc.

Big Collection.

After the service this morning Dr. Monk had the baskets passed for conference money and the result was a collection of $872.

New Library President.

A week ago Colonel Robert Nesbit was elected president of the Macon public library. On account of his business connection it was impossible for him to serve, so the directors met again today and elected Mr. O. P. Willingham to the office. He is an enterprising gentleman who always manifests an interest in library matters and the institution will surely prosper under his charge.

News Arrangements.

General Passenger Agent J. C. Haile, Traffic Manager W. L. Shellman, of the Central, and Captain W. M. Davidson, general passenger agent of the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad, were here last night on an important mission. They were here conferring with the Georgia Southern and Florida people, and a deal was perfected by which a new through sleeper line has been established and the cars will be put on next Saturday. Heretofore the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad has been sending its cars into Jacksonville over the Florida Central and Peninsular, by way of Lake City, but yesterday the Florida Central and Peninsular went into a deal with the Southern railway, handling its cars from Everett City to Jacksonville, and, of course, competing lines would not run over the same track. The result was that by the new deal the St. Louis sleeper will come over the Central from Atlanta and thence from Macon to Tifton over the Georgia Southern and Florida, and from that place to Jacksonville over the Savannah, Florida and Western.

The Nashville sleeper will go the same route, giving a double daily sleeper service between Jacksonville and Macon, over a direct line. This news only leaked out here this afternoon, and the traveling public is pleased with the new arrangement.

Six True Bills Against Putzel.

The Bibb county grand jury took up the matter of Mr. Putzel employing children in his beer garden at the Dixie fair and last night six true bills were returned against him. One charges him with selling whisky on Sunday, while the other five are for employing minor girls to sling booze.

Dr. Monk, of the Mulberry Street Methodist church, first called the attention of the people to this wrong and from his pulpit offered to take two of the girls out of the beer garden and to secure homes for others. This was done.

Short News Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. Badgeley, of Albany, N. Y., are in Macon, the guests of Colonel S. S. Dunlap.

Colonel Robert H. Plant returned last night from New York, where he was the guest of Mayor-elect Strong for a week. Colonel Plant and the mayor-elect are very close friends.

Proprietor Jack Clancey, of the Park hotel, spent today in Atlanta.

District Attorney Gary, who is now attending United States court here, went to his home in Augusta yesterday afternoon. He will return tomorrow afternoon.

Mr. Lee Lytle, of Columbus, is among the Sunday visitors to Macon.

Plans are being perfected to lay the corner stone of the new Vineville Methodist church Thanksgiving day.

Rev. Dr. Rowe, president of Wesleyan Female college, preached to a large congregation at the Presbyterian church this morning in the absence of Dr. Jennings, who is preaching in Louisville, Ky., today.

General Passenger Agent MacDonald, of the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad, left today for New Orleans, to attend a meeting of passenger men to fix division rates for 1895.

The following invitation has been issued and the young people anticipate with much pleasure the reception on Tuesday evening: "Mrs. A. J. Orr will be pleased to receive you on Tuesday, November 20th, from 8:30 to 11:30 p. m., in honor of her guests, Misses Cochran, Charlotte, N. C. No. 821 Cherry street. R. S. V. P." This is the first time Mrs. Orr's charming home has been opened to the unmarried set of society, and it is needless to say that with so charming a hostess the success of her entertainment is already assured.

A MAD DOG

Causes Great Excitement in Several Neighborhoods.

Ashburn, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Quite an excitement is prevailing in the Odom settlement near Warwick, over the result and the expected result of a mad dog.

When Mr. Lee Odom was on his way from Isabella court two weeks ago he found a very pretty little fice dog down by the water at Abram's creek and stepped to get it. The dog bit him several times, but he carried it along home for his children to play with, two of whom it bit also. It soon bit another dog and two cows. Suspicion of hydrophobia arose and both dogs were killed.

On Tuesday of this week the first cow bitten was seen in the woods with movements which were nowise attractive. On returning home Mr. Sam S. Story, who lives on the William Johnson plantation also, found his best milch cow foaming at the mouth, pawing the ground and lowing herself to death. When the people went about her she went viciously toward them, tore through a fence and when they ran in the house she ran against it with great force. She could not be quieted and was shot.

Now, the great fear is that hydrophobia will break out on Mr. Odom and his children. In view of this, Mr. Story has moved off of that place for his children to be out of danger if the fatal day should come. Excitement is running high and developments are watched for with much uneasiness. Mr. Odom has cause to feel exceedingly nervous.

CAPTURED THE MURDERER.

Who Killed the Marshal of Parrott, Ga.—Good Detective Work.

Albany, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—From Mr. Perry Cocke, of Lee county, who was in the city today, your correspondent learned of the arrest of Jules Spikes, the negro who, over two years ago, shot down, in cold blood, Marshal Lee Huff, of Parrott, Ga. Huff was the father-in-law of Cocke, and for over two years the latter has been steadily following up the trail of the murderer, in person and through the agency of detectives, until finally he was run down in Texas. Spikes left Texas about three days ago in charge of officers, and it is possible he has already reached the scene of his dastardly crime, where he will undergo trial.

Notes from Calhoun County.

Arlington, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Mr. J. W. Alevander, Early county's popular and efficient clerk of the superior court, has no opposition for the democratic nomination in his county. The "boys" who have their hearts set on "Jim Aleck's" job have about concluded that he is invincible before the people, and consequently he has a walkover for re-election, despite the third party sideshow.

The juries for the December term of Calhoun superior court are the same ones drawn for the June term, which was not held.

The third party will hardly have the temerity to put up candidates for county officers in Calhoun county, after the two recent "lay-outs" they have got at the hands of democracy. It would be "love's labor's lost."

News from Berrien.

Tifton, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Berrien county's vote for congressman was: Russell, 1,103; Smith, 266; Russell's majority, 837. According to their own argument the populists' cause is waning in this good old democratic county.

It can be safely stated that there will be larger provision and smaller cotton crops planted in Berrien county in 1895; the people are certainly convinced that any other policy will ruin them financially.

The fourth quarterly conference, for the Adel circuit, 1894, will be held with the Cecil Methodist church on the first Saturday and Sunday in December. A full attendance of the official members of the conference is expected.

Harvesting sweet potatoes and boiling sugar and syrup are receiving attention from the average Berrien county farmer just now. Both are entertaining occupations, and furnish much enjoyment for the young people about—candy pulling time.

He Still Lives.

Blakely, Ga., November 18.—(Suecial.)—Bob Hunter, an old negro preacher, of Americus, who was taken, a few days ago, from a house in Blakely, at night, by a gang of white and black town toughs, who beat and shot him, is not dead. Under the protection of some plucky white friends, he has been going the political rounds in Early county this week, pointing his finger at his would-be slayers, saying, "you did it."

A New Enterprise.

Valdosta, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Valdosta will probably have a pork packing factory. There is no definite decision yet in the matter, but if certain conditions can be met the project will soon be on its feet. Mr. B. W. Bentley and other energetic gentlemen are interested in the new concern. They are ready to put in the plant, fitted out in complete shape and prepare for the market all forms of hog meat, dressed, cured, etc. They are well equipped at the start, being able to run the pork packing place in connection with the ice factory, near which it would be located. The chief condition necessary to guarantee the starting of the industry is that 1,000 hogs be secured. The first season will be an experiment and the number of porkers named must be definitely obtained.

The Heathen Chinee

Is not a beauty. No more are you when your complexion has an orange tint. That means that you are bilious, a fact further evinced by discomfort on the right side, sick headache, vertigo, nausea and furred tongue. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will take the bile out of your blood, regulate your bowels, set your stomach in good working order—in two words, cure you. Use it and cease to be yellow. It cures malarial, rheumatic and kidney trouble.

TO TALK TO ATHENS

Arrangements Being Perfected for Telephone Connection

BETWEEN ATHENS AND THE GATE CITY

College Boys Pay for the Dummy of an Indian Maiden They Put in a Bonfire—Illness of a Student.

Athens, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—The prospect is most assuring for telephonic connection of Athens with Atlanta.

Manager H. C. Conway, of the Athens Telephone Exchange, in talking with your correspondent, said that he had already received the bill of materials for the construction of a telephone line from Atlanta to Athens and that he would go up to Atlanta in a few days to complete all necessary arrangements for the construction of the line.

It is more than probable that this new enterprise will be started in a few weeks and upon its completion Athenians can walk up to the 'phone and call up Atlanta with all ease and convenience.

The construction of the telephone from Athens to Atlanta will be a great convenience and saving to citizens of both places as there is a strong business connection between the two cities.

Paid for the Indian.

A few nights since the college boys in the exhilration of the moment upon hearing of the football victory over the South Carolina eleven, seized upon various inflammable articles and built a bonfire.

Among the other articles seized and consigned to the flames was an ancient Indian maiden that stood guard at the door of John Crawford & Co.'s drug store.

This raised a rumpus, and cases were docketed against some of the boys for destroying private property.

The University Athletic Association met yesterday and raised $10 to pay for the damage done in burning the Indian maid. The cases in court now will probably be dropped as restitution has been made.

Mr. Baxter Dangerously Ill.

Mr. Richard Baxter, of Sparta, who is in attendance upon the University of Georgia, is very dangerously ill with neuralgia of the stomach. He resides at Mrs. M. A. Stovall's home on Milledge avenue, and is one of the most popular young men in college. So critical is his case that his father has been telegraphed to come at once to his bedside.

Corn in Lumpkin County.

Dahlonega, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) There has been abundance of corn made in Lumpkin this year. Even the farmers residing near the foot of the mountain have made from two to three hundred bushels. Mr. G. M. D. Lance has just cribbed three hundred bushels. Mr. J. A. Berry made 150 bushels from six acres. He has added to his force J. S. Chester, who has been with Mr. John Simmons for the last five years. Chester is a good worker and next year we may expect to hear of Mr. Berry making a still larger yield of corn.

A Probable Extension.

Valdosta, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—There are rumors floating around in regard to the probable extension of the Columbus Southern railroad from Albany to Jacksonville via Valdosta, but there is not enough definiteness about it as yet to warrant putting any great store upon these rumors. It is altogether probable that this line will be built some day, but how soon no one can tell now. The company probably has no definite plans about it as yet.

Ballot Reform Needed There.

Dahlonega, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) During the recent election it is said that the managers at a certain precinct indulged in the "high bead" pretty freely in this county. Two of them got drunk while the third one drank until his eyes shined like a newly varnished buggy. During the day their tongues became dry and they set the hat down which was used as a ballot box containing all the ballots cast, and went off into the woods to get something stimulating so as to bring about that joyful feeling once more. After remaining off awhile they returned and resumed business. Could the Australian ballot system be any improvement on this?

The Boss Potato.

Bainbridge, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) Mr. M. C. Stegal; shows the boss potato of the season. It grew near this city and tipped the beam at seven and one-quarter pounds and was of the variety known as the Parrot yam. He says he gathered 100 bushels from the same acre this grew upon and left many in the ground for his pork hogs.

Fall Sugarcane.

Blakely, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Mr. J. T. Hudspeth recently displayed three sample stalks of sugarcane, taken from his present large crop. His cane is so long this year that before he could begin grinding on the same mill which he had used heretofore he had to make a longer "lever" to keep his mules from stepping on the free ends of the stalks while the others were between the rollers.

The Quilt Goes.

Lawtonville, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) The autographic quilt made by the ladies to raise money for the church was put up to the highest bidder. Mr. Harry Chew acted as auctioneer. The quilt was bought by Mr. Mack Redd for $12.25. The total amount that has been raised on the quilt was about $70.

A Broken Arm.

Sylvester, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Mr. J. J. Hall, one of the most sterling and industrious young farmers in the fourth district, had the misfortune to get his right arm broken between the wrist and elbow last Thursday. His horse ran away with a wagon, badly damaging it, and throwing him out and breaking his arm.

A Valuable Work.

A work of great interest and value recently issued is entitled "The United States of America," a study of the American commonwealth in its natural resources, people, industries, manufactures, commerce, and its work in literature, science, education, and self-government. It is edited by Professor N. S. Shaler, the distinguished professor of geology at Harvard and dean of the Lawrence Scientific school, and its corps of contributors includes some of the best-known writers and specialists in the country. The work is published by D. Appleton & Co., in two large, handsome volumes, profusely illustrated, and sold only by subscription. On topics touching the physical, geographical and agricultural interests of the United States. Professor Shaler himself furnishes the monographs, including an opening one on "The Continent and the Reasons for Its Fitness to Be the Home of a Great People." Other practical subjects are Major Powell's chapter on "The North American Indians," Colonel Dodge's "Our Military Resources," A. E. Kennelly's "Typical American Inventions," Edward Atkinson's "Productive Industry," George E. Waring, Jr.'s "Our Cities," and Dr. W. T. Harris's "Education in the United States." Dr. Gilman, of Johns Hopkins describes "Science in America," John B. McAlaster and Congressman Wilson discuss local and national organization and government. Dr. Lyman Abbott writes of "The Place of the Individual in American Society;" American literature, art and architecture are in the competent hands of Mr. Warner, F. D. Millet and Henry Van Brunt. The papers of these and other specialists, students and authorities unite to give the reader a panoramic view of the powers and possibilities of the nation. Professor Shaler, in a final chapter, by way of summary, states his conviction that "our citizens are more inclined than those of any other country to look forward and to shape their action with reference to the time to come." He thinks, therefore, that the proper American attitude is one of expectation and hope, and while conscious of our weakness and present perils, sees in our "wonderful spectacle of national development," material, mental and moral, the brightest of auguries for the future.

This work is, in itself, a perfect library of information, and any intelligent citizen should have it on his book shelves.

The Conviction of the Whitecappers.

From The Ellijay Courier.

Elsewhere in this issue we devote considerable space to reporting the trials of the whitecaps and other cases set for the adjourned term of Gilmer superior court last week, but we desire to more particularly speak of the part taken by the very able and brilliant solicitor general of this circuit and also the firmness and impartiality shown by Judge Gober in the trials of these important and exciting cases in which so much interest was manifested.

The defense was ably represented by Hon. A. S. Clay, of Marrietta; Jones and Martin, of Dalton, and the entire local bar, who left no stone unturned to secure an acquittal for their clients, but Solicitor General George R. Brown was at his best and never more ably or faithfully fought for conviction than in these cases. He successfully met every argument of the defense and presented his side with such force, argument and clearness that no other than a veridict of guilty could have been returned by the jury.

We do not believe any cases in our courts were ever managed with such ability or presented in words of such burning eloquence, logic and earnestness as were the cases against John Wilson and Aiden Grice last week by Solicitor General George R. Brown. By his admirable management of these cases, with such an array of legal talent to combat, Solicitor General Brown has shown himself to be one of Georgia's ablest lawyers and more deeply endeared himself to all the people of this section and won the plaudits of all men as one of Georgia's most eloquent and successful solicitors general and barristers. All honor to Solicitor General Brown! The people of Gilmer county are grateful to him for his fearless fight for right and the protection of our homes and those near and dear to us from the midnight assaults of these cowardly marauders.

In the trial of these cases, too, it required a firm man on the bench to preside, one who knew the law and the rights of the people, and in Judge George F. Gober we are proud to say we had just such a man. Judge Gober is admired by the people of Gilmer above any other judge that ever presided over our courts. He is a pure man and an able jurist.

The trial, the conviction and the sentence meets the hearty approval of the law-abiding people of Gilmer, and we trust forever stamps out such cruelty and lawlessness in the good old county of Gilmer.

This Is "Southern Hospitality."

Washington, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) Colonel R. D. Callaway has a large and splendid pro bono publico turnip patch on the side of the road just beyond his house. People know what a liberal-hearted man Dick Callaway is, and in going along the road they see that he has more fine turnips than he knows what to do with, so they go in and help themselves and are welcome to as many as they want. This is a true type of southern liberality and is unknown anywhere else in the world.

Over a Century.

Americus, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—A negro woman died Thursday in Ishamville, a negro settlement beyond the eastern limits of Americus, at the advanged age of 108 years. Her relatives are well informed as to her age, and she was probably the oldest woman in the city or the county. There are two others here, however, who are more than 100 years old.

Will Pull Through.

Americus, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—In spite of low-priced cotton, the farmers talk as if they will be able to make their crops with comparative ease next year. The money saved by raising corn and meat this year will amount to many thousands of dollars.

A Falling Off.

Americus, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Cotton receipts here, as in other interior markets, have fallen off very perceptibly since the late freeze. The great bulk of the crop is marketed and sold, and receipts from this time on will be comparatively light.

"Wasn't Our Jim."

From The Waycross, Ga., Herald.

In some way it is not known how the name of Jim Freeman was mixed up with some case yesterday—we think it was the state against Jim Freeman for burglary, misdemeanor or something else, when the question was asked, "Is that our Jim Freeman?"

Everything held its breath; the lawyers smole a smile, the jurors straightened up and all hands and the cook were relieved or dumfounded when the sheriff replied: "No, that's not our Jim Freeman. The Freeman in that case is not a Herald reporter."

And then all were smiles and winks, and every fellow asked his neighbor for a fresh chew of tobacco and justice rolled on.

Our Jim Freeman never stole anything but a goose and some potatoes, and that was during the late little fracas between the states, and Jim was a confederate soldier.

A Georgia Optimist.

From The Marietta, Ga., Journal.

After all, life is as we make it. Come winter, come summer, if we but cultivate in our hearts the perpetual greenness of cheerfulness, the sunshine of content, it will not matter whether the skies are blue or gray, the earth covered with a carpet of velvety verdure or a mantle of snow. Think of this when a feeling of loneliness or depression creeps over you and battle it with the weapons that lie always close at hand. What matter though the wind howl if there is no surging tempest of passion in your own breast. Life may be to us all the sweetest, best and brightest possession if we only choose to plan it so.

For Ballot Reform.

From The Jonesboro, Ga., Enterprise.

The Constitution has been making a strong and admirable fight for ballot reform, and indications point towards a successful end of its timely agitation of this important question. A bill providing for an improved system is now pending in the legislature with splendid chances of passage.

"A Grand Model."

From The Jonesboro, Ga., Enterprise.

As a news-gatherer, a champion of right and defender against wrong, The Atlanta Constitution is a great and praiseworthy model.

A Great Blow to Topers.

From The Paulding, Ga., New Era.

There has been a bill introduced in the legislature to make it a misdemeanor for a man to appear in public intoxicated. Such a law would be a great blow to the average toper, as then his desires are greatest to be seen.

Old Coins.

Dahlonega, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) Captain F. M. Williams has two United States coins on his keyring over 100 years old. He also has several others on the ring which he played with when a child. He is now sixty-five years of age and bids fair to live much longer. He is a strong democrat.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action, but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
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No loss of time. No ether or chloroform. No confinement indoors. No pain during or after the operation.

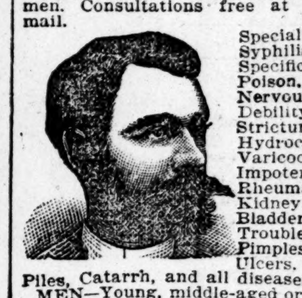
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Of our ignorance in a good many instances. Therefore it is best to fully inform yourself in regard to the nature of your condition. Dr. Hathaway & Co., the eminent specialists, will gladly give any man or woman true and valuable information in regard to their health and if in need of medical advice or treatment will guarantee to give you the best. They are the leaders in their specialty, all private diseases of men and women. Consultations free at office or by mail.



Specialties: Syphilis, Specific Blood Poison, Nervous Debility, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Impotency, Rheumatism, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Pimples, Ulcers, Piles, Catarrh, and all diseases of women.

MEN—Young, middle-aged or old, who are suffering from nervous weaknesses, physical debility, premature decay, impotency, or any wasting disease caused by excesses, indiscretion and general violations of the laws of health, should consult the reliable and most successful specialists for the sure cure of these ailments. Strength, vitality and nerve power restored.

Blood and skin diseases, Acne, Eczema, Old Sores, Painful Swellings, Scrofula and Blood Poison in all its stages.

Urinary Diseases, Kidney, Bladder and Prostatic Troubles and all catarrhal conditions of the urinary tract, causing painful and frequent urination, and all private diseases of men and women cured.

LADIES should not fail to try our treatment for the many diseases peculiar to their sex. We have cured hundreds of cases when other doctors have failed. Our treatment is easy to use and no pain is necessary.

All correspondence answered promptly; business strictly confidential. Entire treatment sent free from observation.

Mail treatment given by sending for symptom blanks—No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3 for skin diseases, No. 4 for catarrh.

Our medical reference book sent on receipt of 2-cent stamp.

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Beautifully Decorated China Chamber Sets, worth and selling elsewhere at $10, $12 and $15, reduced to $6.50 and **$8.50**

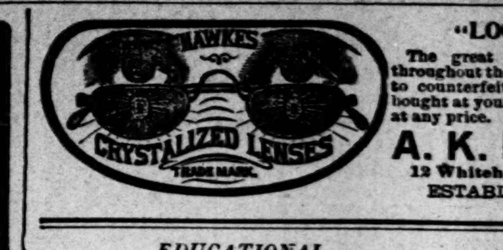
Haviland's Decorated China Dinner Sets, newest effects, worth and selling elsewhere at $50 to $100, going beneath this roof at prices ranging from $35 to **$65.00**

The Goods are absolutely fresh and perfect; slightly too many on hand and want to round off the stock.

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61 Peachtree Street.

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BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—Cheap—A well equipped plaining mill, well located in city; bargain; on easy terms to proper party. Address "Machine," care Constitution. nov 18 7t

45 PER CENT average weekly profits on $150 invested. Prospectus, itemized statistics free. Benson & Dwyer, 834 Broadway, New York. oct24-?

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEST QUALITY CABINETS, $1.50 per dozen, for one week at Lenney's, 83½ Whitehall. nov 17-7t.

THE BEST CABINET photos, $1.75 per dozen at Anglin & Randall, 75½ Peachtree. nov 17-3t.

INSTRUCTION.

THE ECLECTIC NIGHT SCHOOL, in the Gordon school building; principal is a graduate from the Peabody Normal college with ten years' experience. Hours, 7 to 10. Terms $2.50 per month. Thomas B. Kirk, principal, 104½ Edgewood avenue. nov 7—till jan 1

WANTED—Boarders.

REFINED COUPLE can have handsome front room, furnished and board, in elegant home. References required. [illegible] Forest avenue. nov 14—5t

BOARDERS WANTED—Parties desiring board of unsurpassed quality can do no better than to apply to Mrs. N. H. Ware, East Point, Ga. House is newly furnished and just reconstructed. Only one block from depot. Suburban train runs hourly. nov 16—2w

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS WANTED, or salesmen desiring side line to take orders by sample; staple seller, easily carried. We pay expenses and salary or commission and furnish samples on application. Address Lock Box 125, New York city. july 5—312t

WANTED—A live, energetic agent to represent the Georgia State Building and Loan Association of Savannah, Ga., in the city of Atlanta and the adjacent territory. Liberal contract to experienced man. Address E. W. Bell, Secretary, box 260, Savannah, Ga. nov18-7t

LADIES' COLUMN.

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HELP WANTED—Male.

ALERT MEN for secret service work, special corespondence and locating debtors. Spare time profitably employed. Full instructions given. Experience unnecessary. Address with stamp, American Detective Agency, Indianapolis, Ind. nov 17-2t.

WANTED—No. 1 building and loan men to travel and organize local branches; can sell more stock and make better contract than with any other association. The Cotton States B. and L. Association, 8 E. Wall st. nov13 7t

WANTED—A few persons in each place to do writing. Send stamp for 150 page book for particulars. J. Woodbury, 127 W. Forty-second street, New York City. sep30-1y

WANTED—Reliable salesman, already traveling, to carry our lubricants as a side line. Manufacturers' Oil Company, Cleveland, O. sept25—m

HELP WANTED—Female.

LADIES to write at home; $20 weekly; enclose stamp. Louis Smith, Milwaukee, Wis. nov 18—10t

WANTED—Ladies to do fancy work at home; $6 to $10 weekly; experience unnecessary; steady work; good pay for part time; no canvassing; send stamp. Delray Needlework Co., Box L., Delray, Mich. nov 18 2t

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Etc.

MULES FOR SALE—At Otis Cook's stable, 53 and 55 Loyd street. We have just received 2 carloads of Kentucky mules. They are nice, young and blocky—not very large, but cheap. They are brought here to be sold by a gentleman who knows that cotton is only worth 5 cents. He proposes to sell to the farmers cheap. Come early and save the rush and get your pick. Come quick so you will get a bargain.

FOR SALE—Farm Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, Harness, Whip, Lap Robes, etc., cheap. White Hickory Wagon Manufacturing Company, 37 to 43 West Alabama street. oct 26-30t

MULES FOR SALE.—At Otis Cook's stables, 53 and 55 Loyd street. We have just received 2 carloads of Kentucky mules. They are nice, young and blocky—not very large, but cheap. They are brought here to be sold by a gentleman who knows that cotton is only worth 5 cents. He proposes to sell the farmers cheap. Come early and save the rush and get your pick. Come quick, so you will get a bargain. nov 17-4t.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—Six per cent on central business property in Atlanta; 7 and 8 per cent on choice residence property; 8 per cent interest on farm and plantation loans in Georgia. Address Francis Fontaine, room 28, old capitol. nov10 sat sun tues thur sat mon fri sun

MONEY TO LOAN—On improved residence and business property in this city. Roby Robinson, cashier, 104 Edgewood avenue. nov 14 1m daily

WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta Discount Company. Office No. 20 Gate City bank building. Jos. N. Moody, Cashier. nov 11-1y

MONEY TO LOAN—Any amount on Atlanta real estate. Edw. W. Brown, 8 Wall st. nov13 7

CHOICE CITY and farm loans negotia[ted] throughout Georgia; deal direct with C. Davis, attorney, Room 43, Gate [City] Bank Building. nov6-

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equit[able] building, are prepared to place loan[s on] business property at 6 per cent; on [res]idence property at 7 per cent.

STRAIGHT LOANS 2 to 5 years and 8 per cent; monthly loans monthly at from $12 to $17 (inter[est and] principal included.) Good notes Loans on stocks. R. H. Jones, etta street.

LOANS—3 or 5 years negotiated wit[h] lay on business property at 6 p[er cent,] residence at 7 per cent. Also on L. plan, principal and interest re[payable] monthly. Mallard & Stacy, No. 2 able building. nov

MONEY on hand at all times to le[nd on] real estate at 8 per cent, repayable m[onth]ly, and will buy good notes. W. T. [Cren]shaw, cashier Southern Loan and [Banking] Co.

FOR FARM LOANS anywhere in G[eor]gia come or write to The Georgia F[arm] Loan Co., rooms 10 and 12, No. 37½ Whi[te]hall st., Atlanta. nov2 5n

LOANS UPON REAL ESTATE in or ne[ar] Atlanta promptly negotiated by S. Ba[r]nett, Equitable building. oct 14-6m.

ATLANTA SAVINGS BANK lends money on real estate, buys purchase money notes. J. K. Ottley, cashier, Gould building.

RILEY-GRANT COMPANY negotiate loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. 28 S. Broad street. jan4-1y

MONEY TO LOAN on diamonds, watches, etc. Liberal loans, lowest rates, your own time. N. Kaiser & Co., 15 Decatur street, Kimball house. june23-1m

PERSONAL.

A FINE opportunity for two or three intelligent and energetic ladies or gentlemen. Something entirely new. Call before 11 a. m. at No. 75 Trinity avenue.

THE BEST CABINET photos $1.75 per dozen at Anglin & Randall, 75½ Peachtree. nov 17-3t.

ON DECEMBER 1st I shall remove my office from the present location in the Kimball house to No. 13 East Alabama street, where, with a larger space and a much better and more central location, we shall be better able than ever to serve our friends and the public generally. W. T. Crenshaw, 13 East Alabama street (after Dec. 1st.) nov 14 1m

CASH paid for old gold and silver. Julius R. Watts & Co., jewelers, 57 Whitehall.

FOR SALE—Dogs.

FOR SALE—Black pointer dog two and a half years old; well trained; good blood. Address 528 Broad street, Columbus, Ga. nov 16—3t

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—To borrow $400 or $500 with which to build a house. Security—lot on which the house is to be built. Will pay interest monthly. Address B. W. W. nov 14 5t

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—The building at 21 and 25 W. Hunter, and 42 and 46 S. Forsyth, formerly occupied by the farmers' alliance, consisting of 10 rooms and one brick store 40x160, fronting both Hunter and Forsyth streets. Will rent as a whole or in parts, and rent cheap to the right party. John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 48 N. Broad. nov 17-7t.

FOR RENT
By John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 48 North Broad, Corner Walton St.

The Mrs. J. W. Rankin residence at No. 201 Capitol avenue has been divided and is now two elegant residences. I have for rent No. 201, consisting of ten rooms. This is certainly one of the finest residences in the city, with every modern convenience, and to be appreciated needs only to be seen. Will make an excellent home for the right party. Call and we will show you through. Furnished or unfurnished, and with or without stables.......... $75 00

6-r. h., 191 Decatur	16 00
7-r. h., Inman Park, Rose place	20 00
5-r. h., 19 Ocmulgee	10 00
6-r. h., 53 Gilmer street	20 00
9-r. h., 42 Hood	25 00
7-r. h., 22 Stonewall	18 00
6-r. h., 42 Luckie	30 00
Store, 16 Ivy	15 00
Store, 334 Marietta	30 00
Store, 34 Peachtree	100 00
6-r. h., Sells avenue, West End	20 00
6-r. h., 203 Simpson	14 00
6-r. h., 347 Capitol avenue	25 00
7-r. h., 110 Davis	15 00
6-r. h., 442 East Fair	18 00

We move all parties renting from us at $1 for two-horse load.

MACON'S BIG FIRE.

Burning of the Southern Phosphate Works Yesterday Morning.

THE LOSS AMOUNTS TO NEARLY $150,000

The Works Will Be Rebuilt as Soon as the Insurance Is Adjusted—A Beautiful Church Building.

Macon, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—The largest fire that Macon has had in years occurred at 1 o'clock this morning, in which the Southern phosphate works, located in Tybee, a suburb on the southern limits, was a total loss.

At 12:30 o'clock Theodore Nottingham, the nightwatchman, made his rounds and found everything all right. On his 1 o'clock round he found flames breaking through the floor in the mill building. A small hose was brought into use, but as there were only two men at the mill, the fire soon got under such headway that it could not be controlled. Superintendent W. W. Frank was telephoned at the Park hotel, and an alarm of fire was sent in. Chief Jones and the entire department responded, but as the plant was one block outside the city limits, no aid could be given.

Thousands of people were attracted by the big blaze and until after daylight this morning crowds were about the scene.

The Southern phosphate works is one of the largest industries of Macon. It gives employment to 150 men. Its buildings were a four-story mill building 356x125 feet, acid chamber, three stories, 300x40 feet and a storage building 100x50 feet, all of which, with their contents, were lost. The buildings were constructed of brick and wood.

The acid chamber caught from the mill and 300,000 pounds of melted lead and 1,000,000 pounds of sulphuric acid streamed down the slope upon which the plant was located into a swamp, a quarter of a mile away.

The ruins are burning tonight, and all day large crowds have been around the devastated spot.

The officers of the Southern phosphate works are Colonel Thomas Henley, president; Mr. George B. Jewett, vice president; Mr. R. J. Taylor, treasurer and general manager; Mr. J. J. Jelks, secretary, and Mr. W. W. Frank, superintendent. These gentlemen are the principal stockholders and the company has a paid up capital of $143,000. Tonight they cannot say exactly what their loss is, but it will be between $125,000 and $140,000. They have $90,000 insurance in every company represented in Macon. It is placed with these local agencies: George Jewett, Plant & Hurt, Turpin & Sons, E. P. Willingham, Walker & Wise, Collins & Bratlier, Cobb, Cabaniss & Cobb, and the Macon Fire Insurance Company.

Will Rebuild.

The insurance adjusters will be here tomorrow and as soon as the loss can be settled the company will begin rebuilding. Buildings about the same size will be erected. Temporary sheds will be put up tomorrow over the 8,000 tons of phosphate now exposed.

The burning is a great loss to the mill men, coming at this time, when they were just about to begin sending out phosphate to supply next years' trade.

Investigation today failed to give any clue to the origin of the fire. The point at which it was first discovered is not near the boiler rooms and no fire had been in that part of the building.

Reopening of a Handsome Church.

The bright weather today was favorable to the reopening of the St. Alonzo Mouls's splendid Mulberry street Methodist church, which has been closed since last June, on account of extensive improvements being made. More than 1,300 people packed into the grand edifice. Chairs were placed in all the aisles and then hundreds of people were turned away. Dr. Mouls's text was Luke xx, 25: "And he said unto them, Render therefore unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's, and unto God the things which be God's."

From these words he preached a most impressive sermon, speaking of the magnificent place the members now had in which to worship God. Exclamations of delight were heard on all sides as the churchgoers entered. In the choir gallery is the beautiful new Pilcher organ, which came to Macon in 5,000 parts and cost the church $1,500. The organ is said by musicians to be the sweetest toned in the south.

About the altar are blue plush kneeling cushions and the double action doors, and the windows are of chip plate, bevel-edge glass.

It was the great need for Sunday school quarters that caused the trustees first to consider the advisability of making improvements and additions to the building. While the ideas embraced in the annex building are somewhat novel, yet a brief description of the results attained will convince the public that it would be difficult to conceive a better scheme for a Sunday school room. This room is half octagonal, around the walls of which are arranged sixteen classrooms, which may be opened into one large auditorium at short notice by means of large glass panels raising and lowering from the floor. The chairs in the court are folding and easily removable, so that the room may be used for any other desirable purpose.

The superintendent's rostrum is located equi-distant from every point of the wall, so that no member of his audience is ever at a disadvantage.

The classrooms all have separate and independent lighting and heating arrangements.

The choir is equipped with a full string orchestra and a baby grand piano. The orchestra comprises twelve pieces. Ample ventilating flues run from the floor to the top of the battlement-like walls of the building.

Separate infant apartments and numerous blackboards give an idea of the great care used in arranging the details of this beautiful new church edifice.

The second floor is fitted out with comfortable settees, one on each tier of the rising floor, and the rooms are divided as they are downstairs, with the exception that the glass panels close into the walls.

Fifty-six electric lights afford brilliant illumination for this part of the building. From a unique combination answering for a skylight and ventilator pends the beautiful chandelier, containing a large cluster of lights.

Under the new arrangement the building has been fitted up with all conveniencies, such as toilet rooms, with large mirrors, wash basins, combs, brushes, etc.

Big Collection.

After the service this morning Dr. Monk had the baskets passed for conference money and the result was a collection of $872.

New Library President.

A week ago Colonel Robert Nesbit was elected president of the Macon public library. On account of his business connection it was impossible for him to serve, so the directors met again today and elected Mr. O. P. Willingham to the office. He is an enterprising gentleman who always manifests an interest in library matters and the institution will surely prosper under his charge.

News Arrangements.

General Passenger Agent J. C. Haile, Traffic Manager W. L. Shellman, of the Central, and Captain W. M. Davidson, general passenger agent of the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad, were here last night on an important mission. They were here conferring with the Georgia Southern and Florida people, and a deal was perfected by which a new through sleeper line has been established and the cars will be put on next Saturday. Heretofore the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad has been sending its cars into Jacksonville over the Florida Central and Peninsular, by way of Lake City, but yesterday the Florida Central and Peninsular went into a deal with the Southern railway, handling its cars from Everett City to Jacksonville, and, of course, competing lines would not run over the same track. The result was that by the new deal the St. Louis sleeper will come over the Central from Atlanta and thence from Macon to Tifton over the Georgia Southern and Florida, and from that place to Jacksonville over the Savannah, Florida and Western. The Nashville sleeper will go the same route, giving a double daily sleeper service between Jacksonville and Macon, over a direct line. This news only leaked out here this afternoon, and the traveling public is pleased with the new arrangement.

Six True Bills Against Putzel.

The Bibb county grand jury took up the matter of Mr. Putzel employing children in his beer garden at the Dixie fair and last night six true bills were returned against him. One charges him with selling whisky on Sunday, while the other five are for employing minor girls to sling booze.

Dr. Monk, of the Mulberry Street Methodist church, first called the attention of the people to this wrong and from his pulpit offered to take two of the girls out of the beer garden and to secure homes for others. This was done.

Short News Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. Badgeley, of Albany, N. Y., are in Macon, the guests of Colonel S. S. Dunlap.

Colonel Robert H. Plant returned last night from New York, where he was the guest of Mayor-elect Strong for a week. Colonel Plant and the mayor-elect are very close friends.

Proprietor Jack Clancey, of the Park hotel, spent today in Atlanta.

District Attorney Gary, who is now attending United States court here, went to his home in Augusta yesterday afternoon. He will return tomorrow afternoon.

Mr. Lee Lytle, of Columbus, is among the Sunday visitors to Macon.

Plans are being perfected to lay the corner stone of the new Vineville Methodist church Thanksgiving day.

Rev. Dr. Rowe, president of Wesleyan Female college, preached to a large congregation at the Presbyterian church this morning in the absence of Dr. Jennings, who is preaching in Louisville, Ky., today.

General Passenger Agent MacDonald, of the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad, left today for New Orleans, to attend a meeting of passenger men to fix division rates for 1895.

The following invitation has been issued and the young people anticipate with much pleasure the reception on Tuesday evening: "Mrs. A. J. Orr will be pleased to receive you on Tuesday, November 20th, from 8:30 to 11:30 p. m., in honor of her guests, Misses Cochran, Charlotte, N. C. No. 821 Cherry street. R. S. V. P." This is the first time Mrs. Orr's charming home has been opened to the unmarried set of society, and it is needless to say that with so charming a hostess the success of her entertainment is already assured.

A MAD DOG

Causes Great Excitement in Several Neighborhoods.

Ashburn, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Quite an excitement is prevailing in the Odom settlement near Warwick, over the result and the expected result of a mad dog.

When Mr. Lee Odom was on his way from Isabella court two weeks ago he found a very pretty little fice dog down by the water at Abram's creek and stepped to get it. The dog bit him several times, but he carried it along home for his children to play with, two of whom it bit also. It soon bit another dog and two cows. Suspicion of hydrophobia arose and both dogs were killed.

On Tuesday of this week the first cow bitten was seen in the woods with movements which were nowise attractive. On returning home Mr. Sam S. Story, who lives on the William Johnson plantation also, found his best milch cow foaming at the mouth, pawing the ground and lowing herself to death. When the people went about her she went viciously toward them, tore through a fence and when they ran in the house she ran against it with great force. She could not be quieted and was shot.

Now, the great fear is that hydrophobia will break out on Mr. Odom and his children. In view of this, Mr. Story has moved off of that place for his children to be out of danger if the fatal day should come. Excitement is running high and developments are watched for with much uneasiness. Mr. Odom has cause to feel exceedingly nervous.

CAPTURED THE MURDERER.

Who Killed the Marshal of Parrott, Ga.—Good Detective Work.

Albany, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—From Mr. Perry Cocke, of Lee county, who was in the city today, your correspondent learned of the arrest of Jules Spikes, the negro who, over two years ago, shot down, in cold blood, Marshal Lee Huff, of Parrott, Ga. Huff was the father-in-law of Cocke, and for over two years the latter has been steadily following up the trail of the murderer, in person and through the agency of detectives, until finally he was run down in Texas. Spikes left Texas about three days ago in charge of officers, and it is possible he has already reached the scene of his dastardly crime, where he will undergo trial.

Notes from Calhoun County.

Arlington, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Mr. J. W. Alexander, Early county's popular and efficient clerk of the superior court, has no opposition for the democratic nomination in his county. The "boys" who have their hearts set on "Jim Aleck's" job have about concluded that he is invincible before the people, and consequently he has a walkover for re-election, despite the third party sideshow.

The juries for the December term of Calhoun superior court are the same ones drawn for the June term, which was not held.

The third party will hardly have the temerity to put up candidates for county officers in Calhoun county, after the two recent "lay-outs" they have got at the hands of democracy. It would be "love's labor's lost."

News from Berrien.

Tifton, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Berrien county's vote for congressman was: Russell, 1,103; Smith, 266; Russell's majority, 837. According to their own argument the populists' cause is waning in this good old democratic county.

It can be safely stated that there will be larger provision and smaller cotton crops planted in Berrien county in 1895; the people are certainly convinced that any other policy will ruin them financially.

The fourth quarterly conference, for the Adel circuit, 1894, will be held with the Cecil Methodist church on the first Saturday and Sunday in December. A full attendance of the official members of the conference is expected.

Harvesting sweet potatoes and boiling sugar and syrup are receiving attention from the average Berrien county farmer just now. Both are entertaining occupations, and furnish much enjoyment for the young people about—candy pulling time.

He Still Lives.

Blakely, Ga., November 18.—(Suecial.)—Bob Hunter, an old negro preacher, of Americus, who was taken, a few days ago, from a house in Blakely, at night, by a gang of white and black town toughs, who beat and shot him, is not dead. Under the protection of some plucky white friends, he has been going the political rounds in Early county this week, pointing his finger at his would-be slayers, saying, "you did it."

A New Enterprise.

Valdosta, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Valdosta will probably have a pork packing factory. There is no definite decision yet in the matter, but if certain conditions can be met the project will soon be on its feet. Mr. B. W. Bentley and other energetic gentlemen are interested in the new concern. They are ready to put in the plant, fitted out in complete shape and prepare for the market all forms of hog meat, dressed, cured, etc. They are well equipped at the start, being able to run the pork packing place in connection with the ice factory, near which it would be located. The chief condition necessary to guarantee the starting of the industry is that 1,000 hogs be secured. The first season will be an experiment and the number of porkers named must be definitely obtained.

The Heathen Chinee

Is not a beauty. No more are you when your complexion has an orange tint. That means that you are bilious, a fact further evinced by discomfort on the right side, sick headache, vertigo, nausea and furred tongue. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will take the bile out of your blood, regulate your bowels, set your stomach in good working order—in two words, cure you. Use it and cease to be yellow. It cures malarial, rheumatic and kidney trouble.

TO TALK TO ATHENS

Arrangements Being Perfected for Telephone Connection

BETWEEN ATHENS AND THE GATE CITY

College Boys Pay for the Dummy of an Indian Maiden They Put in a Bonfire—Illness of a Student.

Athens, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—The prospect is most assuring for telephonic connection of Athens with Atlanta.

Manager H. C. Conway, of the Athens Telephone Exchange, in talking with your correspondent, said that he had already received the bill of materials for the construction of a telephone line from Atlanta to Athens and that he would go up to Atlanta in a few days to complete all necessary arrangements for the construction of the line.

It is more than probable that this new enterprise will be started in a few weeks and upon its completion Athenians can walk up to the 'phone and call up Atlanta with all ease and convenience.

The construction of the telephone from Athens to Atlanta will be a great convenience and saving to citizens of both places as there is a strong business connection between the two cities.

Paid for the Indian.

A few nights since the college boys in the exhilration of the moment upon hearing of the football victory over the South Carolina eleven, seized upon various inflammable articles and built a bonfire.

Among the other articles seized and consigned to the flames was an ancient Indian maiden that stood guard at the door of John Crawford & Co.'s drug store.

This raised a rumpus, and cases were docketed against some of the boys for destroying private property.

The University Athletic Association met yesterday and raised $10 to pay for the damage done in burning the Indian maid. The cases in court now will probably be dropped as restitution has been made.

Mr. Baxter Dangerously Ill.

Mr. Richard Baxter, of Sparta, who is in attendance upon the University of Georgia, is very dangerously ill with neuralgia of the stomach. He resides at Mrs. M. A. Stovall's home on Milledge avenue, and is one of the most popular young men in college. So critical is his case that his father has been telegraphed to come at once to his bedside.

Corn in Lumpkin County.

Dahlonega, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) There has been abundance of corn made in Lumpkin this year. Even the farmers residing near the foot of the mountain have made from two to three hundred bushels. Mr. G. M. D. Lance has just cribbed three hundred bushels. Mr. J. A. Berry made 150 bushels from six acres. He has added to his force J. S. Chester, who has been with Mr. John Simmons for the last five years. Chester is a good worker and next year we may expect to hear of Mr. Berry making a still larger yield of corn.

A Probable Extension.

Valdosta, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—There are rumors floating around in regard to the probable extension of the Columbus Southern railroad from Albany to Jacksonville via Valdosta, but there is not enough definiteness about it as yet to warrant putting any great store upon these rumors. It is altogether probable that this line will be built some day, but how soon no one can tell now. The company probably has no definite plans about it as yet.

Ballot Reform Needed There.

Dahlonega, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) During the recent election it is said that the managers at a certain precinct indulged in the "high bead" pretty freely in this county. Two of them got drunk while the third one drank until his eyes shined like a newly varnished buggy. During the day their tongues became dry and they set the hat down which was used as a ballot box containing all the ballots cast, and went off into the woods to get something stimulating so as to bring about that joyful feeling once more. After remaining off awhile they returned and resumed business. Could the Australian ballot system be any improvement on this?

The Boss Potato.

Bainbridge, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) Mr. M. C. Stegall shows the boss potato of the season. It grew near this city and tipped the beam at seven and one-quarter pounds and was of the variety known as the Parrot yam. He says he gathered 100 bushels from the same acre this grew upon and left many in the ground for his pork hogs.

Fall Sugarcane.

Blakely, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Mr. J. T. Hudspeth recently displayed three sample stalks of sugarcane, taken from his present large crop. His cane is so long this year that before he could begin grinding on the same mill which he had used heretofore he had to make a longer "lever" to keep his mules from stepping on the free ends of the stalks while the others were between the rollers.

The Quilt Goes.

Lawtonville, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) The autographic quilt made by the ladies to raise money for the church was put up to the highest bidder. Mr. Harry Chew acted as auctioneer. The quilt was bought by Mr. Mack Redd for $12.25. The total amount that has been raised on the quilt was about $70.

A Broken Arm.

Sylvester, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Mr. J. J. Hall, one of the most sterling and industrious young farmers in the fourth district, had the misfortune to get his right arm broken between the wrist and elbow last Thursday. His horse ran away with a wagon, badly damaging it, and throwing him out and breaking his arm.

A Valuable Work.

A work of great interest and value recently issued is entitled "The United States of America," a study of the American commonwealth in its natural resources, people, idustries, manufactures, commerce, and its work in literature, science, education, and self-government. It is edited by Professor N. S. Shaler, the distinguished professor of geology at Harvard and dean of the Lawrence Scientific school, and its corps of contributors includes some of the best-known writers and specialists in the country. The work is published by D. Appleton & Co., in two large, handsome volumes, profusely illustrated, and sold only by subscription. On topics touching the physical, geographical and agricultural interests of the United States. Professor Shaler himself furnishes the monographs, including an opening one on "The Continent and the Reasons for Its Fitness to Be the Home of a Great People." Other practical subjects are Major Powell's chapter on "The North American Indians," Colonel Dodge's "Our Military Resources," A. E. Kennelly's "Typical American Inventions," Edward Atkinson's "Productive Industry," George E. Waring, Jr.'s "Our Cities," and Dr. W. T. Harris's "Education in the United States." Dr. Gilman, of Johns Hopkins describes "Science in America," John B. McAlaster and Congressman Wilson discuss local and national organization and government. Dr. Lyman Abbott writes of "The Place of the Individual in American Society;" American literature, art and architecture are in the competent hands of Mr. Warner, F. D. Millet and Henry Van Brunt. The papers of these and other specialists, students and authorities unite to give the reader a panoramic view of the powers and possibilities of the nation. Professor Shaler, in a final chapter, by way of summary, states his conviction that "our citizens are more inclined than those of any other country to look forward and to shape their action with reference to the time to come." He thinks, therefore, that the proper American attitude is one of expectation and hope, and while conscious of our weakness and present perils, sees in our "wonderful spectacle of national development," material, mental and moral, the brightest of auguries for the future.

This work is, in itself, a perfect library of information, and any intelligent citizen should have it on his book shelves.

The Conviction of the Whitecappers.

From The Ellijay Courier.

Elsewhere in this issue we devote considerable space to reporting the trials of the whitecaps and other cases set for the adjourned term of Gilmer superior court last week, but we desire to more particularly speak of the part taken by the very able and brilliant solicitor general of this circuit and also the firmness and impartiality shown by Judge Gober in the trials of these important and exciting cases in which so much interest was manifested.

The defense was ably represented by Hon. A. S. Clay, of Marrietta; Jones and Martin, of Dalton, and the entire local bar, who left no stone unturned to secure an acquittal for their clients, but Solicitor General George R. Brown was at his best and never more ably or faithfully fought for conviction than in these cases. He successfully met every argument of the defense and presented his side with such force, argument and clearness that no other than a veridict of guilty could have been returned by the jury.

We do not believe any cases in our courts were ever managed with such ability or presented in words of such burning eloquence, logic and earnestness as were the cases against John Wilson and Aiden Grice last week by Solicitor General George R. Brown. By his admirable management of these cases, with such an array of legal talent to combat, Solicitor General Brown has shown himself to be one of Georgia's ablest lawyers and more deeply endeared himself to all the people of this section and won the plaudits of all men as one of Georgia's most eloquent and successful solicitors general and barristers. All honor to Solicitor General Brown! The people of Gilmer county are grateful to him for his fearless fight for right and the protection of our homes and those near and dear to us from the midnight assaults of these cowardly marauders.

In the trial of these cases, too, it required a firm man on the bench to preside, one who knew the law and the rights of the people, and in Judge George F. Gober we are proud to say we had just such a man. Judge Gober is admired by the people of Gilmer above any other judge that ever presided over our courts. He is a pure man and an able jurist.

The trial, the conviction and the sentence meets the hearty approval of the law-abiding people of Gilmer, and we trust forever stamps out such cruelty and lawlessness in the good old county of Gilmer.

This Is "Southern Hospitality."

Washington, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) Colonel R. D. Callaway has a large and splendid pro bono publico turnip patch on the side of the road just beyond his house. People know what a liberal-hearted man Dick Callaway is, and in going along the road they see that he has more fine turnips than he knows what to do with, so they go in and help themselves and are welcome to as many as they want. This is a true type of southern liberality and is unknown anywhere else in the world.

Over a Century.

Americus, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—A negro woman died Thursday in Ishamville, a negro settlement beyond the eastern limits of Americus, at the advanged age of 108 years. Her relatives are well informed as to her age, and she was probably the oldest woman in the city or the county. There are two others here, however, who are more than 100 years old.

Will Pull Through.

Americus, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—In spite of low-priced cotton, the farmers talk as if they will be able to make their crops with comparative ease next year. The money saved by raising corn and meat this year will amount to many thousands of dollars.

A Falling Off.

Americus, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Cotton receipts here, as in other interior markets, have fallen off very perceptibly since the late freeze. The great bulk of the crop is marketed and sold, and receipts from this time on will be comparatively light.

"Wasn't Our Jim."

From The Waycross, Ga., Herald.

In some way it is not known how the name of Jim Freeman was mixed up with some case yesterday—we think it was the state against Jim Freeman for burglary, misdemeanor or something else, when the question was asked, "Is that our Jim Freeman?"

Everything held its breath; the lawyers smole a smile, the jurors straightened up and all hands and the cook were relieved or dumfounded when the sheriff replied: "No, that's not our Jim Freeman. The Freeman in that case is not a Herald reporter."

And then all were smiles and winks, and every fellow asked his neighbor for a fresh chew of tobacco and justice rolled on.

Our Jim Freeman never stole anything but a goose and some potatoes, and that was during the late little fracas between the states, and Jim was a confederate soldier.

A Georgia Optimist.

From The Marietta, Ga., Journal.

After all, life is as we make it. Come winter, come summer, if we but cultivate in our hearts the perpetual greenness of cheerfulness, the sunshine of content, it will not matter whether the skies are blue or gray, the earth covered with a carpet of velvety verdure or a mantle of snow. Think of this when a feeling of loneliness or depression creeps over you and battle it with the weapons that lie always close at hand. What matter though the wind howl if there is no surging tempest of passion in your own breast. Life may be to us all the sweetest, best and brightest possession if we only choose to plan it so.

For Ballot Reform.

From The Jonesboro, Ga., Enterprise.

The Constitution has been making a strong and admirable fight for ballot reform, and indications point towards a successful end of its timely agitation of this important question. A bill providing for an improved system is now pending in the legislature with splendid chances of passage.

"A Grand Model."

From The Jonesboro, Ga., Enterprise.

As a news-gatherer, a champion of right and defender against wrong, The Atlanta Constitution is a great and praiseworthy model.

A Great Blow to Topers.

From The Paulding, Ga., New Era.

There has been a bill introduced in the legislature to make it a misdemeanor for a man to appear in public intoxicated. Such a law would be a great blow to the average toper, as then his desires are greatest to be seen.

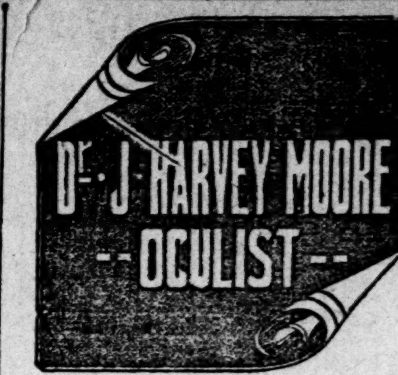
Old Coins.

Dahlonega, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) Captain F. M. Williams has two United States coins on his keyring over 100 years old. He also has several others on the ring which he played with when a child. He is now sixty-five years of age and bids fair to live much longer. He is a strong democrat.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action, but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.



and specialist in all diseases of the

Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose

such as Cataract, Pterygiums, Cross eyes, Weak, Painful or Inflamed eyes, Granulated Eyelids, Neuralgia, Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Nervous Dyspepsia, Chorea or St. Vitus's Dance, Deafness, Catarrh and Asthma.

CROSS EYES STRAIGHTENED BY DR. MOORE'S PAINLESS METHOD.

No loss of time. No ether or chloroform. No confinement indoors. No pain during or after the operation.

GRANULATED EYELIDS CURED WITHOUT CAUSTICS OR THE KNIFE.

Hours 9 to 1 o'clock, daily except Sunday, 203 and 204 Kiser building Atlanta.

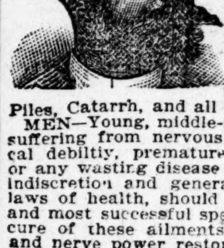
Correspondence will receive prompt attention when accompanied by stamp.

Disease

—IS THE—

Punishment

Of our ignorance in a good many instances. Therefore it is best to fully inform yourself in regard to the nature of your condition. Dr. Hathaway & Co., the eminent specialists, will gladly give any man or woman true and valuable information in regard to their health and if in need of medical advice or treatment will guarantee to give you the best. They are the leaders in their specialty, all private diseases of men and women. Consultations free at office or by mail.



Specialties: Syphilis, Specific Blood Poison, Nervous Debility, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Impotency, Rheumatism, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Pimples, Ulcers, Piles, Catarrh, and all diseases of women.

MEN—Young, middle-aged or old, who are suffering from nervous weaknesses, physical debility, premature decay, impotency, or any wasting disease caused by excesses, indiscretion and general violations of the laws of health, should consult the reliable and most successful specialists for the sure cure of these ailments. Strength, vitality and nerve power restored.

Blood and skin diseases, Acne, Eczema, Old Sores, Painful Swellings, Scrofula and Blood Poison in all its stages.

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BUSINESS CHANCES.

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45 PER CENT average weekly profits on $150 invested. Prospectus, itemized statistics free. Benson & Dwyer, 834 Broadway, New York. oct24-r.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEST QUALITY CABINETS, $1.50 per dozen, for one week at Lenney's, 83½ Whitehall. nov 17-7t.

THE BEST CABINET photos, $1.75 per dozen at Anglin & Randall, 75½ Peachtree. nov 17-3t.

INSTRUCTION.

THE ECLECTIC NIGHT SCHOOL, in the Gordon school building; principal is a graduate from the Peabody Normal college with ten years' experience. Hours, 7 to 10. Terms $2.50 per month. Thomas B. Kirk, principal, 104½ Edgewood avenue. nov 7—till jan 1

WANTED—Boarders.

REFINED COUPLE can have handsome front room, furnished and board, in elegant home. References required. [illegible] Forest avenue. nov 14—5t

BOARDERS WANTED—Parties desiring board of unsurpassed quality can do no better than to apply to Mrs. N. H. Ware, East Point, Ga. House is newly furnished and just reconstructed. Only one block from depot. Suburban train runs hourly. nov 16—2w

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS WANTED, or salesmen desiring side line to take orders by sample; staple seller, easily carried. We pay expenses and salary or commission and furnish samples on application. Address Lock Box 125, New York city. july 5—312t

WANTED—A live, energetic agent to represent the Georgia State Building and Loan Association of Savannah, Ga., in the city of Atlanta and the adjacent territory. Liberal contract to experienced man. Address E. W. Bell, Secretary, box 260, Savannah, Ga. nov18-7t

LADIES' COLUMN.

BEST QUALITY CABINETS, $1.50 per dozen, for one week at Lenney's, 83½ Whitehall. nov 17-7t.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ALERT MEN for secret service work, special corespondence and locating debtors. Spare time profitably employed. Full instructions given. Experience unnecessary. Address with stamp, American Detective Agency, Indianapolis, Ind. nov 17-2t.

WANTED—No. 1 building and loan men to travel and organize local branches; can sell more stock and make better contract than with any other association. The Cotton States B. and L. Association, 8 E. Wall st. nov13 7t

WANTED—A few persons in each place to do writing. Send stamp for 150 page book for particulars. J. Woodbury, 127 W. Forty-second street, New York City. sep30-1y

WANTED—Reliable salesman, already traveling, to carry our lubricants as a side line. Manufacturers' Oil Company, Cleveland, O. sept25—m

HELP WANTED—Female.

LADIES to write at home; $20 weekly; enclose stamp. Louis Smith, Milwaukee, Wis. nov 18—10t

WANTED—Ladies to do fancy work at home; $6 to $10 weekly; experience unnecessary; steady work; good pay for part time; no canvassing; send stamp. Delray Needlework Co., Box L., Delray, Mich. nov 18 3t

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Etc.

MULES FOR SALE—At Otis Cook's stable, 53 and 55 Loyd street. We have just received 2 carloads of Kentucky mules. They are nice, young and blocky—not very large, but cheap. They are brought here to be sold by a gentleman who knows that cotton is only worth 5 cents. He proposes to sell to the farmers cheap. Come early and save the rush and get your pick. Come quick so you will get a bargain.

FOR SALE—Farm Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, Harness, Whip, Lap Robes, etc., cheap. White Hickory Wagon Manufacturing Company, 37 to 43 West Alabama street. oct 26-30t

MULES FOR SALE.—At Otis Cook's stables, 53 and 55 Loyd street. We have just received 2 carloads of Kentucky mules. They are nice, young and blocky—not very large, but cheap. They are brought here to be sold by a gentleman who knows that cotton is only worth 5 cents. He proposes to sell the farmers cheap. Come early and save the rush and get your pick. Come quick, so you will get a bargain. nov 17-4t.

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MONEY TO LOAN—Six per cent on central business property in Atlanta; 7 and 8 per cent on choice residence property; 8 per cent interest on farm and plantation loans in Georgia. Address Francis Fontaine, room 28, old capitol. nov10 sat sun tues thur sat mon fri sun

MONEY TO LOAN—On improved residence and business property in this city. Roby Robinson, cashier, 104 Edgewood avenue. nov 14 1m daily

WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta Discount Company. Office No. 20 Gate City bank building. Jos. N. Moody, Cashier. nov 11-1y

MONEY TO LOAN—Any amount on Atlanta real estate. Edw. W. Brown, 8 E. Wall st. nov13 7t

CHOICE CITY and farm loans negotiated throughout Georgia; deal direct with W. C. Davis, attorney, Room 43, Gate City Bank Building. nov6-6m

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, are prepared to place loans on business property at 6 per cent; on residence property at 7 per cent. nov1 tf

STRAIGHT LOANS 2 to 5 years at 6, 7 and 8 per cent; monthly loans payable monthly at from $12 to $17 (interest and principal included.) Good notes bought. Loans on stocks. R. H. Jones, 45 Marietta street. nov9—10t

LOANS—3 or 5 years negotiated without delay on business property at 6 per cent; residence at 7 per cent. Also on B. and L. plan, principal and interest repayable monthly. Mallard & Stacy, No. 2 Equitable building. nov8—1m

MONEY on hand at all times to lend on real estate at 8 per cent, repayable monthly, and will buy good notes. W. T. Crenshaw, cashier Southern Loan and Banking Co. tf

FOR FARM LOANS anywhere in Georgia come or write to The Georgia Farm Loan Co., rooms 10 and 12, No. 37½ Whitehall st., Atlanta. nov2 5m

LOANS UPON REAL ESTATE in or near Atlanta promptly negotiated by S. Barnett, Equitable building. oct 14-6m.

ATLANTA SAVINGS BANK lends money on real estate, buys purchase money notes. J. K. Ottley, cashier, Gould building.

RILEY-GRANT COMPANY negotiate loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. 28 S. Broad street. jan1-1y

MONEY TO LOAN on diamonds, watches, etc. Liberal loans, lowest rates, your own time. N. Kaiser & Co., 15 Decatur street, Kimball house. june23-1m

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THE BEST CABINET photos $1.75 per dozen at Anglin & Randall, 75½ Peachtree. nov 17-3t.

ON DECEMBER 1st I shall remove my office from the present location in the Kimball house to No. 13 East Alabama street, where, with a larger space and a much better and more central location, we shall be better able than ever to serve our friends and the public generally. W. T. Crenshaw, 13 East Alabama street (after Dec. 1st.) nov 14 1m

CASH paid for old gold and silver. Julius R. Watts & Co., jewelers, 57 Whitehall.

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FOR SALE—Black pointer dog two and a half years old; well trained; good blood. Address 528 Broad street, Columbus, Ga. nov 16—3t

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—To borrow $400 or $500 with which to build a house. Security—lot on which the house is to be built. Will pay interest monthly. Address B. W. W. nov 14 5t

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FOR RENT—The building at 21 and 25 W. Hunter, and 42 and 46 S. Forsyth, formerly occupied by the farmers' alliance, consisting of 10 rooms and one brick store 40x160, fronting both Hunter and Forsyth streets. Will rent as a whole or in parts, and rent cheap to the right party. John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 48 N. Broad. nov 17-7t.

FOR RENT

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7-r. h., 22 Stonewall..........	18 00
6-r. h., 42 Luckie..........	30 00
Store, 16 Ivy..........	15 00
Store, 334 Marietta..........	30 00
Store, 34 Peachtree..........	100 00
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ATLANTA, GA., November 19, 1894.

A Rebuke—Not a Defeat.

Your Uncle Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio, was eighty-one years old one week ago. To the friends who called on him to offer their congratulations, he made a few remarks. Among other things he said:

In 1846 the democrats were whipped worse than at the present time, but this defeat was like an earthquake. Two years ago we carried everything, and some thought we would do the same this year. But I became a little uneasy and did not advise any of my friends to bet. But we are bound to beat them, and why? Because the democratic party is the natural party of free institutions. I'll be gone, perhaps, but a party founded on the principles of a free government will stand so long as that government is maintained. You have been in worse places than at the present time and come out all right, and you will come out all right again.

This is both wholesome and true. The democratic party is the party of free institutions. Sometimes in the past its foundation principles have been obscured by temporary issues. Occasionally its leaders have been unworthy and have tried to commit it to evil doctrines. It has suffered defeat and neglect, but its principles remain the same now and forever. In this country, there is no power that can destroy it, for it stands for the rights and liberties of the people, for free government and just and equal laws.

The principles of the party suffered no defeat in the recent elections, but the people—the voters who endorsed the party in 1892—tired of delay, and disgusted with the duplicity of the party leaders—administered a withering rebuke to those in power. So clearly was this fact understood and appreciated, that here in the south, where democracy has its stronghold, and where its principles have been maintained in their purity, there seemed to be absolute rejoicing over the result of the recent congressional elections. People seemed to think that the rebuke administered to the leaders was both timely and appropriate. And yet the great majority of the people in Georgia are devoted to democratic principles, and are as willing now as they ever were to make personal sacrifices in behalf of those principles.

We are not disposed, therefore, to regard the result of the recent elections as a defeat of the democratic party. It is in the nature of a rebuke and a warning. There is nothing whatever the matter with democratic principles. They are just as important now, and just as necessary to the moral, political and business health of the people as they ever were. Whenever the time comes when a majority of the American people can be induced to repudiate the principles of government formulated by Thomas Jefferson that hour will find them ready to surrender their rights as freemen.

As Judge Thurman, the old Roman of Ohio democracy, says, the democratic party will rise superior to the recent setback that it received at the hands of the people. The blow was delivered by democrats themselves who are disgusted at the pretentious folly of leaders who, instead of carrying out democratic principles, have repudiated them and adopted republican schemes of finance. If enough of these leaders can be brought to realize the ominous nature of the rebuke, the party will be restored to power two years from now. If not, the party will be buried again beneath the indignant protests of the people and the south will have a much larger allotment in the political graveyard than it now has.

The party has only three months in which to demonstrate a hearty desire to carry out the will of the people. Congress will meet in December and expire by limitation on the 4th of March. The period is brief, but within that time those who have the party's honor and integrity in their keeping can at least show that they are not indifferent to their obligations. They can formulate in the course of a few hours the financial legislation to which the party is pledged. They can make both gold and silver the standard money of the country by opening the mints to both metals without discriminating against either, and in other directions they can show that they have not surrendered to the bank influence of Wall street.

If the leaders do not think that this is essential, they have only to continue the policy of non-action.

Our Foreign Policy.

Why should Mr. Cleveland and Secretary Gresham be so deeply concerned about the war between Japan and China?

The struggle between these two countries is progressing very satisfactorily to the friends of progress and Christian civilization, and as our interests are not endangered there is no reason why our government should attempt to stop the conflict.

If the president and Mr. Gresham believe that it is their duty to act as peacemakers between nations in the most remote quarters of the world they should, in behalf of humanity, see what can be done to stop the horrible slaughter of the Armenian Christians by the Turks in Kurdistan. According to reliable advices, the Turks are butchering the Armenians because they are too poor to pay their taxes, and because they belong to the Christian faith. Some 6,000 people in twenty-five villages have already been slain. A letter in The London Standard is thus summarized in a cablegram:

It says that on the admissions of the Turkish soldiers, some of whom tearfully protested that they merely obeyed orders, six thousand people were killed. It is asserted that no compassion was shown to age or sex. In one place three or four hundred women, after having been forced repeatedly to submit to the soldiery, were hacked to pieces with swords and bayonets. In another place 200 women begged at the commander's feet for mercy. The commander, after ordering that they be outraged, had them all dispatched with the sword. Similar scenes were enacted in other places.

In one case sixty young brides and maidens were driven into a church and were violated and butchered until their blood flowed from the doors.

A large company, headed by a priest, knelt near the church begging for compassion, averring that they had nothing to do with the culprits who killed the Kurds. It was in vain; all were killed.

Several attractive women were told that they might live if they would recant their faith. They replied: "Why should we deny Christ? We have no more reason to do so than had these," pointing to the mangled bodies of their husbands and brothers. "Kill us, too."

This was done. The letter says that between six and ten thousand were killed. Babes were impaled on the same weapon with their mothers.

Several soldiers admitted that they had disposed of a hundred victims each. Nearly thirty villages were destroyed. Some families were burned with kerosene in their own houses.

Why cannot Messrs. Cleveland and Gresham appeal to the sultan of Turkey to stop this revolting business? If it is right and proper to ask the Japanese and Chinese to make peace it is just as much in order to urge the sultan to instruct his subordinates to stop persecuting and exterminating the Armenian Christians. If we propose to mind other people's business, let us try to accomplish some good where it is most needed.

A Chapter of New England Life.

In Maine free speech and the freedom of the press seem to be carried a little too far. In that state it is possible to speak and print the most damaging things about private character, and the persons thus assailed appear to be under the impression that they have no remedy.

Recently several Maine newspapers have printed stories accusing Mrs. Eliza Cowan, of Dixmont, with poisoning two husbands, three of her own children and a stepson. Week after week these horrible accusations are reproduced, and the woman is publicly branded as a Lucretia Borgia.

A few days ago a Boston Herald reporter started out to investigate the matter. To his surprise he found that Mrs. Cowan was not under arrest but was living quietly at home. She informed the reporter that she was awaiting the course of the law, and was ready at any time to answer the charges against her. The alleged poisoner is a pretty widow of thirty-five, well educated, and apparently a gentle, refined woman. She says that the newspaper attacks upon her are very hard to bear and are wholly untrue.

Mrs. Cowan has taken no steps to prosecute anybody for libel, and her accusers are in no hurry to have her case looked into by the proper authorities.

It is a strange affair. One would naturally suppose that, if there is any foundation for the stories, she would be arrested and tried, and that if she is innocent she would appeal to the courts.

Bad Books Make Bad Men.

In Sunday's Constitution some facts were presented which made it appear altogether probable that young Myers, now awaiting sentence for murder, borrowed some of his ideas and methods from the biography of John A. Murrell, the murderer and land pirate of antebellum notoriety.

Whether this be true or not, it cannot be denied that bad books make bad men. When they are read by boys they undermine the principles and morals of these young readers, and make it all the easier for them to yield to temptation. The busy parents of the present day are too careless about the associations of their children and the books they read. We do not believe in unreasonable restrictions, but we have no hesitation in saying that when fathers and mothers find in the hands of their boys and girls books which make heroes out of criminals they should interfere, kindly but firmly, and make the youngsters understand that they will have to change their reading matter or suffer a penalty.

A large percentage of our vice and crime may be directly or indirectly charged to the vicious and immoral literature placed in the hands of the young.

If you want your children to be pure-minded, with good and noble aspirations, see to it that they read only the best books. When a boy studies John A. Murrell, the chances are that he will try to imitate him.

One of the Many.

One of the biggest swindles ever organized in this country is the American Building, Loan and Investment Society, of Chicago, which is now in the hands of a receiver.

The association was organized in 1888 with an alleged capital of $10,000,000, which was afterwards increased to $80,000,000. There were various kinds of stock. Class "A" was installment stock, on which 75 cents a share was paid monthly, the time of maturity being six and a half years. This form of certificate was issued up to December, 1890, when it was so altered that no time was fixed for maturity. Class "B" installment stock called for 35 cents a share per month, and was supposed to mature in about two years. Next came "prepaid," or $50 stock, paid in full without further payments or assessments, the time for maturity being six and a half years, when this stock was to be worth $100 a share. Last came "full paid," or $100 bonds. There were no further payments on this stock. The society paid 7 per cent interest semi-annually. No expense fund was deducted. The stock was to expire in ten years and was withdrawable one year after issue.

Circulars and agents were scattered all over the country. Money poured in, mainly from poor people who were tempted by a big interest or the prospect of doubling their investment in a few years. The society spread into twenty-seven states, and when it collapsed over 5,200 shareholders were on its books.

It now appears that the society loaned money recklessly, and much of it was borrowed by officers and directors in violation of law. Some of the money was invested in a scheme for ageing whisky, some in bogus mortgages, and $10,000 went to a man who claimed that he had a machine that would make aluminium out of clay.

Fortunately, the courts have brought this swindling concern to a full stop, and while the shareholders will get very little out of it, they will at least be saved from the further losses that would follow the payment of their usual installments. There is some talk of indicting the officials, and The Chicago Herald wants it done as a warning to others who are engaged or about to engage in similar enterprises.

We have had too many of these fraudulent corporations within the past few years, and it is to be hoped that an example will be made of the chief offenders

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The foreign thimble-riggers have put up the bars sure enough. The actual cash lost in shipping $1,000,000 in gold from London to New York is $7,500. These are very pretty figures for the thimble-riggers to look at.

Mr. Carlisle has no more right to issue bonds to pay current expenses than he has to issue an order abolishing congress.

What do Wall street bankers care about the sufferings of the people so long as they are able to buy gold bonds with silver notes? Hurrah for the British gold standard and the American tories who profit by it!

Is our republican secretary of state representing England or the people of the United States in putting his finger in the Chinese pudding?

It appears that federal office-holders in the south are watched by republican inspectors. This adds considerable interest to the situation.

With gold cornered and the banks able to raid the treasury whenever they desire a safe investment for their idle money, the country appears to be in a pretty mess. What do Wall street bankers care about business and commercial prostration so long as they are able to do a business of this kind?

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The New York Times of Wednesday says, editorially: "The news that we published yesterday concerning the sale of a large quantity of iron pipe in Japan has a significance that should not be overlooked. Nearly $400,000 worth of pipe was needed for the extension of the Tokio waterworks. 'The American firm,' our dispatches say, 'met the competition of English, French and Belgian bidders.' This competition was overcome, and the pipe will be manufactured in and shipped from the Birmingham district, in Alabama. It appears, therefore, that manufacturers of castiron pipe in Alabama can undersell the castiron pipe of Great Britain, Belgium and France in the neutral market of Japan in spite of transportation conditions which work to the disadvantage of the Alabama product. They can do this because the cost of producing pig iron and castiron pipe is lower in Alabama than in any other part of the world."

Some of the judges of our country seem to imagine that the country exists for them, and that the law which they are set to administer is their own sweet will. If all that is said of him be true, such is Judge Scott, of Omaha, and steps are taking to bring him to his senses by impeachment proceedings. The other day a lady in court made a remark about the judge to her husband. A bailiff overheard her and told the judge, who considered the remark contemptuous. He ordered the lady to the bar of the court, and after compelling her to repeat the offensive remark about him, fined her $10. The members of the bar, after court, denounced the judge's act as illegal and iniquitous. One member of the bar has refused to practice before the judge, who, thereupon, found him guilty of contempt and sent him to jail for fifteen days.

The Dogberries are not all dead. A policeman in St. Louis encountered a sleep-walker, who was on the streets at night in his night shirt, and, after arousing him, took him to his room and made him dress. This done, the citizen was marched to the police station, where he protested indignantly against his arrest, offering in excuse of his appearance when taken into custody that he was a somnambulist. With much display of authority in his voice, the police official replied he didn't care what church the prisoner belonged to, it was against a city ordinance to walk the streets without any clothes on. The somnambulist was finally allowed to go without being fined.

THE EDITOR GIVES THANKS.

From The Wrightsville, Ga., Headlight.

The republicans have scooped the country, but all the same the sweet, juicy and substantial contributions are coming in to ye editor and his folks.

Yesterday morning Jupe Hicks drove his buck-cart up to our front gate and deposited a basketful of delicious fresh hog meat, spareribs, backbones, etc., presented by our good populist friend, Dr. H. Hicks.

Our young friend, "Ped" McWhorter, hailed us on the street last Saturday, and escorting us to his buggy, lifted out two fine six-pound potatoes and a quart bottle of new crop syrup, his own make, and handed them to us with appropriate remarks.

Again, late yesterday afternoon, Sheriff Jim Linder and his good wife added to the feast by sending in a generous batch of fresh hog killings, for all of which we return appreciated thanks to these various good friends.

PROMINENT GEORGIANS.

Hale's Weekly: We make the prediction that Hon. L. F. Livingston will be one of the leaders of the fifty-fourth congress from the south. His great native ability, his wonderful energy, determination and strong love for good government for his people will make him a congressman of whom the whole country will be proud. Watch him—he will command the admiration of even his enemies.

Albany Herald: Captain J. B. James, of Fort Valley, is the resident manager of eight fruit farms in Houston county. These farms embrace an aggregate of 7,295 acres, and on them are growing 500,000 peach trees, 50,000 grape vines, many thousand pear, apple and other fruit trees, and $1,000,000 nursery stock. All these have been established within the last few years, and there are many more in the country.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

A Contented Fellow.

I jest can't tell
How the corn'll sell;
But I still keep the crops a-growin';
I jest can't know
How the wind'll blow,
If we'll have warm weather,
Or hail, or snow;
I jest can't tell—
So I jest lay low,
An' the old world keeps agoin'!

I jest can't say
If the hives will pay;
But the roses—they keep blowin';
An' the bees—they buzz
Like they knowed what wuz!
An' still make honey
(That's the way they does!)
I jest can't say—
So I go my way,
An' the old world keeps a-goin'!

I jest take all—
From the spring to fall,
Like it comes—with the Lord's bestowin';
If there's bread to eat,
It is powerful sweet!
An' I ain't less thankful
When I'm short on meat!
I jest take all,
Till the roll's complete,
An' the old world keeps a-goin'!

—F. L. S.

It is a great pity all the kickers are not in the football business. We could have more fun out of them then.

A Back Number.

"Poor old colonel's out o' date now, ain't he?"

"Yes. You see, he's used to the old one-man musket, and these repeating rifles kill too many at a time."

The Sparta Ishmaelite declares that it will not celebrate Mr. Cleveland's Thanksgiving Day.

Thankful Times.

Thankful times in Georgia—
Thankful day and night;
The turkey's on the gobble
An' the 'possum's jest in sight.

Thankful on the mountain top,
An' thankful on the plain;
An' they're bollin' of the sugar,
An' they're grindin' of the cane.

Thankful that we're livin'
An' nothin' gone to wreck;
With all our foes forgivin',
An' all our friends on deck!

Fitzsimmons kills them now with one blow. If he keeps knocking them out like that he won't have any troup left to spar with after a while.

The weekly editor is now busy taking turkeys on subscription and announcing a week's suspension in honor of Thanksgiving Day.

Watch Out!

Life is real and life is earnest;
Keep a lookout all the time;
For perchance the clod thou spurnest
May conceal a silver dime!

We can't have good times always, but the people would highly appreciate just an invitation to dinner from them.

Died Game.

"Well, colonel, the solid south is broken?"

"Yes, sir; but she died game. Every man at my precinct polled a hundred votes!"

'Possum stuffed with turkey makes a Georgia Thanksgiving dish that is fit for the gods!

He Wasn't Up to Date.

"They tell me Jones never subscribes to a newspaper."

"Never. That's why he broke his leg jumping backwards from a moving train, and cut his hand off fightin' his own reflection in a lookin'glass!"

FOUND IN THE FURROWS.

Oglethorpe Echo: We overheard a farmer say the other day that his cotton would not pay his debts at the present prices; that he had some corn and a lot of hogs to kill, but that he would act in self-defense if his creditors attempted to take them. He meant by that that it was starvation to him if they were taken, and to save his own life he would annihilate any one who tried to take it from him. And there are many more farmers in the same frame of mind.

Telfair Enterprise: With a supply of corn, bacon, lard, syrup and potatoes our planters ought to feel grateful even if money is scarce. If the less cotton policy will take deep hold on the minds of the agricultural community, we may expect a reign of prosperity in spite of political defeat.

Marietta Journal: We can't see what on earth our farmers will do to enhance the price of cotton unless they organize together and pledge to cut their crop one-half. There is more economy to produce half as much and get 10 cents per pound than twice as much and get 5 cents per pound.

Griffin Call: Let the balance of the country wag as it will, the farmers of Georgia have made plenty to eat and are in a better condition to meet the winter than they have been in three decades.

FOR BALLOT REFORM.

Madison Advertiser: The Advertiser desires to add its heartiest endorsement to the movement now on foot by which it is hoped to secure purer elections in Georgia. A very large per cent of the property of the south is owned by the democrats, and it is their privilege to protect it against the blight of such legislaion as has been enacted in Colorado and other populist states. Let the legislature take the matter in hand and either pass the Australian ballot law or establish some educational standard or property qualification by which all voters shall be measured when they approach the ballot box for the purpose of using their power of suffrage. Let us have a pure ballot and a fair count.

Oglethorpe Echo: The voting in several parts of Georgia in the election last week is as strong argument as can be advanced for a general registration law for the state. Under a claim that it was necessary to offset fraud by the opposing parties both democrats and populists cast many illegal votes, and one party is to be as much censured as the other for the practices. All such should be stopped, and there is no way to so effecually put an end to it as a law requiring the registration of all legar voters.

Cedartown Standard: There has arisen from all parts of the state, regardless of party, a demand for a general election law so framed that such frauds shall hereafter be impossible, and the present democratic legislature will undoubtedly enact such a law. Georgia should have a uniform registration and ballot law, and it should be a rigid one. A slipshod law is worse than none. The Atlanta Constitution sums up the requirements of a model law.

The Madisonian: The press in all parts of the state is clamoring for a change in the method of conducting our elections in order to do away with the frauds practiced by all parties in the local and state elections. This clamor is timely and is an indication that there must be some change in our election laws. The way the recent elections have been conducted will prove fatal to our government if not checked.

Dawson News: Some of our democratic contemporaries are almost fierce in denunciation of the irregularities which occurred in the election last week, and the present legislature ought not to adjourn until it has passed a ballot law which will raise the standard of citizenship and insure absolutely fair elections. The people of all parties are united in demanding this reform, and the democratic party has taken the lead of pushing it through. Let the work be complete and perfect.

Athens Banner: The best way is to act honestly and fairly, and let victory rest upon the banners of that candidate who musters the largest number of legal votes. We hope that the present general assembly will enact a law securing to Georgia perfectly fair and honest elections.

Covington Enterprise: For many years The Enterprise has advocated the adoption of a law in Georgia that would insure fair and honest elections. It looks now as if the present legislature intends to give the people a general election law of some kind.

Columbus Enquirer-Sun: There is every evidence that the question of election reform will sweep through the Georgia legislature like a cyclone, and any opposition to it will be shattered in its path. The people are demanding it everywhere, and the press of Georgia seems to be solid in its favor.

Augusta Chronicle: It is to be hoped that all the individual efforts for a reform ballot as evidenced in the legislature by bills introduced will lead to concerted action by that body at an early date.

Ham's Georgia Cracker: A clean ballot and a square count seems to be the slogan. By all means let it come.

ECHOES FROM THE LANDSLIDE.

Rochelle Solid South: Our democratic house and senate have till the 4th of March and if they can do no more we would be pleased to see them take the tax off issue of state banks. There is no use for them to try to get any relief through the silver coinage. Mr. Cleveland now has the consolation to know, after the 4th of March next, he will be backed by the whole of the Sherman strength, and his backbone (so-called) will be strengthened by that assurance. Perhaps, as a benefit of his pretended love to the party and its pledges, he will grant the south this one request.

Greenesboro Herald: The gold standard papers declare the people of Ohio, Tennessee and other states repudiated free silver. They did nothing of the kind. Their industries were stagnated, and rightly or wrongly they held the democratic tariff policy responsible, and rushed pell-mell into the camp of the protectionists.

Jonesboro Enterprise: The most amusing thing to the newspaper-reading public nowadays is the ceaseless and senseless cackling of the "cuckoos" in endeavoring to give the causes of the recent political Waterloo.

Sparta Ishmaelite: The organ may wriggle and squirm and lie outright, but the fact will remain that the November election was an overwhelming repudiation of a disappointing and treacherous administration. Had good faith and commen decency characterized it, the result would have been vastly different.

Danielsville Monitor: Mr. Cleveland is silent as to the land slide, saying that he does not want to be questioned. The people expect something from him besides issuing bonds, but failed to get it.

Hale's Weekly: The Cleveland heelers in Georgia, are a sad, sorry, simple set. They disgusted the people and the people have said so.

Jesup Sentinel: It took Cleveland four years of his former administration to get his party and himself beat. He has done it easy this time in two years.

QUEER THINGS IN GEORGIA.

The latest curiosity in Tifton is a cow's tongue with a turpentine hack ring around it, bearing evidence that the ring had been fastened around the tongue ever since the animal was a calf—probably four or five years.

A syrup barrel left at the alliance store in Americus proved to be quite a relic. John Walters says it has been used by three generations of the Williams family, and is supposed to be more than 100 years old.

Mr. William Hames, who lives near Toccoa, from half a vine grown by him, obtained thirty-four well matured gourds; and grew one potato vine that was ten feet high, and loaded with delicious fruit; and also dug from his patch a sweet potato that measured nearly three feet in length.

The tax collector of Newton county proposed to pay the poll tax of the tallest man in the county. Several men were measured, but Mr. John Patterson, a young man who lives in the southern portion of the county, picked up the dollar, as he measured six feet seven inches in his stocking feet.

The tallest negro in middle Georgia lives in Newton county and is named Henry Avery. He stands six feet six inches barefooted, is forty-two years old, weighs 207 pounds and his flesh and muscles are almost as hard as iron. He measures forty-eight inches across the breast, and is an honest, good-natured, industrious man. At the age of eighteen he weighed 260 pounds and was six feet five inches high. He was raised in Newton county and has never been twenty miles from the place where he first saw the light.

THANKSGIVING IN GEORGIA.

Douglasville New South: Thangsgiving will soon be here, but our prospects for a nice turkey are not flattering. It is a fact that us poor people are always wanting something to eat or wear. If we have nothing but "Chicago chicken" on that day we will thank God for it and the other little things which He has saw fit to bless us with.

Cleveland Progress: Pumpkins loom up smooth and richly yellow in the barn, and the gobbler in the barnyard struts proudly and waxes fatter each day as Thanksgiving draws near.

Washington Gazette: Our people can be thankful for abundant crops and a better supply of products for home consumption than they have had in many years.

Barnesville Gazette: Barnesville usually does the square thing on an occasion like this and doubtless her people will fittingly celebrate the day of thanks.

Sparta Ishmaelite: The Ishmaelite is always thankful, but it will not keep the day suggested by Cleveland.

SOME SOUTHERN STORIES.

A Norwegian bark arrived at Pensacola a day or two ago from Antwerp in ballast, and is now discharging same alongside of Palafox wharf. While making the voyage across the ocean the officers of the big bark discovered that the vessel was leaking. They could hear the water trickling into the hold, and after a diligent search they located the leak and had the ship carpenter cut away a portion of the inside planking. When this was done they discovered the sword of a swordfish, which had been thrust through the outside copper, six inches of solid oak in the hull, a part of one of the oaken ribs, and into the inside planking. The fish had struck the vessel square on the bow and the sword was broken off. The teeth were broken off at that part of the sword which penetrated the vessel, and is now solidly imbedded in the timbers.

Early during the present year a man named M. F. Petty traveled over a number of counties in western Kentucky exhibiting a most wonderful petrified man. The specimen was a very perfect one, and was said to have been found in a cave. The people flocked to see the remarkable freak, and the proprietor reaped a rich harvest. Now comes C. E. Noyes, of Dickson, Tenn., who writes a long card, exposes the snap, and tells how the petrified man was made. He states that the man was manufactured of clay and a composition of stone, a cast being made from one of the men with the show and the features scarred up so as to be unrecognizable. He says in his card that Petty wanted to get $50 from him to assist in the manufacture of the specimen, some one having stolen his old one and broken it to pieces.

An amusing instance of a person who took the local republican speakers at their word before the election when they told their hearers that wages would be higher in the event of republican success, is told by an Owingsboro, Ky., paper. The chief female colored cook at the Owings house as soon as republican success was assured after the election made a demand on the landlady for an increase of wages, remarking that she was told by the speakers that republican triumph meant higher wages. She didn't get an increase. Nor is any one else likely to get an increase by reason of republican success. Those promises will act as a boomerang to knock the promisers' own heads likely as not."

In the sheriff's office at Monroe, N. C., a singular accident occurred. Several men were standing around the fireplace warming when there was an explosion and sharp report from the fireplace. It proved to be a cartridge. The shell hit the back of the chimney and the ball went the other way, cutting a hole through the clothing of a Mr. Walker, of Vance township. It seemed to have almost as much force as if shot from a gun, grazing the skin and lodging in the wall.

RURAL LIFE IN GEORGIA.

Wrightsville Headlight: Mr. Bob Bryan, assistant postmaster and pharmacist at J. W. Brinson's, must certainly be a very popular young man with the girls. We rarely ever step in there for our mail that we don't find him surrounded by a half dozen or more of bright, vivacious girls, talking with and smiling upon him. It's a big job to entertain so many at once, but Bob is equal to the situation, and always meets his obligations promptly.

Vienna Progress: The fields and woods are resplendently arrayed in their gorgeous and beautiful autumnal garb, and, as the bright and silvery rays of old Sol mingle among them, they present a most beautiful appearance and can but naturally suggest to the observer and lover of nature a feeling of pride for this dear old sunny state, where nature's smiles appear in every tree branch and open field.

Americus Times-Recorder: A negro boy carrying an old pot-iron single-barrel gun came in yesterday morning with a string of wild ducks as long as a plow line, killed in the swamps near the city. The sportsman with the hammerless breech-loader looked sick as he saw the lucky coon.

THE OPOSSUM SEASON.

Montezuma Record: The Montezuma 'Possum Club has caught this week eighteen 'possums and five 'coons—raccoons. Now, dry up about hard times. With 'taters, 'possums and 'coons in abundance, what more do you want?

Covington Enterprise: What has become of the two champion 'possum hunters of Stewart county, one of Humber and the other of the Twenty-first? 'Simmons are fallin' and 'possums are growlin', and neither as yet has rendered in any report.

Dawson News: The ladies of the Baptist church will give a supper at the armory next Tuesday night. 'Possum and barbecued hog, with other refreshments, will be served.

Macon County Citizen: The toot of the 'possum hunter's horn reminds us that the halcyon days of sweet potatoes and 'possum are come, and peace and plenty reigns in the camp of the adolescent colored brother:

OLD GEORGIA.

Rome Tribune: There are bright spots in every circumstance, no matter what, if we would only see them. There is one of special brightness to Georgia and Georgians, and its brilliancy is added to by the dismal darkness of the background. While democrats are regretting the landslide towards republicanism, they can point with pride to Georgia's vote. It leads the list of democratic majorities and is twice as much as the majority in the last state election. Georgia is the banner democratic state of the union.

Hapeville Picayune: Old Georgia, the Empire State of the South, sends a solid delegation to the national congress. Our grand old state can be relied upon to stand by the democratic party and its principles.

Walton News: Grand and glorious old Georgia is yet and always the Empire State of the South. The solid south is shattered, but in the center of the wreck stands our great state intact in its democracy.

THE EXPOSITION.

Jonesboro Enterprise: The dainty belles and dandy chappies of Atlanta's "smart set" are busy just now in trying to master the Spanish language. They doubtless intend to do the "grand thing" in entertaining the senors and senoritas who visit the great exposition next year.

Adel News: The exposition is assuming gigantic proportions and it is safe to say that the world will be surprised at its completeness.

AFTER THE LYNCHERS.

Athens Banner: Governor Atkinson's firm stand in regard to the Monticello lynchings will be upheld by all true Georgians. There is palliation for the action of infuriated mobs where the sanctity of the women of Georgia is involved and where, through the law's delay, the vile wretch goes unpunished, but in this case the law had taken speedy notice of the crime and convicted by a jury of twelve honest men, the negro rapist had been sentenced to death.

Waynesboro Citizen: Governor Atkinson proposes to put lynchers to a lot of trouble for any festivities they may enjoy in the limits of Georgia, while he is governor.

Adel News: Governor Atkinson is making a splendid beginning as governor of this great democratic state.

Albany Herald: Governor Atkinson is to be commended for his early crusade against lynchings in Georgia.

Millions Lost.

From The Farmer's Voice.

The south is the sufferer to the tune of millions from the low price of cotton. The cotton grower is in the same fix that the northern farmer is in. Prices are ruinously low for the products of the soil, and this ruin has been caused by unwise, not to say positively villainous legislation. The attempt by the last congress to increase the value of the dollar, by limiting the circulating medium, has had the natural effect of paralyzing industries and striking a fatal blow at production. No other result than disaster to the farm and plantation can be expected, while our financial legislation is in favor of the banker and the creditor and against the people and the debtor. That fact is as plain as the sun at noonday, and yet a political campaign has just closed in which the platform and partisan press were ablaze with declamations upon the tariff question, while the money question was ignored as if it were of no consequence whatever. While the south is groaning under the loss of $100,000,000 on her cotton and the north is suffering correspondingly because of the wicked assault of congress upon our circulating medium, the bank-ridden, capital-enslaved, stupid of "ornery" politician is mouthing over the tariff. When the congress of the United States shall give decent and honest recognition of silver as money, the farmer will get something for his products, and when he can get money he will impart vigor to our sleeping commerce; and never, while the world lasts, will prosperity come to the masses, to the degree to which they are entitled, as long as we suffer the goldbugs of the nation and of Europe to force down our throats their thievish monetary policy.

WALKS AND TALKS.

"What's that I see there?" shouted a northern man the other day as he stood in view of the graders now at work tearing out the sites for the exposition buildings. "Those men with striped clothes on—what do I see?" and the spectator from the north was very greatly aroused in mind. He was calmly told by some one standing near that they were "chaingang niggers."

"And what's that I see in that man's hands standing there by them?" he asked frantically. In the same calm and serene voice the neighbor at his side told him it was what the people down here call a double-barrelled shotgun. "A gun! Great Scott! and what pray does that man intend to do with that gun?" This with increased agitation of spirit. The man with the mild voice ventured to assure him that the man with the gun intended to shoot the "chaingang niggers" if they ran away.

Whereupon the man from the north adjusted his glasses, contemplated the scene more closely, frowned and said with clenched teeth: "Horrible!" and went home no doubt to talk about the "diabolical depression of the colored man at the south," and such other stuff as dreams are made of.

"I was standing in front of Frank Stewart's stables when Will Myers went into the place that memorable day to sell those mules," said Mr. Henry McCord, the well-known wholesale grocer, "and I remember to this day that I wondered at the chap's appearance at the time. I looked at him closely and said to myself then and there, 'Well, young fellow, if you've got mules to sell you have come by them by hook or crook, with a majority in favor of crook.' There was something in the boy's appearance that made me observe him closely. I gave him no further thought, however, until the next thing I knew I heard of his being suspected of the murder of his victim."

"Cotton is coming into Atlanta every day with wondrous rapidity," remarked Mr. Henry Smith, the cotton buyer, yesterday. "I don't know when I have seen it come rolling in so abundantly. There is being a great deal shipped away, even at the prices that now prevail, and the wonder is that there should be such a rapid movement under the circumstances. Some how the farmers of this section of the south don't seem to be holding the staple back this year. It is coming and coming fast, and going nearly as fast as it goes."

"Atlanta certainly has its share of restaurants," said a business man of Alabama street. "You find them on every street, and they are always crowded about lunch time. The lunch counters all do a flourishing business, and especially at this time of the year, when the fall and winter rush of business holds the business man at the office pretty much all day, do the cafes seem to be at the height of prosperity. It would surprise you to see some of the men who patronize these places at midday. You will find there the most prominent and the wealthiest men in the town. They rush in with the rest of mankind, take chances for their turn at the counters and hurry away with the air of a fellow who has but ten minutes to devote to eating at some railroad dinner station. This shows that the average Atlanta man of business is as wide awake as the cricket on the hearth and would argue that he is letting no grass grow under his feet, while the rest of the world is sitting down to splendid dinners spread on the mahogany of home."

Mr. C. L. Looker, representing the Holden Vinegar Company, of St. Louis, has come to Atlanta to make this city his home. Mr. Looker and family are charmed with the south, and with Atlanta in particular, and say they are delighted to be in so charming a city as is Atlanta.

"Never did the mountain scenery of my region show off so beautiful as this fall," said ex-United States Attorney S. A. Darnell yesterday as he walked into a hotel and registered. "The blue mountains around Jasper are beginning to show off to splendid effect, encircled by the gorgeous tints of red and gold foliage; the hickory nuts are ripe and the woods of the north Georgia country are more picturesque than ever before."

Editor Price, of The Electrical Review, speaking a nice word about Atlanta and Atlanta people, has the following to say:

"Atlanta is rapidly establishing her reputation as the 'convention city of the south,' and that this distinction is fairly won and will be nobly upheld, all those who have been the recipients of her warm welcome and open-handed hospitality will gladly testify, and the street railway men most emphatically.

Glen Waters, whose clever work on The New York Advertiser, is observed with gratification and pleasure by his admirers in Georgia, has turned his attention once more to the Georgia colonel, and his sketches along this line are extremely interesting. "Cun'l Moses" is the title of a recent sketch from his descriptive pen, and the story runs as follows:

"Just after the war the southern negroes applied military titles indiscriminately to denote the possession of wealth or social position, or local prominence of any sort. Plain 'mister' was reserved for preachers. The military titles were apt to be very confusing to a stranger, as at best they indicated only in a comparative way the importance of the men to whom they were applied. It was quite a safe assumption, for example, that "Gen'l Busbee" was higher in popular esteem than 'Cun'l James,' and 'Cun'l James' higher than 'Cap'n Dorsey,' but whether 'Gen'l' Busbee was a merchant, or a planter, or a banker, or something else, was left a matter of conjecture.

"In the course of years the military titles have come to have each a more or less definite significance. 'Colonel,' for instance, is now applied almost exclusively to lawyers.

"'Cun'l Graham gimme dis hat,' one negro might say to another.

"'Cun'l! How come him Cun'l Graham?'

"'Shuh, nigger, he been admitted two months, time er de las' co't.'

"The youngster's admission to the bar makes him a 'cun'l' and a 'cun'l' he remains so long as he practices law. The writer had occasion last summer to visit the home of Congressman Moses, now representing the fourth district of Georgia. After driving some distance along a country road, following directions given at starting, he stopped at the gate of an old-fashioned place, a long walk leading between rows of small cedars from the roadside to the house.

"A gray-headed darky, one of the sort that knows everybody for miles around, came along. He stopped and 'howdied' cordially. He was asked then:

"'Where does Mr. Moses live?'

"'Moses?' he repeated, in a puzzled tone.

"'Mr. Moses—Mr. C. L. Moses.'

"He scratched his head meditatively, looking up and down the road as if he thought the mysterious Mr. Moses might be somewhere in sight and might possibly be recognized.

"'Humph!' he said. 'I been livin' yer nigh onter sixty year, but guess you got me dis time, boss. Yasser, I spec' you got me dis time.'

"'Why, it must be in this neighborhood. It can't be far from here.'

"'Moses, Moses,' he repeated.

"'Congressman from——'

"'Cun'l Moses! Yasser. Cun'l Moses lives right here! I know'd dey was'n no 'Mister' Moses 'roun' yer. Dat's Cun'l Moses up dar on de po'ch.'

"The old darky was perfectly serious, and was genuinely relieved to learn that after all his memory had not been at fault, and that there was no 'Mister' Moses within ten miles of the congressman's home."

"Business is fairly awake once more in Columbus," said Mr. R. H. Brinn, of The Columbus Enquirer, yesterday, "and the town is entering upon a very prosperous season. The manufacturers are all feeling good over the outlook, and the merchants are enjoying a splendid trade. Columbus is one of the best business cities of the state to a dead moral certainty."

THE AFTERMATH.

Some Interesting Facts About the New Congressmen from Kentucky.

MR. CLEVELAND IS MUCH DISTURBED

Over the Result of the Elections—His Hopes of Diverting the Public Mind from the Recent Disaster.

(Special to The Cincinnati Enquirer.)

Washington, November 15.—The class who imagine the president is not sore over the recent elections have false bearings. He is more than mortified. The deep gulf into which a so recent victorious party has been hurled affects him, true not visibly, but deep-seated all the same.

The president now hopes by some change of base, which is to be as original as sensational, to divert the public mind from the recent disaster. He is satisfied that his radical free trade attitude is a mistake, and that it was repudiated at the polls. His game is now for something new to absorb public attention and which will for the nonce silence the clamor for free silver and dim to the memory his own crusade for free coal and iron.

Something it is known is going to drop. The president admits this much in the machine interview he caused to be promulgated to excuse the indignity he heaped upon Secretary Carlisle. He is going to reform the currency, and on this feature his message to congress will be conspicuous.

Just what he intends to do is as yet vague. The general principle, however, of his new effort at reform is to have the government go out of the banking business, and to have all the paper money issued by the national banks. This woud be, of course, state banking done in the states, but by corporations chartered by congress. The details of such a plan are too multifarious to anticipate, but the work is going on and the more conspicuous bankers of New York city are furnishing the suggestions which the president, it seems, is too eager to adopt.

It is becoming almost a byword in Washington that the real seat of power over the finances is not in the stone edifice known as the treasury building, but near Wall street in New York city, and that Subtreasurer Jordan is the herald Mercury who bears direct to the president the desires of the banking class and studiously avoids Secretary Carlisle.

This May Not Be True.

The Evening Star prints the following:

"A republican politician, who has been for several weeks in New York and who has had good opportunities for consultation with the republican leaders there, has arrived in Washington. He has seen Tom Platt since the election and had a conference with him upon the subject of the presidential nominating outlook within the republican party.

"This gentleman said: 'Mr. Platt looks to the republican future with great confidence and hopefulness, and he was much more frank in his expression of opinion as to the men and candidates than I supposed that he would be. He said that while New York would look with favor upon the candidacy of Tom Reed, of Maine, or of Senator Allison, of Iowa, it would not support either McKinley, of Ohio, or Harrison, of Indiana.'"

Will the Bond Issue Be Approved?

If the president supposes that by taking a snap judgment on congress and increasing the bonded gold debt of the country $50,000,000 by his own act, the executive usurpation will be accepted as a finality, he will probably be soon undeceived. His action will impose even a heavier burden on the cuckoos of the south and west, who sold out their constituents, than did the repeal of the Sherman act, and the veto of the bill to coin the silver in the federal treasury. A portion of these congressmen will bolt, flesh pots or no flesh pots, regardless of the odors from the presidential kitchen.

One of the most distinguished and kindest of the president's friends in congress expressed himself on the subject the other day, not with bitterness, but with deep regret at this extraordinary proceeding. He asked how members of the democratic party could go before their constituents and explain or defend this systematic policy of increasing the bonded debt of the country. He did not believe that the democratic masses would sustain it.

The fact that the president put off this step till after the election shows he did not think it apt to strike the public favorably, and his failure to submit the matter to congress indicates that he dare not rely on this body to help him out. It is now seen that one of the secret reasons for the president's support of the house Wilson bill was that the large deficit it created would furnish a plausible excuse for an issue of a hundred and more millions of bonds to carry on the government.

Broad Grins in Kentucky.

From The New York Sun.

Kentucky is on a broad grin. Election has done it. As soon as the republicans get over the stupefaction into which their unexpected victory has thrown them, a storm of cachinnation will go up all over the commonwealth. The surprise of finding Kentucky transferred to the republican column seems to be the funniest thing in the world to democrats. They can't understand it at all, and are inviting each other into saloons and trying to get enlightenment over cocktails.

There is hardly a doubt that seven of the eleven congressmen will be republicans. Democrats concede the election of six, and, as George Denny will make a contest in the Ashland district, it is not expected that Owens will be allowed to keep his seat. In addition to all this, the republicans claim the election of two out of four judges of the court of appeals, and they have elected a majority of county officers. This gives them control of the fiscal courts, sheriff's and county clerk's offices, and all the election machinery.

The result accounts for the stupefaction of the republicans and the bewildered realization of the democrats that, in the language of a celebrated Kentucky character in speaking of a minstrel show, "It's so d—d bad it's real good." This is why they regard it as a joke, and the sound of the clinking of glasses and the stirring of spoons is rising in a mighty volume all over the state. Men meet, slap each other on the back and then laugh till the tears roll down their cheeks.

"Why don't you take yourself to Texas or Georgia?" they say, and then they appear before a bar.

Some of the funniest things of all happened right here in Louisville. None of the republicans expected to win except a few of the most sanguine, three of whom announced themselves for congress. One of these was Walter Evans, who was internal revenue commissioner under President Arthur Mr. Evans has run for governor and for congress without success, but he served once in the general assembly. He is a man of considerable ability and great force of character, and has always been a stalwart of the stalwarts. In fact, he succeeded in controlling the Kentucky delegation for Grant, and was one of the 306 in the famous convention of 1880. Mr. Evans has the confidence of the business community, and thought the hard times would enable him to pull through. When he got the nomination the plan of the party leaders was not to put up any more candidates. The matter was quietly discussed, but there were two or three men who wanted to run for something and it was decided to give them a chance.

Still there was great difficulty in filling out the ticket. First one prominent man and then another was asked to let his name go on. Generally he refused. Most of them had had enough of running against democrats. Somebody else should work for the party, they declared. The result was that the ticket was pieced out in a fearful and wonderful manner. After two Irishmen had been put on a third was mentioned for county attorney, one of the best paying offices in Kentucky. Others objected, saying they had enough Irishmen already and the Germans ought to have a show. This was agreed to, and a young man, John Fults, was selected.

Fults isn't a German, but his name has a German sound and his nomination went. He had a law license, but had never hung out his shingle and had never had a client. He had made a living as a solicitor for advertising and job work for a lithographing concern, and had no money and not much time to spend in electioneering. His entire expenses in the canvass were just $40, half of which he spent in treating a crowd of railroad laborers and others in a town which happened to be just outside the Jefferson county line. He did not discover his mistake until the beer was all drank and he had asked personal pledges. Mr. Fults did not quit the stump, and, in spite of his speeches, went in with the rest of the ticket, though his opponent was a rich man of high character who had held the office many years.

Mr. Fults on the 1st of next January will step into an income of $8,000 to $12,000 a year, his pay being partially dependent upon fees. He is rejoicing greatly over his good luck. The day after the election he was met by a crowd and taken into a saloon, where all proceeded to drink. They ran up a bill of several dollars, and when Fults was called upon to settle it was found that he had only 40 cents in his pocket. He explained his embarrassing position, and the crowd set upon the counter and cheered the man who could win a $12,000 office with 40 cents.

Quite another sort of case is that of Mr. St. John Boyle, whose friends say he has been elected judge of the court of appeals, though the democratic candidate claims a majority of 34 votes on the face of the returns. Mr. Boyle is a rich corporation lawyer with a professional income of at least $25,000 to $30,000 a year. Judges of the court of appeals get only $5,000 a year, and Mr. Boyle likes big fees too well to care to go on the bench at such poor remuneration. He did not want to make the race, but loaned his name to strengthen the ticket and then went about his business, never soliciting a vote. If elected he will have to give up the receivership of a railroad and one of the finest corporation practices in Kentucky. Both he and his democratic opponent hope that he has been defeated.

Still another story is that of "Dick" Watts who has been elected jailer of this city and county. The office used to pay $30,000 a year and has considerable patronage. Watts is an ex-gambler, and so poor that his campaign expenses amounted to only $12.50. He would have spent more money, but he didn't have it. The most singular thing about his case is that when he was a gambler ten or twelve years ago he was indicted and convicted under a statute which disqualified violators from ever after holding office. Watts claimed that he was pardoned, and he has been elected by such a big majority that his democratic opponent says he will not contest his eligibility to the office. Neither will anybody else.

Watts is one of the characters of Louisville. Twelve years ago gambling houses ran "wide open" here, and he was the greatest "sport" in Louisville, with a royal income. He was the senior member of the firm of Watts, Hughes & Cathcart, who owned and operated the turf exchange poolroom and two or three gambling houses. "Bob" Cathcart was the prince of pool sellers and "Major" Hughes, the other partner, was, and is yet, the chief of Louisville's fire department. Cathcart died of heart disease just before gambling was broken up. It was due to an indiscretion on the part of Watts that the end came so soon.

The gamblers had not been troubled for years and Watts concluded to start a house on a scale of unprecedented splendor. He bought a lot a few doors below Fourth avenue, on Jefferson street, in the heart of the city, and put up a handsome building, which he named the Palais Royal. It was gorgeously fitted up. Watts was well known to the newspaper boys, and he showed one of his reporter friends through it. He explained his plans and showed the rooms where he said his "guests would be robbed," and where they could sleep all night if they desired. During this tour over the building the gambler made use of an expression that has since become famous—"A sucker is born every minute."

The reporter was a bright man, and wrote up a description of the Palais Royal and an account of the interview. That settled the fate of gambling. The church people were aroused, and started a crusade which did not end until every gambling house was closed. Watts had spent all he made with lavish hand, and he was soon penniless. He went to work and at last got a place in the postoffice at a salary of $1,000 a year. He made a good clerk, but when a democrat was appointed postmaster, a few months ago, he discharged "Dick" at once.

The ex-gambler could get no more work to do, and, the campaign coming on, he decided to run for office. He had been a good fellow when prosperous, and "the boys" did not forget him. His democratic friends organized what they called the Century Club, every member of which was pledged to vote for "Dick" Watts. Before the election came off there were 4,500 members, and they helped pull the whole ticket through.

There were several more instances just like these in Kentucky. One of the most curious is the election, as is now supposed, of one B. L. D. Guffy to the bench of the court of appeals. Guffy is a cross-road lawyer, who has been by turns democrat, granger, populist and republican, and as each has been a candidate. He concluded to run for judge of the state's highest court and had no opposition in getting the republican nomination. No one dreamed that he would be elected, but in the general landslide he appears to have beaten a scholarly and accomplished lawyer who was his opponent. The matter is an exceedingly serious one, but it is also funny to all who know "Alphabet" Guffy, as he is irreverantly called, and the newspaper wits are having a great deal of fun over his election.

IN THE LOCAL FIELD.

—Mr. Walter Taylor, one of the brightest and best known newspaper men of the city, has accepted a desirable position with the Kellogg Newspaper Company, which furnishes many of the daily and weekly papers of this region of the south with an excellent news service.

—Misses Justine and Allie Erwin, after a pleasant visit to other cities of the south, have returned to Atlanta, much to the delight of their many friends.

—Yesterday at 12:30 o'clock Mr. James A. Ware died at his residence in East End. Mr. Ware was one of the well-known contractors of Atlanta. His death was a particularly sad one, he having suffered much from the lingering and dreadful disease, consumption, and having a nineteen-year-old son lying critically ill at home with the same disease. The burial of the father will occur tomorrow and the funeral announcement will be made today. The son was barely expected to live through last night.

—News of the death of Benjamin R. Wimpy, son of Colonel John A. Wimpy, of this city, reached Atlanta yesterday from his home in Salt Lake City. He leaves a sorrowing wife to mourn his loss.

—Hon. T. B. Felder has gone to Waynesboro to attend to important legal business.

A CHARGE OF MURDER

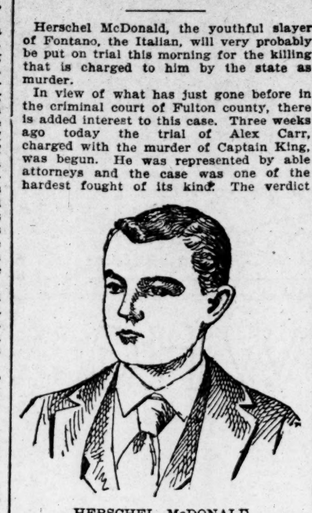
That Is the Serious Offense on Which McDonald Will Be Tried.

HIS CASE WILL BE CALLED TODAY

If It Goes to Trial It Will Be the Third Murder Case This Month—The Hickens to Be Tried.

Herschel McDonald, the youthful slayer of Fontano, the Italian, will very probably be put on trial this morning for the killing that is charged to him by the state as murder.

In view of what has just gone before in the criminal court of Fulton county, there is added interest to this case. Three weeks ago today the trial of Alex Carr, charged with the murder of Captain King, was begun. He was represented by able attorneys and the case was one of the hardest fought of its kind. The verdict



HERSCHEL McDONALD.

of the jury was that Carr was guilty of murder, despite the fact that witness after witness was introduced by the defendant to prove his insanity.

Then followed the dramatic and sensational trial of Will Myers last week. It concluded in a verdict of guilty, making the number of men to be sentenced by the judge two. There is a similarity between Myers and McDonald in the point of age alone. The murder that Myers was convicted of was one that sprung up from a desire for money, and the victim was led to an unfrequented spot, so that the assassination could be made without the slighest chance for observation—where it seemed impossible, at least to the murderer, that a clue could be found.

McDonald killed Fontano on the street, shooting him. He caimed that the Italian had threatened to kill him and had whipped him once. He says that the shooting was in self-defense and that he was forced to kill Fontano or be killed. When Fontano was searched after he was killed an open knife was found in one of his pockets. It is know that the two men did not like each other, and it is said that a woman was at the bottom of the affair. Fontano was a very handsome man, and when he came to Atlanta from Augusta, it is said that he met the woman with whom McDonald was in love and she became very much infatuated with the dark-eyed Italian and gave the blonde youth no further encouragement.

He Has Been Myers's Comrade.

McDonald and Myers have occupied the famous twelve spot cell together for sometime. They are entirely different in appearance. McDonald has a decidedly German cast of countenance, and appears to be not over-bright. He is a very stout, sturdy-looking fellow with short, curly, blonde hair. His remarks tend to the frivolous and he is rather careless in his dress. He believes that he will be acquitted.

McDonald's attorneys are the Messrs. Arnold. It is not believed that they will make an effort to have the case postponed.

Other Interesting Cases to Be Heard.

Next week the cases against Dr. and Mrs. M. E. Hicken, who are charged with forgery, will come up for a hearing. The woman has had much written about her and at one time was thought to be a notorious woman crook who had worked several firms in the north.

FOR THE REFORMATORY.

The Legislative Committee to Consider the Matter Today.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon, in rooms 24 and 25 of the state capitol, the house committee on penitentiary will meet.

Their first work will be the consideration of Mr. Harrison's bill for the establishment of a state reformatory.

The friends of that measure are urged to be in attendance upon that meeting, in order to give the committee any such information as may be needed.

The need of a state reformatory is so urgent that it seems unnecessary to say more on that point. That it can be managed inexpensively is shown by the testimony presented in yesterday's Constitution from the Richmond county reformatory. Civilization as well as Christianity demands that Georgia should make a change in her treatment of wayward children.

It is to be hoped that the committee will report back the bill now before it without unnecessary delay. Neither that bill, nor any other that can be prepared, is or can be perfect. If the present bill is adopted, the commissioners to be appointed under it, can, from time to time, so perfect it by securing additional legislation as finally to make the reformatory what it ought to be.

MORE STOLEN GOODS.

Paul Tabel Has Another Burglary Charged to Him.

Paul Tabel, the German hostler who was arrested Saturday night while rifling Senator Venable's home, is in a bad fix.

It seems that this is not his first offense. Before entering the service of Senator Venable he was employed as hostler for Mr. Henry L. McKey, the assistant manager of the United States Insurance Company.

When he left Mr. McKey that gentleman missed several valuable articles of china and silverware and a fine gold watch. The matter was reported to the police at the time, but a thorough search failed to locate the stolen property.

Yesterday Detective Ivey visited the sleeping apartments of Tabel, over Senator Venable's stables, and there found some of Mr. McKey's goods. The watch, however, could not be found, and Tabel last night denied that he had taken it.

He admitted to taking the china and silver ware and also to purloining the articles missed from Senator Venable's room. Tabel is a young man about twenty-four years old and speaks in broken English. He came here from Germany a year and a half ago. A photograph of his father and mother was found among his effects.

Tabel says his father is a druggist in good circumstances. He is completely broken up over the trouble he is in, and piteously begged the officers last night to beseech Senator Venable not to be hard on him.

"If I had a pistol," said he. "I would shoot myself rather than go to the penitentiary."

The Free Lecture to Ladies.

To be given only Monday, November 19th and Thursday, 22d, at the Young Men's Christian Association hall, by Dr. Frances Lee Drew. The Sunday's issue made a mistake in the dates. Remember the dates —19th and 22d only.

A BIG CROWD OUT

To Witness the Work on the Exposition Grounds Yesterday.

NEARLY A THOUSAND PEOPLE THERE

Everybody Pleased with the Outlook—The Grading Goes Gayly On—Everything Humming at the Grounds.

Nearly a thousand people visited the exposition park yesterday and witnessed the progress of the work on the grounds.

The Peachtree cars were crowded the entire day and the people gathered there from all quarters of the city. The pleasant weather and delightful autumn sunshine afforded them a splendid opportunity to get out and view the work and note the progress that has been wrought by the force of graders, and it was an interesting sight to see them crowding by the hundreds here and there about the grounds.

Those who have not been to Piedmont park since the first dirt was broken on the sites for the buildings that are to crown with beauty the rising hills and sunny slopes of the beautiful suburban spot were greatly surprised and delighted with the sight they saw yesterday.

Piedmont park presents a charming picture just at present. The hills around are lighted up with the rich and golden hues of autumnal splendor and the smooth, level arena where the race track once was is browned to a beautiful shade. Here and there the red clay has been turned and giant table lands are being shaped for the buildings. Immediately to the right on entering the grounds there is a great level place perfectly graded and here one of the most interesting of all the buildings is to go up.

To the left on the highest hilltop the ground is nearly in shape for the government building, which will be extremely striking and beautiful on its lofty pinnacle, overlooking the entire grounds.

Just a little further down the same slope will be the woman's building, and this site is nearly ready for the contractors to begin their work on the structure.

Away beyond the old race track the hands are busily engaged at present grading down the space that lies between the old machinery hall and the main building of the old exposition for one of the principal buildings of the exposition that is to be.

On the remote southern slopes there has been a wonderful change wrought by the hundreds of graders who have been at work for many days cutting out the basin of the lake that is to mirror the entire picture of the exposition in its blue and placid waters. This is one of the most interesting parts of the grading that has been done, and the hundreds of spectators yesterday stood for a long time about it observing the plans for the pretty lake.

The front walls of the exposition grounds have all been torn away, and the grading has thrown up red clay all about the old gateway.

The most interesting sight, however, is not to view the grounds on Sunday while the work is not in progress, but to go out during the week when the hundreds of graders are digging away, and the scores of mules with dirt carts hitched to them are trotting back and forth tearing down the hillsides and filling up the old unsightly gaps.

The Railroad Coming.

The Southern railway is preparing to build its new sidetracks into the heart of the exposition grounds in order to be ready to deliver the building material in time for the contractors to begin without delay when the graders announce ready for the work. The sidetrack will be about two miles in length, and will reach the most desirable places within the walls of the grounds.

When the railroad has thus entered the grounds, and the freight cars with all the material begin to roll in and deposit their loads for the contractors, it will, indeed, be a scene of busy industry out at the park.

It is extremely gratifying to the exposition authorities to witness the keen interest that is being manifested in the work by the masses of Atlanta.

Every Sunday the park is crowded with interested spectators who go out to see how the work is moving along.

The complaints heard a few weeks ago about the work being somewhat delayed have all been hushed, and the people who saw the state of affairs on the grounds yesterday were loud and enthusiastic in their expressions of delight at seeing the work humming along so serenely.

DEATH OF MRS. DR. GEO. CANDLER.

A Most Estimable Lady Passes Away After a Lingering Illness.

At an early hour yesterday morning Mrs. Sarah Candler, the wife of Dr. George H. Candler, until recently managing physician for the Electropoise Company, passed quietly to her rest, after several weeks' severe illness.

It is only a year since the eldest child of the Candler family, an eight-year-old boy, was run over by an electric car, near his parents' home on Highland avenue, and sustained injuries resulting in his death a few days later. Mrs. Candler had never fully recovered from the shock then received, and her vitality, reinforced and supported, as it was, by all that skill and love could suggest, became rapidly exhausted under the persistent attack of disease.

The funeral will occur this afternoon, the remains being temporarily interred here, pending a final removal to Mr. Candler's former home in Canada.

Georgia's Cincinnatus.

From The Memphis Commercial-Appeal.

William J. Northen, of Georgia, is a man of the true American type. As governor of the state his administration was in all respects exemplary, and he retired assured of the grateful regard of his people. Farming was his vocation. Before his election to the high office which he held with so much credit to himself, he operated a plantation of 1,200 acres, and was known widely as one of the most progressive of the state's experimental farmers. He was constantly testing the resources of the soil by the application of modern methods to its cultivation. It was supposed that, upon the expiration of his term, he would return to his plantation and would continue a factor in politics. But, strange as it may appear in these office-seeking days, Governor Northen did neither the one thing nor the other. Yet he followed the example of Cincinnatus, nevertheless. He concluded to begin farming on a broader plan. Thoroughly familiar with the political, social and material conditions of the state, with information derived from observation and experience at once personal and practical, the governor sold his plantation near Sparta and pitched his tent in Atlanta. There he has opened an office for the purpose of stimulating such immigration to Georgia as will tend to the development of the state which has honored him. He is not looking for recruits from the emigrant ships, but the dissatisfied farmers of the colder states. In this work he at once serves both his state and, we hope, himself. Regardless of what may be the measure of his success, we cannot but commend his course as eminently worthy of his character, and as in being according to the dictates of a pure patriotism. It is refreshing to find a man by whom the honors of place are held as mere incidents in a life spent for the most part in achievements that help his neighbors and fellow-citizens, and for whom private employment has a greater charm than the struggle from rung to rung up the political ladder. Governor Northen is such a man. Would there were more like him. The holding of a public position should fit a citizen for the brighter advancement of private station, instead of giving him mere lodgment in the ante-rooms of conventions, there to wait until the plate shall again be passed to him.

STOLE THEM AWAY

Two Young Girls Are Abducted from the Home for the Friendless.

WILL GO BACK TO SOUTH CAROLINA

The Eloping Couple Will Be Taken Back Today by the Sheriff of Lancaster. What the Girl Says.

Ola Williams and Lizzie Nash, two thirteen-year-old girls, were abducted from the Home for the Friendless Saturday.

Saturday night the father of Ola Williams was arrested on the charge of kidnaping and several other arrests will probably follow.

Two months ago the girl ran away from Chattanooga, where she was living with her father and came to Atlanta. Her mysterious disappearance created quite a sensation in that place at the time and Chief Hill made many efforts to locate her. He heard that she had made her way to this city and a correspondence with Chief Connolly ensued, resulting in the girl being found in a house on Butler street.

She said that she ran away because her father treated her badly, but investigation showed that she had been decoyed away by her mother, who had been divorced for several years. Chief Connolly did not think the surroundings proper for a child so young, and by the agreement of the mother who signed papers relinquishing all claims she was sent to the Home for the Friendless.

Here she remained until yesterday about noon, when it was discovered that she and Lizzie Nash, who roomed with her, were missing. The escape was at once telephoned to police headquarters and the detectives were put to work on the case. Extensive search failed to locate either girl but Officer Beavers learned that they had been seen at the house which the mother of Ola Williams occupied. She acknowledged that she had seen them and that she knew where they had gone, but refused to tell any more. By order of the chief she was arrested and will be held on the charge of kidnaping.

It is thought that she, with several other women, decoyed the girls from the home and have them concealed for bad purposes.

Rebecca Welch and Mamie Williams, two white women, were locked up at police headquarters on the charge of kidnaping the girls.

Charles Welch, who is an employe of the city sanitary department, is also under arrest on the same charge.

The women were charged with decoying two young girls from the Home for the Friendless on Saturday night, and Charles Welch is suspected of aiding them in the act.

The Welch woman, however, was released yesterday.

The disappearance of the girls from the home was reported at police headquarters at once and a search for them was begun. It was discovered by Sergeant Osborn and Call Officer Beavers that Mamie Williams, living at the corner of Butler and Hunter streeth, was the mother of one of the missing children, and the officers went to her home at 11 o'clock Saturday night and there found Rebecca Welch, both of whom they arrested and carried to the station house.

The women, as has been stated, at first denied any knowledge of the whereabouts of the children, but at last admitted that they had gone from the home. Statements made by them led to the arrest of Charles Welch, and when he was brought in he told the officers that the children were at a house near the waterworks.

The children were found an hour later and carried to police headquarters where they were kept until 6 o'cock, when they were carried back to the home.

The Williams woman denies that the children were kidnaped, but said that her daughter left the home of her own volition, taking the other child with her.

Charles Welch admitted that the children came to his house and said that he carried them out to the house of a woman named Holcomb, living near the new waterworks, where they were found.

Back from South Carolina.

Sheriff Hood has arrived from Lancaster, S. C., for the purpose of carrying back to the Palmetto state Miss Elizabeth Vaughn and Davis, the young man who is charged with enticing her from home.

The young lady is very much agitated over the arrest and passes most of the time weeping. Davis evidently exercises a strong influence over the country girl and her efforts to shield him show it.

"I came away from home because I wanted to," she said. "He did not persuade me to come. I wanted to leave home anyhow because my father was drunk most of the time and he had lost all of his property and could not support me. I knew that Mr. Davis was coming and I said that I would come with him."

Davis is indignant over his arrest and says that he has been imposed upon. There are other charges against him, however, besides abduction, and the detectives consider it one of the best catches made recently.

Cut Her Throat.

There came near being a fatal difficulty in a restaurant on Decatur street and a dull razor got in its work.

Alice King, a notorious negro, came into the place in an intoxicated condition. Her language offended one of the men and he resented it, emphasizing his remarks with a dull razor, which he slashed across the woman's throat, making a ghastly wound.

She was able to return home but a stream of blood marked her pathway.

Singular Coins.

Barnesville, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) A singular incident happened a few days ago. Mr. Hill Powell collected some money from a man who owed him, and the amount was paid him in bills, except $8, $6 of which was paid in silver dollars and the other two in half-dollars. The singular part of it was that the six silver dollars were of consecutive dates, commencing with 1857 and ending with 1892. How it happened thus was merely an accident, as they were not selected in the order named. Mr. Powell would not have noticed it possibly, had he not glanced at two and found them of consecutive dates, and curiosity led him to find out of what date the remainder were.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE
AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

AT THE THEATER.

"Blue Jeans" Tonight at the Grand. Matinee Tomorrow.

Probably the mot interesting as well as one of the foremost attractions of the season, will be "Blue Jeans," which comes to the Grand tonight and Tuesday.

Much has been said concerning this play, which has had such great runs in the larger cities, and, therefore, our theatergoers know full well the merits of this attraction.

The New Orleans Daily States, of October 29th, said of "Blue Jeans:"

"'Blue Jeans' comes very near being the brightest and best attraction that the Academy management have been able to offer to their patrons this season. It is a play with some strikingly original and realistic feature, acted by a company of ability and staged with much nicety of detail. 'Blue Jeans' occupies a place in that class of comedy dramas which are pleasing and successful because they are faithful likenesses of picturesque rural character and manners, and because they are clean and wholesome in their dialogue, and effective in their action. The scenes are laid in one of the most interesting districts of Indiana, and the quaint local customs, and even quainter accent are preserved in all their native freshness and natural beauty. Even the clothes the Bascoms and Tutwilers wear are the real article of blue jeans. There is rather an even division of humor and sentiment in the story and an abundance of realism is to be found in the wonderfully stirring climax of the third act, which aroused the audience to a burst of applause prolonged until the chief characters made their appearance before the curtain.

"The honors fell to Miss Buckley and Mr. Chaplain. Miss Buckley has histrionic gifts by inheritance, the Buckley name being well known on the stage. Miss Buckley's performance last night was admirable. She is not a rarely beautiful woman—nor even a decidedly pretty one—but she is rich in the possession of a remarkably expressive voice and vivacious, mischievous and sympathetic eyes, and adding to these gifts to others of a clever actress, she treats her audience to a character inexpressibly sweet, and one which holds attention throughout. Mr. Chaplain dressed and acted the part of a rural politician excellently, and was one of the most welcome figures on the stage. Mr. Ambrose's opportunities are limited, but he takes full advantage of them, and Miss Goundrse played the thankless part of plebian adventuress with very pronounced skill. Of the others who appeared in the cast, Mr. Elwood and Mr. Bruce have fair ability, while Mr. Udell made a capital part of Jim Tutwiler in his indescribably loud dress and his picturesquely tough voice and face. The minor characters are in competent hands."

"Jane" Next.

"Jane," very aptly styled the queen of comedies," will be the attraction Wednesday and Thursday at the Grand.

"Jane" has been seen here on several occasions, but it never seems to lose its great popularity.

The company which will present it this time is Gustave Frohman's company, headed by Miss Belle Gilbert, who takes the part of "Jane."

As a curtain raiser, the beautiful little play, "One Fault of Nature," will be given.

"CALLED BACK."

South Carolina's Runaway Couple Taken Back.

C. E. Davis and Miss Vaughn, who were arrested in Atlanta on a telegram from Lancaster, S. C., a few days ago, were taken back to that place yesterday. The sheriff of Lancaster county came for them and left at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Both parties were detained at police headquarters until the South Carolina officer arrived.

The young woman seemed to be badly distressed over the turn of affairs and left Atlanta weeping. Davis, who admits having a living wife, maintained that Miss Vaughn accompanied him to Atlanta of her own free will and the young woman corroborated the statement.

The Bank to Open.

Tifton, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—It has been definitely settled by the stockholders to open the Bank of Tifton for business this winter. The city has needed an institution of this character for a long time and suffered many business inconveniences for the lack of one.

A client wants to place in one loan
$15,000 to $20,000
on business property or gilt-edge residence property in Atlanta.
BARKER & HOLLEMAN,
Rooms 30, 31, 32 Gould Building.
nov. 15-7t-op-e

DIAMONDS—We sell them.
Silverware—The newest and best assortment in the city.
Watches—For ladies or gentlemen. Every one guaranteed. A large assortment.
Clocks—We have them world without end. Suitable for library, office or home.
YES!
We carry a full line of goods suitable for
Wedding Presents.
Headquarters on that. Come.
Stilson & Collins Jewelry Co
55 Whitehall St.

Men's Underwear.
Many're the men that've taken refuge from the biting co.d of the past few days, in the warm, soft, pleasant-to-the-touch, comfortable underwear, that they've found at our store.
We make a specialty of good underwear and sell it at the lowest prices consistent with the quality.
A. O. M. GAY & SON.

Keep in mind, we invite you to a storeful of All-Wool Clothing manufactured and sold so that it's yours with one profit.
It's the only way to sell at our prices. The big business is our business policy, not the big profits. We're sure we're on the right road when cloth from the makers passes through our own workrooms to your backs,
Can't see the end of our time for manufacturing the popular $10 Overcoat. It's the long Black Swagger. Compare with what somebody shows you bought elsewhere at $15. If you want to pay $40, we've got the Coats for it.
More than a thousand Boys' Reefers and Overcoats ready here for this week at offish prices. Every one is fast color and all wool. Our special Sailor Collar Reefers are nobby. Finest, best Overcoats we know of anywhere at big discount from former cost.
Custom Tailoring.
A modest tailor—did you ever know one? Our merchant tailor—Mr. Robert Sharpe—says that his prices will prove his modesty. A Suit for $37.50 to order. Have you notions about your clothes? Tell us them and we'll make them concrete in cloth. Our tailor is not so modest but he boasts of good tailoring. We help his effrontery by printing this. He wants to tailor all men.
Eiseman Bros.,
WASHINGTON, D. C. Cor. 7th and F. Sts., N. W.
ATLANTA, GA. 15-17 Whitehall St.
BALTIMORE, MD. Factory, 213 W. German St.
Only Manufacturers of Clothing in the South Dealing Direct With Consumer.
NO BRANCH HOUSE IN THE CITY

THE DAY AT CHURCH

A Beautiful Autumn Sabbath Brought Out Great Congregations,

AND STRONG SERMONS WERE PREACHED

Dr. Barnett at the First Presbyterian—Dr. Lewis at Trinity—Other Churches Where Services Were Held.

An immense congregation crowded Trinity church yesterday at 11 o'clock to hear the last sermon of their pastor, Dr. Walker Lewis, and it was one that will be long remembered.

Dr. Lewis came as pastor to Trinity church four years ago, being transferred from Nashville, where he was chaplain of Vanderbilt university and pastor of West End church.

By the system worked in the Southern Methodist church, a preacher cannot serve longer than four years at any one place, hence Dr. Lewis will be given new work this week, as the annual conference will meet in Rome next Thursday.

Dr. Lewis's four years at Trinity has endeared him and his family to many who will regret if the bishop sees fit to send him away from the city, for in that event Atlanta would loose one of its greatest pulpit orators and one who cares absolutely nothing for popularity or policy.

Trinity will be fortunate if she succeeds in getting his equal. His sermon yesterday was a grand one, deep and broad. The preacher was heard at his best, and his last sermon was a great treat to an immensely crowded church. His text was:

"But God, Who is rich in mercy, for His great love wherewith He loved us even when we were dead in sins, hath quickened us together with Christ. * * * And hath raised us up together and made us sit together in heavenly places in Christ Jesus, that in ages to come He might show the exceeding riches of His kindness toward us in Christ Jesus."—Ephesians, ii, 4-7.

"This is a vast utterance," said the pastor. "Its sweep is through time into the reaches of eternity, revealing the great facts of Christian life, and showing the soul from beginning to glorification in both worlds.

"The life from God is the beginning of this movement. 'Hath quickened us together with Christ,' or, as the Greek words also may be read, 'Hath restored us to life with Christ.' The resurrection of Christ is the type and condition of the soul's quickening, and we are shut up to God's recall to life if we are to have spiritual life at all.

How Comes It?

"Law can't bring it. That may command and yet there is no response in the world of the dead. Culture, rich in all the graces of civilization, may serenade these sleepers, but they wake not. Morality, even the purest, is powerless to help here. As well expect the artist with his mallet and chisel to turn the faultless figure of a man into a man indeed as look for spiritual life in the domain of the merely moral. Only God is equal to man's quickening. The mysteriousness of this fact is profound—whence it cometh and whither it goeth, eluding the intellect. But the fact is indisputable. What matter how, whether God comes to the dead soul for its swift awakening, as to the sepulcher and its holy dead, on the path of angel's descent, or in the slower process of moral leavening; provided only that we live the life of God?

"'And hath made us sit together.' It is in the fact of our spiritual endowment that we are brought together. All other basis of fellowship is inadequate. To what end did the scholarly apostle declare 'that God had made all nations of one blood? That truth coexists with the widest difference, and the profoundest alienations. The constitution heralds the equality of all men, but life denies the utterance. The club is the widest fellowship the political or business or social worlds can find. But when men themselves have and see others having the divine life, in that fact which overshadows the accidental and fugitive distinctions of time, they feel and yield to the instinct of fellowship.

"And it is a high as well as an abiding communion. Some fellowships are degrading. They sink the soul. Not thus in this fellowship of the saints. They reach that level only when lifted. Up only leads to that communion. It is realized nowhere bu in the heavenly places. Over that realm where the artificial distinctions of earth are despised, or swallowed up in the brighter glory of eternal life, where only it is possible for the rich and the poor to meet together—the higher heaven is not unfrequently open, and the saints are glad in the songs of the sky. More than its joys are its fruits. The best spiritual education and fitness of soul for the lofty purpose of providence!

"But why aspire to that high fellowship? Are we to stay then longer than a brieftime? The ties that bind us, are the not broken and away we go?This life is far from being all or best—it is but the beginning of the fittest to survive. We are not 'flying shutties,' or 'withered flowers,' or 'vanishing clouds of morn,' that despair calls us as its eye-rest this side of the earth's horizon, but we are inheritors of the age—neither dying, nor tasting death, nor even seeing it.

"We are to see the riches of His kindness in the ages to come. The forgotten sins of the saints are in that overflowing measure. To hide sins is to publish them from forehead and housetop—to have them set in order before our sight. But, forgiven, they are forgotten—never to be mentioned; shoved forever out of sight—infinite goodness revealing only that love which, with its mantle of divinest pity, covers them up, as under piles of mountains, whence no devil of accusation can ever dig them up.

Exceeding Riches of Kindness!

"The communication of the divine nature. 'That He may be filled with all the fullness of God,' was both the prayer of the apostles for His churches, and the foreseen fact of their future. As Christ came down into human flesh, and that flesh was lifted up to the throne, so we who have in our souls His nature formed as our hope of glory, are lifted to His upper state. To us is communicated the divine nature. Partakers of it is the reward of escaping from corruption. The God-life and the God-nature and the God-glorification are promised here as our end. Like Him, become anew in His image! Sons, not by adoption, but by communication of essence and life.

Why Doubt Our Future?

"God is rich in mercy, pouring himself into our nature. He is the same fullness of glory. And His love, great towards us when we were dead in sins, sweeps us on before its joyous and irrepressible movement—hurrying us into sonship and life.

"How glorious is the Christian life! What holy and helpful and elevated communion! What exalted experiences of person and heart! The ages to come are full of rich and glorious surprises—kindness upon kindness—mercy upon mercy—love upon love."

At Moore Memorial Church.

There was a large congregation at Moore's Memorial church yesterday to greet the regular pastor, Rev. A. R. Holderby.

The text was Psalm viii, 4: "What is man that thou art mindful of Him and the son of man that thou art visiteth him."

The minister applied these words of David, the young man who had been pursued with such persistence. He drew a beautiful lesson from the text, and preached one of the most entertaining sermons that have been heard form the pulpit there for quite a long time.

He emphasized the fact that man is next to God in creation.He is God's masterpiece. The infidel says man is but an atom in the great world. God's word says man is the next highest creature.

Applying the though to the text he drew the lesson on the morning most forcibly.

At the First Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Barnett delivered a very interesting sermon yesterday morning from his pulpit upon the inheritance of the Christian after death. The text was taken from Colossians 1:12—"Giving thanks with the Father, which hath made us meet to be partakers of the inheritance of the saints in light."

"Our inheritance traces the great stream of salvation from its mouth to its source and revels in the glory of the Redeemer," said the divine. "We have been discussing the benefits of the Christian; today we consider what is ours beyond. There comes to each of us that great change—death. The soul cannot die, but the physical body perishes. This mortal life cannot inherit the kingdom of God. It must be renovated and purified. Through the grave is offered the vista of the life that lies beyond. Whatever is beyond is an inheritance. It is the same as that of which Peter and Paul and David spake and sang and is a heritage for us. The heritage of your fathers comes through your lineage and worth. The coronet of a duke rests over the little infant in the cradle, because he was born under the purple. The Christian is heir of the priceless inheritance bequeathed by his Heavenly Father, not from any merit of his own—only because he is a child of God. Jesus Christ in His life and death on the cross absolved our sins. Everything we possess comes to us from His goodness to mercy. How blessed is this inheritance. Our works are as nothing in the sight of God. Grace guides our every step.

"What is the character of this heritage? Men inherit wealth, land, bonds, beauty of person, dukedoms, etc. Fathers and mothers should be exceedingly careful that they do not leave an awful, damning heritage to posterity. Our inheritance is glorious and undefiled.

"The heritage is a glorified body. That man is fortunate who inherits a sound body. This is one element of happiness. The animal spirit of a child, which lends a bloom to its cheek, seems to say it is a joy to live. The believers who saw Christ at the ascension recognized that He had a body, but like that which appeared to the disciples on the Mount of Transfiguration, beautiful, white as the driven snow, with a glorified light shining about it.

"Sound health and a bright mind are to be desired. Our body should be like Adam's, which was perfect. It is a quickened intellect. Those are to be envied who inherit minds which can grasp the things of this life. Many do not see the beauties of a mathematical problem. These are gymnasiums for the development of our intellectual powers. There is a pleasure in acquisition, in active exercise of the brain. If we could instil this truth into the school children of our city how easy would be the tasks of the teachers. What powers are opened to man in the extent of God's domain.

"Social advantages and delights. We shall be bound by ties that are happy, lasting. One who isolates himself from his fellow beings does not enjoy the sweet pleasure of companionship. How the memories of old associations—especially the home—come over us. When we used to assemble on Saturday afternoons at the old homestead and enjoy the service, led by our grandparents. Such reminiscences oft crowd upon us.

"The disciples of transfiguration knew instinctively that this was Moses and that Elijah, the social ties were so strong. In heaven we shall see the saints of all past ages and with them know and explore the great church of God. I shall see all to whom I ever preached, my family, the members of all nations. We are bound together as a single family and hand in hand shall enter the inheritance prepared for us.

"It seems more glorious when we think that we are to be like God. Christ's image will be stamped upon the Christian's soul and His power become ours.

"As a boy I thought of the golden streets of heaven; its jasper gates; its beauty and magnificence. By and by as trouble came and friends departed to the other shore I thought how pleasant it would be to rest in that sacred home. Today heaven, with its rest, its golden streets and pearly gates fades away and I feel that I shall be vested with the angels' power. It so seems to me that I long to be there. The main character of God is to be infused in me and I shall think and know as He.

"We should delight in doing good service for God. Heaven is not a place of green fields and pleasure and idleness. There they serve Him day and night. There worship is continual. It is the reflex action of our mortal natures, made to work and labor without sorrow and trouble. There is the communion with God. It is a delight to talk face to face with a friend, with those who have trod this earth with me for a quarter of a century; but to meet with God is bliss beyond comparison. Heaven is not so far away—we measure distance by minutes, not miles. It requires but a moment for the thansfigured soul to pass through the vale and be with Christ.

"Six years ago this congregation offered me a vacation and money to take a trip to the Holy Land. I accepted. I had read of the orient, its cities, its people, its legends and history. From the time I left this country my face was towards the east. The journey was a long one, but after some weeks I saw from the deck of the ship a low line of hills. Later on I crossed the plains and ascended the Mount of Olives and beheld the ancient, hallowed city in its beautiful, imposing situation. I felt but one sorrow—that my congregation and friends were not with me. I am going to another city that is brighter than day, and I am as sure of finding it as the Judean city in the east. Won't you go with me?"

Salt rheum with its intense itching, dry, hot skin is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it purifies the blood.

ATLANTA PRIVATE ACADEMY.

At the Grand.

Classics, French, English and mathematics taught by personal instruction. Students progress most rapidly; enter "Caesar" in two months, and solve fractional equations in four weeks from beginning; also, make equal advancement in arithmetic and grammar. This school is now fully established in the confidence of its patrons. Go and investigate for yourselves.

$45,000.

Keep Your Eye on Day and Date and Location, Cut This Out, Save It and Wait.

In consequence of the late fire which devastated the city of New York, of which all the leading newspapers gave a full account, where the front portion only of five entire floors of one of the largest manufacturing clothiers of that city was ablaze and owing to the heroic efforts of the brave firemen $45,000 worth of fine fall and winter clothing for men, boys and children has been saved and untouched, and the entire stock has been ordered by the insurance authorities to be removed to Atlanta, Ga., and the entire building, No. 121 Whitehall street, between Mitchell and Trinity avenue, has been closed for one week until Thursday morning, November 22, 1894, at 9 o'clock, promptly, when the doors will be swung open for the purpose of this great fire insurance sale of clothing. As all goods have been appraised at 33 cents on the dollar, this wonderful sale of clothing will enable the people of this city and surrounding country to buy their clothing for almost nothing, as the entire stock must be turned into cash money to effect an immediate settlement of insurance policies. But before proceeding further bear in mind, this is no fake fire or damaged by smoke or water sale, but a bona fide fire insurance sale of clothing, and sale positively limited to ten days only. We mention a few prices to show what extraordinary bargains are being offered and remember there are thousands of other great bargains which we have no space to mention here. A splendid suit of men's clothes $2.97; this suit is well made, all to match, latest style and really worth $12. We allow you to keep this suit home four days and if you are not satisfied with it, no matter what the cause, if not soiled, we freely agree to return you $2.97. A beautiful double-breasted black cheviot suit for men $5.21, worth $16. Men's elegant fancy cassimere suit $6.42, worth $18. Also over 5,000 fine dress suits in tricot, wide wales, clays, diagonals, in silk and satin lined, in all shades, that will be sold equally as cheap. Men's tailor-made overcoats, handsomely lined, worth $25, will be slaughtered at $7.14 Men's good pants at 69 cents, worth $1.75. A beautiful pair of dress pants $2.64, worth $6. Children's suits 98 cents, worth $3. Children's knee pants 14 cents, and thousands of other great bargains, which will be sold at 33 cents on the dollar. Come rain or shine, here's one chance of a lifetime to buy your clothing at next to nothing. Open at night till 9 o'clock; Saturday, to 11 o'clock. No auction. Make no mistake. Look for the big red sign and number. Great Fire Insurance Sale of Clothing, No. 121 Whitehall street, between Mitchell and Trinity avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

If the Baby Is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Three Days.

Cabinet Photos, $1.75 per dozen.

ANGLIN & RANDALL,
nov 16-3t. 75½ Peachtree st.

Dr. Hathaway & Co. are the leading specialists in all diseases peculiar to men and women. 22½ South Broad street.
marl8-1y

MIKE KELLY AT THE RACES.

How He Used to Have Fun with the Starter and Amuse the Railbirds.

Those who attended the races at Garfield in 1882 were familiar with the aspirations of the late Mike Kelly to become a race track starter. The happy-go-lucky, meteoric humorist of the diamond delighted in swaggering about the timer's stand and Starter Pettingill's box uttering remarks that tickled him hugely, for he laughed immoderately at the starter's impatience. I suspect that, after all, Kelly's talk was "put on," and that he could not have been induced to take up the starter's flag for even the proverbial "$100 per day." It was very laughable to see King Kel entertaining the rail-birds with his plans. I overheard some of his remarks. "Wouldn't I make a sweet guy with the little red flag, boys? Oh, I'll keep out of jail. How can I overlook 100 plunks a day? It looks dead easy. But hold on, what does b. g. mean on this programme? You've got to know all about the side features of this horse game to drop a flag, see? If a horse is gray, he doesn't get away with the others, well, let's take the first lesson in starting."

And the prince of ball players walked pompously across the track, counting his paces. "Humph! Sixty feet wide or more. Room enough to start a field of elephants! Now, let's see you line the horses up, swear a few hundred words at the jockeys, point your flag at the one you don't like, to make a grandstand think he is breaking up a start, and, finally, drop the rag and then ride back to hear the lambs what have bets up tell what a practiced eye and steady nerve you have. Why"—

Kelly had wandered into the way of a colt that was working around the track with an exercise-boy up, and barely escaped being run down. Turning quickly, he shouted: "Don't you know your new starter? I'll set you down for eighty-seven years when I take command here." Kelly then watched Pettingill dispatch a field, and returned to the bar to tell his friends what he thought about starting race horses. Somehow the $10,000 beauty must have arrived at the conclusion that he was not cut out for a starter, for that was the last he said about "waving the rag for $100 per day."

News Notes from Wilkes.

Washington, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) Mr. B. A. Neal planted 125 acres in cotton this year and will gather 125 bales of cotton—a bale to the acre on the land. This is a remarkably large yield when the large area is considered.

Captain C. A. Alexander is wearing a neat suit of jeans, the wool for making which was grown on his farm.

Jim Colucke, a colored man of this place, killed a hog yesterday that weighed on foot 410 pounds. Such records as this in hog raising in this part of the country will go a long way toward doing away with hard times.

This is hog killing times in Wilkes and a great many fine hogs are being slaughtered. Farmers have more than for many years past, perhaps more than ever before.

LETTER LIST.

List of letters remaining in Atlanta, Ga., postoffice November 17, 1894. Persons calling will please say "advertised" and give date. One cent must be paid on each advertised letter:

Ladies' List.

A.—Miss Mary Allen, West End; Miss Lannie Alford.

B.—Mrs. Annie L. Bishop 2; Mrs. Dora Busby, 10 George; Miss Lutie Bagit, 302 Avenue; Mrs. Lutie Wright Benton, Miss Jennie Ballard, Miss Mary F. Bokite, 160 Markham.

C.—Mrs. Cornelia Colbert, 179 Conley; Mrs. Fanny L. Christie, Miss Mamie Carroll, 217 Fair; Mrs. Sam Cox, 25 Houston; Mrs. F. T. Chester.

D.—Mrs. James DeGroat, Mrs. Ida Dean, Mrs. M. A. Durgin.

E.—Miss Sarah Eves, 174 Fulton.

F.—Miss Elma Floyd, 155 Ivy; Miss Delia Foster.

G.—Mrs. Burwell Gardner, Mrs. Cul Grant, Miss Eva Gosnell, 34 Marietta; Mrs. Josie Garrett, 66 Richards; Miss Loretta Gibson; Mrs. Rachel Gantt, 59 W. Hunter; Mrs. J. A. Gantt.

H.—Mrs. F. A. Howse, Miss Rachel Hause, 50 Calhoun; Mrs. F. J. Hancock, 78 E. Fair; Miss Hannah A. Howell, Miss Nora Henning, Miss M. M. Henson, 591 Decatur; Sarah Hunt.

I.—Miss Becky Ivy, 147 Whitehall; Mrs. Mater Ives.

J.—Miss Harriet Johnson, M. J. Jones, 15 Hemlton.

L.—Mrs. Lila Lindley, Miss Sallie Lemon, 125 Ivy.

M.—Mrs. Clayton Merrill, Mrs. Eliza Meadors, Mrs. Hattie Moore, Miss Lula Mathews, 135 Whitehall; Mrs. Sylvia Morris, 11 Courtland.

O.—Mary Owens, col., 500½ Peachtree.

P.—Miss Maud Porter.

R.—Mrs. A. M. Raines, 142 Henry; Miss Amanda Roberson, 187 Aul; Miss Emiline Rhodes, East Harris; Miss Mollie Rhoe, 103 Greensferry.

S.—Mrs. Shelby, Mrs. Eva Simmons, Bell street; Mrs. Ellen Stenson, Mrs. Hattie Sherman, Miss Lela Scott, Miss Lois Stephens, Box 26; Mrs. Mary Simpson, 9 Bray street; Miss Malissie Siffer, 63 Ella; Mrs. Mattie Smith, 174 Beckwith; Miss Carrie Sims, 90 Forsyth.

T.—Miss Linie Trolinger, Miss Lizzie Taylor.

W.—Miss Anna Williams, East Fair street; Miss Birdie Woodward, 15 Smith; Rosa Walker, No. 158; Mrs. Cora J. Wylie, Miss Adline Williams, 365 Decatur; Mrs. E. Watts, 151 Whitehall; Mrs. E. P. Ward, Miss Lula Williams, 141 Nelson; Mrs. Lou Williams, 93 Fraser.

Z.—Stella Zanour.

Gentlemen's List.

A.—Eddie Alexander, M. J. Aldwin.

B.—Eddie Brooton Bush, Anderson Barnett, Charlie Berry, 11 Magnolia; Frank L. Butler, Ell Barett, George D. Boyd, George Bird, M. A. Benhard, T. B. Burdick, W. N. Brown, Willie Broomhead, 107 Fifth; Colonel W. H. Beck.

C.—Charley Cessua, F. C. Cooledge, Edwin L. Collier, H. L. Campbell, J. G. Corpening.

D.—C. A. Dodson, H. H. Dickson, H. V. Daniel, J. D. Dickson, No. 290; W. A. Davis.

E.—Alex Elkins, 22 Jennings; A. D. Estes, Prince Emanuel, 222 Whitehall; T. W. Edwards, Box 28; William R. Evitt.

F.—Thomas Franklin, col., 224 Piedmont.

G.—C. Gonnigan, 17 Piedmont; H. T. Goldwasser.

H.—A. E. Hurd, Chitsom Hammond, 66½ Whitehall; D. H. Heard, care D. M. Farry; Flord Hood, 121 Anvon; E. L. Hudson, H. W. Harvin, James W. Hunnicutt, Loyd street, Sam Harvell.

J.—N. J. Johnson, Mr. Johnstone, James T. Jefferson.

K.—J. M. Kirkland, James L. Kinnebrew, W. N. Kilgore.

L.—William F. Law, 15 Houston; Thomas G. Lewis, attorney at law; Samuel G. Lett, John Love.

M.—F. E. Morgan, George May, 79 South Pryor; J. H. Minnor, W. T. Milhollin.

N.—E. A. Nelson.

O.—Winslow Orr, col.

P.—William Parker, Piedmont street; G. B. Parke, Palmetto Lightning Rod Company.

R.—Rev. A. Robinson, Andrew Richardson, Erskine Reed, drawer 457; Henry Reed, 180 Glenn; W. J. Robertson, 90 Auburn.

S.—W. L. Smith, 59 S. Pryor; M. M. Smith, care Journal; Edgar Stark, 53 Ponce de Leon; F. Steele Strong; J. C. Sabin, John W. Stair, Louis Secks, L. G. Sett, Sammie Shuler, 96 Butler; S. H. Sherly, W. N. Strickland, W. F. Shaw.

T.—G. B. Thompson, James Tewlsey, James Thomas, care Lizzie Wood, col.; J. O. Tilden, Pope Tompson, Syles Tramble, 24 Harlem.

V.—V. T. Vites.

W.—Clayton Wise, Woodward avenue; H. G. Ware, J. L. White, John A. Wofford, J. L. Whittle, R. W. Wohauka.

Z.—Charles Zimmerman, 2.

To insure prompt delivery have mail directed to street and number.

AMOS FOX, Postmaster.
C. K. MADDOX, Superintendent.

NORTH GEORGIA CONFERENCE,

M. E. Church, Rome, Ga., November 22d-30th.

Rates of one and one-third fare for the round trip on certificate plan have been arranged via the Southern railway to Rome, Ga., on account of above conference. The Southern railway is the short line to Rome. Three daily trains going and returning on quick and convenient schedules. For tickets and schedules apply to nearest agent Southern railway.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.			
From Hapeville	6 45 am	To Hapeville	5 40am
$From Savannah	7 45 am	To Hapeville	6 50 am
From Hapeville	8 15 am	$To Savannah	7 30 am
From Hapeville	9 45 am	To Hapeville	8 30am
From Macon	11 10 am	To Hapeville	12 15 pm
From Hapeville	2 00 pm	To Hapeville	2 45 pm
From Hapeville	4 15 pm	$To Macon	4 25 pm
From Hapevile	6 05 pm	To Hapeville	4 45 pm
From Hapeville	7 20 pm	To Hapeville	6 10 pm
$FromSavannah	8 05 pm	$To Savannah	6 55 pm
Following Trains Sunday only		Following Trains Sunday only:	
From Hapeville..	10 40 am	To Hapeville	9 00 am
$From Hapeville..	2 45pm	To Hapeville	12 50 pm
WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.			
$From Nashville..	7 00 am	$To Nashville	8 05 am
From Marietta	8 30 am	$To Chattanooga	2 00 pm
From Rome	10 50 a m	To Rome	4 00 p m
$From Chatt'n'ga	12 25pm	To Marietta	5 30 pm
$From Nashville	6 25 pm	$To Nashville	8 20 pm
ATLANTA AN WEST POINT RAILROAD.			
$From Montg'm'y	6 40am	$To Montgomery	5 35 am
From Newnan	8 20 am	To Manchester	8 35 am
From Manchester	10 30 am	To Palmetto	11 55 am
$From Selma	11 40 am	$To Montgomery	1 30 pm
From Palmetto	2 20 pm	$To Selma	4 20 pm
$From Montg'm'y	6 15 pm	To Newnan	5 45 pm
Following Train Sunday only:		Following Train Sunday only:	
From Newnan	10 15 am	To Newnan	5 10 pm
GEORGIA RAILROAD.			
$From Augusta	5 30 am	$To Augusta	7 15am
From Covington	7 43am	$To Augusta	3 00 pm
$From Augusta	12 15 pm	To Covington	6 30 pm
$From Augusta	6 00 pm	$To Augusta	10 45 pm
SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY. (PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.)			
$From Wash'gton	5 20 am	$To Richmond	8 00am
†From Cornelia	8 30 am	$To Washington	12 00 m
From Washington	3 55 pm	To Cornelia	4 35 pm
$From Richmond	9 30 pm	$To Washington	9 00 pm
SOUTHERN RAILWAY (WESTERN SYSTEM.)			
No.		No.	
31 Frm Cincinnati	11 35 pm	32 To Cincinnati	4 05 am
32 Frm Jacks'ville	3 55 am	31 To Jacksonville	11 45 pm
37 Frm Chattan'ga	1 30 pm	33 To Chatanooga	2 00 pm
38 From Macon	11 45 am	37 To Macon	4 10 pm
33 Frm Rome	10 45 am	34 To Rome	8 00 am
36 Frm Brunswick	8 50 pm	35 To Brunswick	7 00 am
45 Frm Tallapoosa	8 50 am	44 To Tallapoosa	5 00 pm
41 Frm Birmin'h'm	11 40 am	40 To Birmin'ham	4 10 pm
43 Frm Greenville	8 50 pm	42 To Greenville	6 45am
SEABOARD AIR-LINE. (GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION.)			
From Elberton	8 00 am	$To Monroe	7 15am
$From Washing'n	4 09 pm	$To Washington	12 00 m
$From Monroe	6 45 pm	To Elberton	3 45pm
GEORGIA MIDLAND AND GULF. (VIA CENTRAL RAILROAD TO GRIFFIN)			
From Columbus	11 30 am	To Columbus	7 30 am
From Columbus	8 05 pm	To Columbus	4 25 pm
ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.			
From Ft. Valley	11 00 am	To Fort Valley	2 30 pm

S. A. L.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE. SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPT. 23, 1894.

"The Atlanta Special" Solid Vestibuled Train—No Extra Fare Charged.

NORTHBOUND. SOUTHBOUND.

No. 38. Daily.	No 401. Daily.	Central Time Daily and Sunday	No 403 Daily	Daily No. 41
7 15 am	12 00 m	Lv... Atlanta ...Ar	4 09 pm	
		U. Depot, City T'e.		6 45pm
8 25 am		LvLawrenceville.		5 29 pm
10 06 am	2 28 pm	Lv..... Winder.. ..	3 42 pm	5 50 pm
10 41 am	3 03 pm	Lv... Athens ...Ar	3 03 pm	6 03 pm
11 45 am	4 01 pm	Ar...Elberton...Lv	2 04 pm	4 10 pm
12 36 pm	4 55 pm	Ar Abbeville Lv	1 15 pm	3 02 pm
1 18 pm	6 23 pm	Ar Greenwood Lv	12 48 pm	2 32 pm
1 15pm	6 03 pm	Ar... Clinton ...Lv	12 04 pm	1 20 pm
4 06pm	7 23 pm	Ar....Chester...Lv	10 51 am	11 44am
5 35 pm	8 45 pm	Ar....Monroe....Lv	9 37 am	10 10am
.....	1 30 am	Lv... Raleigh ...Lv	5 22 am	.....
.....	2 33 am	Ar.. Hende's'n..Lv	4 10 am	.....
.....	4 05 am	Ar...Weldon.....Lv	2 48 am	.....
.....	6 00 am	Ar Petersburg Lv	12 55 am	.....
.....	6 43 am	Ar Richmond Lv	12 23 am	.....
.....	10 45 am	Ar Wash'gton Lv	8 30 pm	.....
.....	12 00 m	Ar Baltimore Lv	7 31 pm	.....
.....	2 20 pm	Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv	4 41 pm	.....
.....	4 53 pm	Ar New York Lv	3 20 pm	.....
.....	9 45pm	Ar..Charlotte...Lv	6 30 am	.....
.....	7 50am	Ar Wilmingt'n Lv	7 30 pm	.....
†7 38pm	..	Ar Darlington Lv...	....	7 00am
.....	4 30 am	Lv Weldon Ar	1 45 am	.....
.....	7 00 am	Ar Portsm'th Lv	11 35 pm	.....
.....	7 10 am	Ar Norfolk Lv	11 45 pm	.....
.....	†6 15 pm	Lv Norfolk Ar	8 00 am	.....
.....	†7 00 am	Ar Baltimore Lv	7 00pm	.....
.....	10 46am	Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv	4 41 pm	.....
.....	1 23 pm	Ar New York Lv	3 20pm	.....
.....	5 55 pm	Lv P'tsm'th Ar	1 10 am	.....
.....	5 10 am	Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv	11 10pm	.....
.....	7 43 am	Ar New York Lv	8 00 pm	.....
.....	5 50pm	Lv P'm'th (w) Ar	8 30 am	.....
.....	6 30 am	Ar Wash'gton Lv	7 00pm	.....

*Daily except Sunday.

(b) Via Bay Line. (n) Via New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk railroad. (w) Via Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company. Trains Nos. 402 and 403 solid vestibuled trains with Pullman Buffet sleeping cars between Atlanta and Washington through sleeper between Macon and Portsmouth, Va., and Pullman Buffet parlor cars between Washington and New York; sleeping cars between Charlotte and Wilmington. Trains Nos. 38 and 41 run solid between Atlanta and Monroe, N. C. Through coach to Charleston via Columbia, S. C. Tickets for sale at union depot or at company's ticket office, No. 6 Kimball house.

JOHN H. WINDER, General Manager.
E. J. WALKER, C. P. and T. A., No. 6 Kimball house.
T. J. ANDERSON, G. P. A.
B. A. NEWLAND, Div. Pass. Agt., Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILroad Company, the most direct line and best route to Montgomery, New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest.

The following schedule in effect September 20, 1894:

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 37. Daily.	No. 33. Daily.	No. 35. Daily.
Lv Atlanta	4 20 p m	1 30 p m	5 35 a m
Ar Newnan	5 28 p m	3 10 p m	6 45 a m
Ar LaGrange	6 27 p m	4 27 p m	7 47 a m
Ar West Point	6 52 p m	5 02 p m	8 17 a m
Ar Opelika	7 33 p m	5 52 p m	9 02 a m
Ar Columbus	....	....	10 15 a m
Ar Montgomery	9 20 p m	8 30 p m	11 05 a m
Ar Pensacola	5 30 a m	....	6 55 p m
Ar Mobile	3 05 a m	....	5 20 p m
Ar. N. Orleans	7 35 a m	Sunday only	10 25 p m
Ar. Houston, Tex	10 50 p m		....
Lv Atlanta	4 20 p m	....	....
Ar Selma	11 15 p m	....	....

NORTHBOUND	No. 34. Daily.	No. 38. Daily.	No. 36 Daily.
Lv N. Orleans	11 00 a m	7 50 p m	....
Lv Mobile	3 35 p m	12 20 a m	....
Lv Pensacola	1 35 p m	11 30 p m	....
Ar Montgomery	8 45 p m	6 10 a m	....
Lv Selma	4 00 p m	4 35 a m	....
Lv Montgomery	11 00 p m	6 20 a m	11 30 a m
Lv Columbus	2 00 p m	....	11 15 a m
Lv Opelika	2 00 a m	8 19 a m	2 03 p m
Ar West Point	2 03 a m	8 55 a m	2 52 p m
Ar LaGrange	3 39 a m	9 24 a m	3 25 p m
Ar Newnan	4 55 a m	10 21 a m	4 35 p m
Ar Atlanta	6 40 a m	11 40 a m	6 15 p m

Train No. 37 carries Pullman vestibule sleepers from New York to New Orleans and dining car to Montgomery.

Train 35 Pullman buffet sleeping cars, New York to Mongomery.

Train 34, Pullman buffet sleeping cars, Montgomery to Atlanta.

Round trip tickets to Texas, Mexico and California points on sale by this line.

JOHN A. GEE,
General Passenger Agent.
GEORGE C. SMITH,
President and General Manager.
GEORGE W. ALLEN,
Traveling Passenger Agent, 12 Kimball House.



Get the Genuine

See that the twins are on each package.

For cleaning floors, windows, glassware, dishes, pots, kettles, for all kinds of cleaning, scouring and scrubbing GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER has never been equaled. Its wonderful success has led many manufacturers to try and imitate it. Get only the genuine, which does better work, does it easier and cheaper than any other.

Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, San Francisco.

HAVE YOU SEEN

THE CZARINA?

THE LATEST THING IN COLLARETTES.

We have them in all of . . . . . THE FASHIONABLE COLORS.

YOU ARE INVITED TO CALL AND INSPECT THEM.

Our Catalogue of TOILET WARE and SILVER NOVELTIES is now ready. Write for it.

MAIER & BERKELE,

JEWELERS, 31 WHITEHALL STREET.

WHO WINS THE PRIZE?

Boys, Read This, And Girls, Too.

THREE VALUABLE PRIZES.

THROUGH the liberal educational enterprise inaugurated by THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, a wide-spread interest in home libraries and home study has been awakened throughout the state. Such an awakened interest cannot help but result in a lasting benefit to our community, and to stimulate this interest more among our younger friends THE CONSTITUTION has decided to give three prizes to School Children having a total value of $378.00.

There will be published in THE CONSTITUTION a series of seven short articles, No. 1 appearing Sunday, Nov. 18; No. 2 Monday, Nov. 19; No. 3 Tuesday, Nov. 20; No. 4 Wednesday, Nov. 21; No. 5 Thursday, Nov. 22; No. 6 Friday, Nov. 23; No. 7 Saturday, Nov. 24.

In each article there will appear one or more words in ***BLACK-FACE TYPE.*** There are seven such words, out of which we have constructed a sentence.

The boy or girl in Atlanta who first puts this sentence together correctly and sends us the answer, will receive a full set of the new edition of the Encyclopædia Britannica, Half Morocco Binding, together with the beautiful Bookcase made to hold it.

We will also give a complete set of the new Encyclopædia Britannica and Bookcase, Half Morocco Binding, to the boy or girl who first sends the correct answer from any point outside the city of Atlanta. The prizes will go to those whose answers are first received at Britannica reading room, ground floor Equitable Building.

Besides the two prizes named above, a third prize of one set of the new edition Encyclopædia Britannica in Half Morocco Binding, and a Bookcase will be presented to that school in Atlanta, public or private, whose pupils shall send in the largest number of correct answers.

A Dime Registering Calendar Savings Bank will be presented to EVERY boy or girl sending the sentence correctly pasted at any time before Thursday, November 29, when the correct answer will be published and the prize-winner announced. To insure absolute fairness, we have placed the sentence in a sealed envelope in the custody of Major W. F. Slaton, Snperintendent of City Schools. A committee of three will be at the Britannica reading room, to receive the answers and determine who is entitled to the first prize. The sentence which we have constructed is an easy one, so that any child of school age can compete, with a good chance for obtaining the prize. To make the requirements as plain and simple as possible, both for the children and for the judges, who will have all the answers to look over, THE CONSTITUTON will print on Friday, November 23, a blank containing full instructions and seven blank spaces, similar to this: |||||||||, in which the contestant is to paste or pin the seven words, which must each be clipped from one of seven issues of THE CONSTITUTION containing the seven articles.

THE SEVEN AGES.

II

"Then the whining schoolboy with his satchel
And shining morning face, creeping like a snail
Unwillingly to school."



Every Schoolboy

knows that Shakespeare's beautiful epitome of life in Seven Ages is to be found in the play of "As You Like It."

Every schoolboy also knows that the Encyclopædia Britannica is just full of things that he likes to read about. Every boy is fond of boats, and the Britannica tells all about boats. It tells all about all kinds of wild animals and birds and fishes. It tells all about horses and dogs, pigeons and rabbits. It tells about different countries, and the strange customs of strange people and strange lands.

What boy does not love to read of the sea and the wonderful things connected with it? The curious creatures that inhabit it; the great whales, the seals, the sword-fishes that fight the whales with their swords; these are all interesting to schoolboys, as are the little coral insects and the wonderful islands they build up from the bottom of the sea.

These tropical islands, how beautiful they are, and what an interest they hold for every boy, with their strange natives, who climb the cocoanut and date palm trees.

The Encyclopædia Britannica tells of these things and a hundred thousand more. A boy can amuse himself with these wonderful books, and he can do more: he can study and get a a good sound EDUCATION out of them.

Every schoolboy ought to have a set of the Britannica, and all parents ought to make it their duty to put aside 10 cents a day to obtain for their children this wonderful library, which is useful every day of the seven ages of man.

And every schoolboy who reads this would do well to remind his father or mother to call at once at the Britannica Reading Room, or write to The Constitution, Atlanta, Ga., and procure a set while they may still be had at the reduced introductory rate and upon the remarkably easy terms now offered. If you wait much longer you will have to pay

FULL RETAIL PRICE.

TO DRAIN THE SWAMP

A Scheme Which Has in It Millions for Georgia.

IT HAS DISTINGUISHED APPROVALS

And Would Add Thousands of Acres to Our Territory.

SENATOR MERCER'S PROPOSED PLAN

Which Will Come Up for Debate in the Senate in a Day or Two—An Important Proposition.

There are millions of acres in south Georgia to be redeemed.

All this land now covered by swamps and ponds would equal in arable territory, its richness considered, the rest of the state.

Nor is this material consideration all. There is a question of public health to be considered.

The hemoraghic fever which prevails in sections of southwest Georgia is but little short of the fatality of yellow fever. It has swept away whole families, while thousands of people are laid prostrate because of its enervating influence.

"I have lost five children," says Senator Mercer, "and I can, therefore, speak feelingly of the subject."

The Proposition Restated.

Immense sections of the southern one-third of the state are under water. There is one swamp that can be followed in unbroken line for over eighty miles. In southwest Georgia especially, the land seeks a level which lets the water rest continuously upon its bosom. How to drain it, or whether it can be drained at all is a question. There is but little doubt that, with intelligent direction, and under a uniform plan, such as the state alone could enforce, great sections of land could be reclaimed. This land, enriched by the deposits of centuries of vegetation, would rival in richness the best alluvial lands of the Mississippi basin. Speaking of this matter, The Brunswick Times-Advertiser says:



SENATOR MERCER.

"As a coincident with the suggestion in yesterday afternoon's Times-Advertiser as to the value of a canal connecting Brunswick with the Altamaha river as a means of draining the intermediate swamp lands, a bill introduced by Senator Mercer, of the ninth, adds interest to the project.

"Senator Mercer's bill is an important and practical measure, and if the legislature is composed of sufficient intelligence to grasp the far-reaching effects of the work outlined it will unquestionably take shape.

"The most rapid development of the state must come through the peculiar advantages of south Georgia climate and its resourceful soil, augmented by the large area of unsettled land and the enticing effects of extremely low values.

"Nowhere on the face of the globe is an agricultural living so easily and cheaply obtained as from the soil of south Georgia. Its yield is prolific in every essential of a bountiful family supply. From its carpeted fields of Bermuda to the panoplied trellises of luscious fruits it glows in the gorgeous abundance of smiling providence, where opened to the guiling hand of the husbandman's intelligence.

"The reclamation of these swamps as provided by Senator Mercer's bill, means more than the mere addition of so much tillable soil, itself an important item. It means the addition of health and freedom from miasma and excessive moisture to the entire section of country and a consequent reduction of malarial fevers and pulmonary troubles and the removal of these great barriers to value.

"As a proposition of developing influence south Georgia offers that which is most sought by the best class of northern people seeking southern homes—

"A mild climate of perennial spring and sunshine.

"Opportunities of market farming and fruit growing at a season out of competition with the west and east.

"Lands as cheap as those offered by the government in the northwest, without the difficulties of reaching and improving them.

"A section on the direct highways to Florida, to which all seekers of sunshine have been directed by a system of state effort."

A Valuable Adjunct.

In connection with Senator Mercer's scheme for the drainage of the swamps of south Georgia comes a suggestion from the geological department of the United States. It is to the effect that that department will equal whatever sum Georgia appropriates to the geological department for a complete topographical display of the state. This survey would be on a basis that would show the contour of every fifty feet of ground in the state, which would be invaluable to the farmers and others, who would know exactly how to proceed about the drainage of their lands.

The reclamation of land is no new question. The greater part of Holland has been reclaimed from the ocean, and in many other parts of the world such work has been done to advantage.

The bill of Senator Mercer should receive the attention that its importance demands.

JOURNALISM IN THE PULPIT.

The Sermon of the Day Is Merely an Oral Editorial.

In an article in the November number of The Popular Science Monthly Professor John F. Casey, master of the English High school, of Boston, says with truth that journalism today does much of what was wont to be done by the clergyman and the schoolmaster. "The parson is no longer the chief source of supply of ideas, social, moral and political," he says, and he adds that while respect for the pulpit has not been diminished, it does not exercise the same control over men's minds now as formerly.

If this is true, as it doubtless is, it is no fault of the press. The whole tendency of the work of the press is to increase the influence which earnest and intelligent men can exercise in the pulpit. In no sense does the newspaper compete with the pulpit. One is the complement of the other for the increase of intelligence, for the breaking down of the barriers which have kept men apart, for the diffusion of the kowledge which will enable each half of the world to know how the other lives, and, knowing, to sympathize and help.

Admitting as true more than all that has ever been said against the newspapers, this is the tendency of their work. But one of the worst effects of their work is to breed in the pulpit a desire to compete with the newspaper in novelty.

In New York, says The World, and in every other leading city of the country many of the sermons which were preached today are simply newspaper editorials which would have been wastebasketed in any well conducted newspaper office. Yet they are preached with the greatest confidence by the amateur journalists of the pulpit, who attempt ojurnalism because they think religion too slow and too repressive for men of their talent and progressiveness.

This tendency is altogether bad, and it is largely responsible for any loss of influence the pulpit may have sustained as a result of the growth of the reading habit among the people. For when any one can buy the greatest Sunday paper on earth for 5 cents every one soon learns how vastly superior is the trained journalism which produces it to the crude and raw amateur variety which exploits itself in the pulpit.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Dr. A. R. Danforth, one of Atlanta's most prominent and skillful young physicians, will lead to the altar on Thursday the 22d of November, Miss Mena Hooper, of Pitma, Ga. The marriage will take place at the home of the bride's parents, and immediately after the ceremony the couple will leave for an extended northern trip, taking in Norfolk, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia, New York and other interesting points. Miss Hooper is one of the most charming and delightful young ladies of north Georgia. She is a brilliant woman of the most interesting and attractive type. She is well known in Atlanta, where she has a large host of friends among the best people in the city. Her family is one of the proudest and best in Georgia, and the prospective marriage will unite two young people who are deserving of all the happiness that Dame Fortune can lavish.

***

The engagement of Miss Emma Ehrlick, of Boston and Mr. Oscar Elsas, of this city, is announced. This heralds a happy society event for the near future in which there is much interest among the friends of the contracting parties. Mr. Elsas is one of the prominent business men of Atlanta and is widely known and admired throughout the city.

***

Miss Mary Sullivan, after an extended visit to relatives and friends here, left for her home in Huntsville, Ala., last night. Miss Sullivan is a pleasant little lady, with most engaging manners, and made many warm friends during her stay in Atlanta.

***

Miss Annie Wheeler, one of the most charming and cultured young ladies of Alabama, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. James Collins, on Peachtree street.

***

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Austell are visiting their sister, Mrs. Lula Tumlin Lyon, at her beautiful county home, "Ayhner," on the Etowah.

***

Miss Lena Spann, of South Carolina, has returned home after several weeks spent with Miss Willie Macon, at Manchester.

***

Mrs. Frank X. Ohlen will leave this week for New York and Washington via Savannah steamer. Before returning Mrs. Ohlen will visit her old home in Columbus, O.

***

Forsyth, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—At the home of Rev. J. E. Powells quite a number of ladies and gentlemen met last night for the purpose of reorganizing a literary club. Forsyth's citizens have considerable taste for literature, and have for several years kept up a course of studies. These meetings are attended by the most learned of our town, and hence are made profitable.

On last Friday, Macon's gifted elocutionist, gave a most delightful entertainment in the college chapel. The entertainment was in conjunction with the Zeta Society, one of the college literary societies.

Matrimony is above par in Forsyth at present. Mr. B. U. Rumbie and Miss Maggie Mallory will marry tomorrow, and Dr. Alexander and Miss Dollie Baskins will marry tomorrow week.

Rev. T. M. Callaway and wife are on a visit to her parents at Baconton.

***

One of the happiest marriages of this season, at Jackson, was that solemnized at the Baptist church, on last Wednesday evening, at 8:30 o'clock, by Rev. Dr. Gardner. The contracting parties were Miss Mamie Buttrill and Mr. Lee Smith, both of Jackson. This was the first marriage this winter in the Baptist church, with the beautiful decorations of evergreens, roses and orange blossoms. The bride was attired in a lovely gown of white silk and carried a beautiful bouquet of bride roses. She is a native of Jackson, and is a daughter of Mr. Taylor Buttrill, and is a member of one of the wealthiest and most influential families in Butts county. Mr. Smith went to Jackson from Forsyth, Ga., about five years ago, and connected himself with the Smith Etheridge Company, and has, of late, become one of the proprietors of the Carmichael Company. His reputation is that of the most thorough business man of his town. The maid of honor was Miss Hattie Buttrill, the sister of the bride. The best man was Mr. Ernest Smith, a young lawyer of Forsyth, and a brother of the groom. The attendants were: C. C. Smith and Miss Mamie Ellis, Mr. W. G. Thompson and Miss Myrtle Pounds, Mr. R. N. Etheridge and Miss Clifford Burr, of Barnesville, Ga.; Mr. T. H. Buttrill and Mrs. Tossy Tucker. The ushers were Messrs. W. T. Kelly, Charles Pinkney, J. R. Lyons and J. C. Blassingame. Miss McKie, of Mississippi, presided as organist. After the ceremony at the church the bridal party were entertained at the home of the bride's parents. The bridal presents were many and costly. Mr. and Mrs. Smith will make Jackson their future home.

***

Elberton, Ga., November 14.—(Special.)—The most notable social event of the season here was the marriage of Dr. L. Pope Eberhart, of Carlton, Ga., to Miss Agnes M. Hogan, formerly of Athens, Ga., at the beautiful home of Dr. and Mrs. M. P. Deadwyler, on Heard street, at 1 o'clock today.

The ceremony was performed in a beautiful and impressive manner by Rev. H. W. Williams. The groom, who is a son of Captain J. Bee Eberhart, is a popular physician of Carlton. The bride, who has been teaching in Elbert for some years with great success, is a highly cultured young lady of rare beauty.

***

Chattanooga, Tenn., November 17.—(Special.)—The coming week will be a week of weddings in Chattanooga. Thursday, the 22d, at high noon, in the First Presbyterian church the wedding of Miss Mary Love and Mr. Robert Wallace occurs. Miss Love is a pretty young woman of an amiable disposition and the daughter of Captain W. E. Love, of the Gibson and Love Manufacturing Company. Mr. Wallace resides in Atlanta, and is connected with Mallard & Wallace. It will be a chrysanthemum wedding. Miss Edna Fawkes, of Selma, Ala., will be maid of honor and Mr. Rutherford Douglas, of Kentucky, will be best man. After the ceremony the bridal couple will leave on the 1:20 o'clock train for Atlanta, where they will reside.

A very early morning wedding will take place Tuesday at 5 o'clock. On the morning of that day Miss Mary Oxley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Oxley, of the Oxley Stave Company, will be married to Mr. Walter Selman, connected with the Divine Grocery Company. The wedding will take place in Centenary church. Miss Edith Rottenburg, of Fayetteville, Ark., being the maid of honor and Dr. J. L. Selman the best man.

Miss Arwin Clift, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Captain Moses H. Clift, will be married to Mr. Pembroke Brawner at the home of the bride, 240 McCallie avenue, Wednesday at noon. The contracting parties are among the wealthiest people of the city. The ceremony will be performed by Bishop Byrne, bishop of Tennessee.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

COMING BY ATLANTA

Railroads Working to Bring Winter Tourists Through the Gate City.

SCHEDULES ALL ARRANGED THAT WAY

How the Central Will Be Named After Its Reorganization—Other News and Gossip of the Rail.

The Atlanta railroads are making every effort to bring the Florida passenger tourists through this city this season.

All of the lines have some plan afoot by which it is greatly to the interest of Atlanta the way the winter travel is to be handled. The city of Atlanta is naturally a central point between the north and the south, meaning those sections of the north from whence come the Florida tourists and that region of the south to which they travel.

It is not generally known here in Atlanta, but it is true all the same, that already the winter traffic has been considerably turned and is now being brought through Atlanta to the tune of a large majority. Of course, the traffic has not fairly begun to move just yet, but it is moving sufficiently to warrant the prediction that this city will have far more of the winter tourists this season than any past season.

The Kansas City, Fort Scott and Birmingham, which is one of the greatest passenger lines of the west, has made arrangements with the Southern railway to take its cars at Birmingham, bring them through this city and on to Florida by way of Macon and Jesup. Last year no such arrangement was made and Atlanta lost this traffic. The roads have agreed to run through sleepers all the way from Kansas City to Florida through Atlanta, thus forming a new line of sleepers from the northwest to the extreme southeast.

The Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, through its connection with the Central railway, sends sleepers through to Florida by way of Atlanta. This is quite a popular route from Chicago to Florida resorts.

The western system of the Southern put on its new winter train yesterday between Cincinnati and Jacksonville, which brings the winter tourists that patronize it through Atlanta. The train is a beauty and is a handsome stroke of enterprise on the part of General Manager C. H. Hudson and Superintendent Beauprie, of this division.

All of the lines are planning to bring their Florida trains through the Gate City of the South and the promise is freely given that Atlanta will be thronged with northern people as the season advances.

Central of Georgia.

The reorganized Central of Georgia is to be known as the Central of Georgia Railway Company. The reorganized company will endeavor to secure leases on the Southwestern and Augusta and Stvannah roads at an annual rental not to exceed 5 per cent on the capital stock of those roads.

Seven millions of first mortgage 5 per cent bonds will be issued, being a first mortgage on the road from Atlanta to Savannah, its equipment and interest in the steamship company.

Thirteen millions of 5 per cent bonds are to be a second mortgage on the consolidated lines, equipment and leaseholds, and a first mortgage on the Montgomery and Eufaula and a second mortgage on the Mobile and Girard when the titles to these properties are acquired. This last issue of bonds can be increased $2,000,000, at not over $500,000 per year, to be used strictly for betterments and equipment.

Ten millions of general mortgage bonds are to be a first mortgage on the Savannah and Western, Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus and Macon and Northern roads. These bonds will draw 2½ per cent interest for two years thereafter, the rate increasing ½ of 1 per cent per year until the rate of interest is 5 per cent.

Cheap Rates in Florida.

Jacksonville, November 18.—(Special.)—A meeting of Florida railroad passenger agents was held at the office of Captain W. M. Davidson, general passenger agent of the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad, yesterday. The passenger agents present besides Captain Davidson were G. D. Ackerly of the Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West system; Joseph Richardson, of the Jacksonville, St. Augustine and Indian River railroad; A. O. McDonell, of the Florida Central and Peninsular railroad, and G. A. McDonald, of the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad. Captain Davidson was made chairman of the meeting, and Mr. MacDonald secretary.

A number of important matters were considered, mostly of a private nature. It was decided to make a round-trip rate over the Florida railroads of 6½ cents a mile, commencing December 1st. The tickets will be on sale from that time until April 30th, with the extreme limit of the tickets May 31st. The tickets will be placed on sale at Jacksonville, St. Augustine and Palatka, and will be sold to all points in the state. These rates are somewhat lower than those which prevailed last season.

Another important matter considered was the appointment of a committee, consisting of Captain Davidson and Mr. MacDonald, to formulate and submit at the next meeting of the passenger agents a scheme for reducing rates for actual settlers that will not interfere with the regular passenger traffic.

Fighting Over the C., N. O. and T. P.

Drexel, Morgan & Co. and the Central Trust Company began suit in the federal court at Cincinnati, O., November 10th, to foreclose the Cincinnati Extension bonds, interest on which has been defaulted for three years past. The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, which secured control of the board of directors at the recent annual meeting, filed an intervening bill asking to be made a party defendant to the suit. After hearing arguments Judge Lurton took the case under advisement and the bonds are to be submitted to him. The suit is in the interest of the Southern railway, which desires to secure control of the Queen and Crescent system, of which the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific is a part.

Zola May Visit America.

Paris Correspondence of The New York Times.

"Je ne dis pas non!" "I don't say no!" It was thus that M. Zola replied when asked if, after the completion of the two books on Rome and Paris, upon which he is about to begin, he would think of making a visit to the United States and giving one the treat of reading his impressions on the new world, he who has done so much toward the portrayal of social life in the old.

"I don't say no!" repeated the author of "Lourdes," looking fixedly at the interviewer. "I should like to, but we French people do not care to travel. For my own part, the idea of a voyage to America frightens me.

"No, we are not travelers, and the fact is to be greatly deplored. We French are a strange people, and whenever any one reproaches us with always staying in our country, we inevitably reply that France is enough in itself. It used to be the same thing with foreign languages, and our defeat in 1870 is, in some measure, due to our ignorance of foreign tongues. Why, when I was at college, the students took a pleasure in refusing to learn any other language than French. It was considered 'chic' to pay no attention to the professors of foreign tongues. Of course this has all changed now, but it remains, nevertheless, a fact, and the most studious young men of my time refused to trouble their minds with anything but French. I was not different from the others. I feel profoundly ignorant not to be able to understand, for instance, the English language, and not to be able to read the articles published about me and my works in the American and English papers. I am more fortunate with Italian, thanks to the first twenty years of my life spent in Provence, in the south of France, and to my knowledge of Latin, but, although, I am the son of an Italian, I cannot speak that language. All I can do, and I am able to do that slowly and even with difficulty, is to read Italian books and newspapers, but I cannot speak, nor can I understand when anybody speaks to me. When I arrive in Rome I shall have to speak French. Oh! I am profoundly ignorant."

HAD MONEY TO BURN.

The Extravagances of Millionaires and Spendthrifts of Ancient Times.

From The Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette.

In these days, when so much notice is taken of millionaires, it may not be out of place to recall a few of those of ancient times. It is known that in Assyria there were large masses of gold, and that Darius received in tribute from Persia as much as $16,250,000 The sacred writings tell that Solomon was immensely rich, that silver was abundant in Jerusalem, and that in one year the king received from Hiram 300 talents of gold, equal to $16,250,000.

In Greece, Croesus possessed in landed property a fortune equal to $8,350,000, besides a large sum of money, slaves and furniture, which amounted to an equal sum. He used to say that a citizen who had not a fortune sufficient to support an army, or a legion, did not deserve the title of a rich man. The wealth of Pytheno was estimated at $15,000,000.

The philosopher Seneca acquired immense wealth under his pupil Nero, but he was afterward put to death by the tyrant, and his fortune of $12,500,000 confiscated. The wealth of Lentullus, the soothsayer, was estimated at $17,500,000.

The debts of some of the great personages of ancient times were enormous. Those of Milon amounted to $3,000,000. Julius Caesar, before he entered office, owed $16,000,000; he purchased the friendship of Curio for $2,500,000, and that of Lucius Paulus for $7,500,000. At the time of Caesar's assassination, Antony was in debt to the amount of $7,500,000. This sum, which he owed in the ides of March, was paid before the kalends of April, and he squandered $147,000,000 of the public treasury.

Augustus obtained by testamentary disposition as much as $160,000,000. The Roman emperor, Tiberius, at his death left $118,000,000, which Caligula spent in less than twelve months. We have no such instance of a modern spendthrift. One supper alone cost him $150,000. Vespasian, on ascending the throne, estimated his expenses at $17,500,000.

Apicus, a noted epicure, who lived in the time of Augustus, expended $2,500,000 in debauchery, and finding, on an examination of the state of his affairs, that he had no more than $400,000 left, he poisoned himself, because he considered that sum insufficient for his maintenance. The efforts of our nineteenth century "plungers" pale before such instances.

Julius Caesar gave Servilia, the mother of Brutus, a pearl valued at $400,000; and Antony, at an entertainment given to him by Cleopatra, is said to have swallowed one of equal value, which she dissolved in vinegar.

Claudius Aesopus, the comedian, accumulated an immense fortune, and was very expensive in his manner of living. His son, Claudius, was noted for his luxury, extravagance and prodigality, and not being able to get rid of his money fast enough, swallowed a pearl worth $40,000.

The Emperor Heliogabalus spent $100,000 on one supper. The fish from the fishpond of Lucullus, a Roman general, remarkable for his great wealth and magnificence, sold for $175,000.

Misalla gave $200,000 for the house of Antony. Scaurus was immensely rich, his country house was destroyed by fire, and the loss was estimated at $4,250,000. Otho, to finish a part of Nero's palace, spent $2,400,000. Cicero had a great number of fine houses in various parts of Italy, some reckon up to eighteen; all, with the exception of the family seat at Arpinum, built by himself. Besides these, he had several small inns or resting places, in passing from one villa to another.

Immense sums were sometimes spent by the wealthy Romans on their funeral processions. No fewer than six hundred couches, bearing the images of the deceased's ancestors and statues of other great men, were carried before the corpse of Marcellus, and one thousand before that of Sylla, besides which the processions were attended by innumerable musicians and singing women, chanting the praises of the deceased.

Great Gourds.

Homer, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Miss Ellen Pruitt, of this county, can get the premium on gourds and cucumbers. She has some gourds with handles forty-six inches long and in every conceivable shape. One she has tied in a knot. From one vine she gathered fifty cucumbers. It commenced bearing the 1st of May and continued bearing until frost. She watered the vine and kept it covered during the day. Miss Ellen knows all about farming.

A Dog Who Is a Democrat.

Cochran, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—Pete Solomon's dog Rex is a working democrat. On election day he took a bundle of Crisp tickets in his mouth and went about offering them to voters. When some one refused to take a ticket from him Rex would show his displeasure by growling and when a ticket was accepted his approval was manifested by vigorous wagging of his tail.

The Murderer Known.

Blakely, Ga., November 18.—(Special.)—What was at first but a mere conjecture, soon after the recent killing of Ras May, has now grown into an open belief that his murderer is known, but is screened from the punishment of his crime for the sake of political influence.

Good for Barnesville.

Barnesville, Ga., November 18.—(Special.) The new hosiery knitting mill will be in operation in Barnesville in a short time, no one need not now doubt. Everything has been agreed on between the owner and the people of the town, and a place for it to operate is only needed to secure its removal here, which place will no doubt be selected this week.

If You Are Suffering

from any irritating, disfiguring humor or eruption, such as Pimples, Blotches, Blackheads, Ring Worm, Tetter, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Prickly Heat or Itching Piles, you can be speedily and permanently cured by using

Foster's German Kenny and Many Cure

A positive remedy for all skin diseases, and insuring a bright, clear, healthy complexion.

50 Cents per Box at Drug Stores.

FOSTER MEDICINE COMPANY. BALTIMORE, MD.

IVORY SOAP

IVORY

•IT FLOATS•

FOR TABLE LINEN.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO. CIN'TI.

OUR LOW FIGURES



W. R. HOYT,

Cheapest Grocer in the South

Hams, Best, per lb	.11
22 lbs Standard Granulated Sugar	$1.00
4 Cans Tomatoes	.25
12 Cans Tomatoes	.72
8 Cans Best Maine Corn	$1.00
7 Cans 3 lb California Peaches	$1.00
1 lb Can Royal Baking Powders	.45
1-2 lb Can Dixie Baking Powders	.20
10 lbs Silver Leaf Lard	.90
50 lbs Peachtree Patent Flour	$1.00
50 lbs Rose Patent Flour	.75
1 lb Baker's Chocolate	.40
1 Bottle Lea & Perrin's Sauce	.25
Fancy London Layer Raisins	.10
New Leghorn Citron	.15
Cleaned Currents 1 lb Packages	.10
Dried Grapes, per lb	.05
Atmore's Mincemeat, per lb	.10
Atmore's Mincement, 5 lb Jars	.90
Pure Dark Buckwheat, per lb	.05

W. R. HOYT,
90 Whitehall St.
'Phone 451.

KILLED

—AT—

No. 9 Whitehall St.

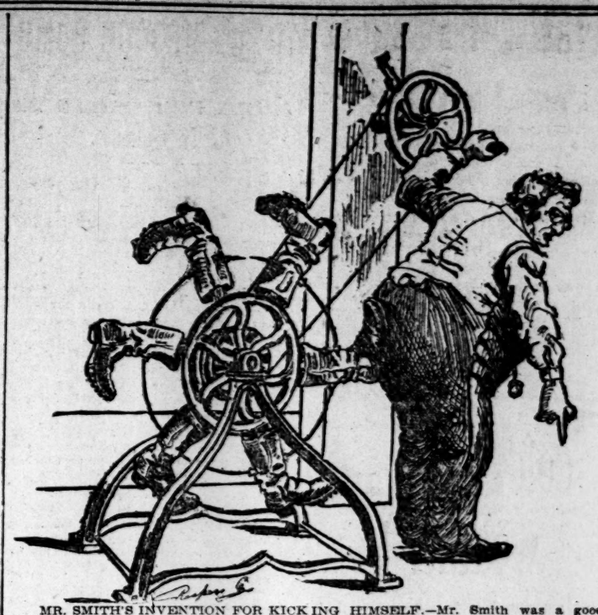
On the morning of the 13th instant by J. B. Caldwell, all

HIGH PRICES

on Clothing, Hats and Furnishing Goods. At his store you will find a large and magnificent line of the finest and medium line of goods ever shown in this market. A full line of The Carheart over all brand, and also the H. S. Peters Brotherhood over all brand can always be obtained here.

JOS. B. CALDWELL,
9 Whitehall St.
Oct 24- 1 mo

Old papers at this office 20c per hundred.



MR. SMITH'S INVENTION FOR KICKING HIMSELF.—Mr. Smith was a good customer of ours—that is, he's a better one NOW—was much given to reading—newspaper reading—saw some ads—"clothing ads"—full of "soft soap"—doubtful promise—thought he'd buy of "them"—this time—he did—compared—style—wear—price—suit—overcoat—with OURS—not NEAR so good—nor price as low—now he's "ours only" for all time.
Geo. Muse Clothing Co., Men's and Boys' Outfitters,
33 Whitehall.

Fidelity Mutual Life Association,

OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.
(Incorporated 1878.)

Insurance in force	$50,000,000
Death losses paid	3,000,000
Assets over	2,000,000
Surplus over	1,000,000
New business, more than $2,000,000 a month.	

Our Renewable Term Policies are especially adapted to these hard times. Compare these with the rates you are now paying for your insurance.

Age.	10-Year Term.	15-Year Term.	20-Year Term.
21	$10.90	$11.16	$11.21
22	11.01	11.26	11.34
23	11.14	11.37	11.49
24	11.26	11.49	11.63
25	11.40	11.61	11.79
26	11.53	11.75	11.95
27	11.67	11.89	12.13
28	11.23	12.04	12.31
29	11.97	12.21	12.51
30	12.13	12.38	12.71
31	12.29	12.57	12.93
32	12.46	12.77	13.16
33	12.63	12.98	13.40
34	12.82	13.22	13.67
35	13.01	13.47	13.96
36	13.23	13.76	14.28
37	13.47	14.06	14.63
38	13.73	14.39	15.02
39	14.03	14.74	15.45
40	14.36	15.13	15.94
41	14.73	15.56	16.47
42	15.14	16.04	17.07
43	15.60	16.57	17.73
44	16.10	17.15	18.46
45	16.67	17.80	19.26
46	17.31	18.53	
47	18.02	19.34	
48	18.81	20.23	
49	19.70	21.23	
50	20.69	22.34	
51	21.78		
52	22.98		
53	24.30		
54	25.72		
55	27.23		

A few more good agents can secure profitable contracts. For further information, write or call on

Charles G. Beck,
Manager.
208 Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga.

W. J. MALLARD, JR. L. C. STACY.
MALLARD & STACY,

REAL ESTATE,

Loans and Investments.

No. 2 EQUITABLE BUILDING.

MERRITTS AVENUE—An elegant home, 10 rooms, every convenience. Modern in construction and finish; stable, out houses, lot 56x200.

CAPITOL AVENUE—6-room cottage, beautifully situated, lot 52x175—$5,000.

$1,650 FOR 4-Ft. H. on lot 100x100; cost owner $2,000 seven years ago—cheap.

PIEDMONT AVENUE—Near in, nice 7-r. cottage, all conveniences—$3,750.

We have a large selection of elegant residences, cozy homes and vacant lots in all sections of the city and suburbs.

MALLARD & STACY,
No. 2 Equitable Building.

THOS. C. HAMPTON. CHAS. HERMAN.

HAMPTON & HERMAN,

Real Estate and Loans
13 North Broad Street.

$1,550 For lot on Washington Heights, near Montgomery street, 50x175.

$1,600 For 115 acres, within one mile of Marietta, Ga., with good 5-room house, good barn; land in high state of cultivation. Must be sold at once—a bargain.

$2,000 Pulliam street—5-room house, lot 50x104, mortgage $800; party will exchange for farm.

2,500 Acres, good timber land, located in Clinch county, Georgia; will exchange for suburban property.

Money to loan, at 6½ and 7 per cent, and no delays. We also have money to loan on monthly plan on city and suburban property.

Come and see us if you want to buy or sell or exchange.

HAMPTON & HERMAN.
13 North Broad street.

T. H. NORTHEN. WALKER DUNSON.

NORTHEN & DUNSON.

Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable Building.

550 ACRES of fertile land one mile of Appling, county site of Columbia county, twenty-five miles of Augusta, Ga., eight miles from railroad, with 18-room, 2-story frame residence, 2 barns, 4 double, 2 single frame tenement houses, hothouse, dairies, gin-house, 5-acre orchard, apples and peaches; also admirably adapted for fine stock farm, with 200 acres of bermuda grass bottoms, 4 springs, branch and creek. Improvements alone cost more than $13,000, and you can buy land and all for only $6,000, and will take Atlanta real estate in part payment.

PUTNAM COUNTY FARM of 1,200 ACRES one-half mile of railroad, with $3,000 improvements, for only $7,000.

NORTHEN & DUNSON.
Telephone 1208.

KIRKWOOD.

Homes on Inst llments.

Will take Atlanta Suburban Land Company stock or city property for vacant or improved lots in this lovely suburb.

SOUTH KIRKWOOD LAND CO.,
111½ East Alabama Street.

ISAAC LIEBMAN,

Real Estate, Renting and Loan Agent,

28 Peachtree Street

$2,000 buys 4-room house, lot 50x125, on Dunlap street.

$3,800 buys 9-room house, corner lot 53x150, on Cherry street; $1,000 cash balance easy.

$750 each buys three lots 50x150 on Pearl street; ile well.

$3,000 buys 8-room house, corner lot 40x120 to 10-foot alley on Fraser street, and 3-room house, lot 28 x100 adjoining above; one-half cash balance easy.

$3,500 buys 5-room house, gas, water, etc., lot 90x100, on Luckie street; $1,500 cash balance yearly.

$8,000 buys beautiful suburban home, or will trade for farm or city property.

We have three pieces of choice central property for sale at close figures.

$500 buys 3-room house, corner lot 65x150, on Flat Shoals road.

$900 buys store and 4-room house, lot 24x92½, on North Butler street.

For rent—Nos. 32 Peachtree street, 15 Marietta street, 5 North Broad street; also offices in the Fitten, Emery & Steiner and Healy buildings.

ISAAC LIEBMAN, 28 Peachtree.

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate and Loans.

Bargains—Nothing But Bargains.

$1,500—North side brick house and lot, worth $2,500.

$2,500—65 acres three and a quarter miles from city limits in half mile of Georgia, Carolina and Northern railroad; nice cottage.

$9,000—9-room house and lot 66x200 on East Cain street, in one and a half blocks of Peachtree.

$950—Decatur street lot, desirable for store.

$3,700—East Harris street property renting for $36.

$1,500—Five acres at Decatur, well located, on electric car line, nice branch.

$13,000—Alabama street store, think of it.

All kinds of Decatur property cheap.

Office—12 East Alabama street; telephone, 983.

J. B. ROBERTS,

Real Estate,

45 Marietta Street.

5-r. brand new house, monthly payments $1,350
3-r., Bellwood, $10 per month 500
7-r. and 30 acres, Clarkston, Ga., for exchange for city property.
7-r., Windsor street, monthly payments 3,300
5-r., Georgia avenue, monthly payments 1,500
100x200, North avenue, want offer 3,000
48x150, corner lot, Forest avenue 2,200
10-r., Smith street, 1 block Whitehall . 4,250
100x250, Capitol avenue, fronts two streets 3,000
10-r., Forest avenue, all conveniences. 8,500
7-r., 2-story, Richardson street 3,000
7-r., 1 block Peachtree, all conveniences 5,000
4-r., Linden avenue, 50x120 1,750
45x146, Merritts avenue 1,600
12-r., Whitehall street, large lot 7,500
One store, 30x100, Whitehall street 20,000
5-r. and store, will exchange 2,000
4-r., Luckie street, easy terms 2,100

Some good rent-paying property for sale cheap.

Sam'l W. Goode, Att'y. J. A. Reynolds.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO'S.

Real Estate Offers.

OFFICE, NO. 15 PEACHTREE.

2 NEW, 2-STORY, 7-room West End residences, each on lot 40x100 feet, halls and verandas, for sale at a bargain; see us at once and let us show you the property.

55 ACRES AT CLARKSTON, on Georgia railroad, 11 miles from union depot in Atlanta, 1,100 feet front on Georgia R. R., 14 acres bottom land, grove about the residence of 5 rooms, new and neat, about 30 acres cultivated. Will sell this suburban home at $4,000 on easy terms; covenient trains to and from Atlanta for business and other purposes. Will exchange for good large farm.

IRWIN STREET 4-room cottage on lot 38x105 feet, with rear alley, next to corner of Hilliard street; convenient to two car lines, good neighborhood. $2,000 on easy terms.

PEACHTREE, West Peachtree and Piedmont avenue homes and vacant lots on easy terms.

EDGEWOOD AND KIRKWOOD cottages and vacant lots at low prices on easy terms.

SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO.,
15 Peachtree Street.

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR

G. W. ADAIR, REAL ESTATE,

14 Wall Street,
Kimball House.

On Tuesday, December 4th, at 12 o'clock, noon, I will sell that splendid central store property on Decatur street belonging to the Rawson estate.

The Plats Are Ready.

Call at my office for one and inspect the property. The lot is 52x172 feet, with valuable alley privileges and "turning ground" in rear.

Such property is never sold except to divide estates, and no better investment can be found on the globe. The titles are perfect and terms one-third cash, balance in one and two years, with 7 per cent interest.

G. W. ADAIR.

Found Guilty.

You recall the story of the prisoner who, on being asked if he was guilty, replied "I guess I am, Judge, but I would like to be tried all the same."

Now you may be guilty of having uselessly spent more money for your wedding present than you should have. We do not suggest that you be tried upon this indictment, but that you try our prices before you purchase again. Do not allow this hint to pass unnoticed. We have a big stock, and it is offered at a margin of profit much closer than some other people are willing to take. Try us and it will not be our fault if you do not buy from us. J. P. Stevens & Bro., 47 Whitehall street.

P. S.—Remember that we engrave wedding and calling cards in our own establishment here—no delay—and most artistic work.

cold weather!

look out for it—pneumonia and the like—head it off by buying whisky—but be sure to get the right sort—else it may do more harm than good—we sell the right sort—our brands of pure whisky can be bought at all first class bars—"old charter"—"four aces"—"cleveland club"—"old oscar pepper"—"canadian club"—these are the right sort.

bluthenthal & bickart. "b. & b."

marietta and forsyth streets.
hello! number 378.
fine whiskies at wholesale.

FRANK M. POTTS,
HENRY POTTS,
JOSEPH THOMPSON.

POTTS-THOMPSON LIQUOR CO.

WHOLESALERS

AND DISTILLERS OF

Stone Mountain Corn Whisky,

7-13 Decatur Street

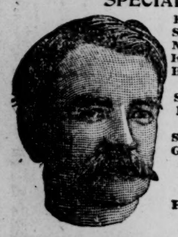
Kimball House,

ATLANTA, GA. TELEPHONE 48.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104½ Whitehall St.

Dr. W. W. Bowes

SPECIALIST.



Hydrocele, Stricture, Nervous Debility, Kidney and Liver Bladder Disease, Impotence, Spermatorrhoea, Enlarged Prostrate Glands, Skin Diseases, Gleet, Rheumatism, Syphilis, Pimples, Dyspepsia, Facial Blemishes, Moles, Hemorrhoids or Piles, Rectal Ulcer-Fistula.

VARICOCELE Permanently CURED. No cutting, no bleeding, no detention from business. Address DR. W. W. BOWES, Atlanta, Ga.

Consultation at office or by mail free. Book and questions for 4 cents in stamps. DR. W. W. BOWES, 15½ Marietta St.

NEW ORLEANS TABLE MOLASSES.

In half barrels for family use.

FINE FLAVORED, RICH AND SUGARY—

the old-fashioned sort. Lay in your supply now, as the same quality cannot be obtained at other seasons.

The C. J. Kamper Grocery Co.,

390 and 392 Peachtree Street.

Phone 628.

S. W. BEACH, Secretary and Treasurer.
J. A. G BEACH, O WINGATE, Vice Presidents.

HE ATLANTA PLUMBING COMPANY

'Phone 102.
Contractors of Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting,
22 Loyd Street, Atlanta, Ga.



KELLAM & MOORE, SCIENTIFIC OPTICIANS.

The oldest lens-grinders in the state. Retail salesroom 54 Marietta street, opposite postoffice.

AT THE RESCUE HOME

Full Report of the President of This Worthy Institution.

INTERESTING RECORD OF THE WORK

One of the Rescued Girls Married and More Than a Dozen Sent to Service. What Has Been Done.

The report of the governing board of the Florence Crittenden Rescue Home for Girls shows some remarkable work by that worthy institution the past year.

It is probably not known to half the people of Atlanta what great amount of good this asylum for fallen women is doing day after day and month after month for the pittable class for whom it was established.

Mrs. Kate Waller Barrett, who has been president of the board of government the past year, gives a most interesting account of the work that has been done and the statistics of her official report are such as show at a glance that the noble women into whose hands the home has fallen for guidance have left nothing undone that could be done for the successful fulfillment of its mission.

The report shows that in September, 1893, there were thirty-eight inmates at the home.

It further shows that out of this number there were twenty-three adults and fifteen children.

There were eleven children born at the home during the year.

During the year eleven infants died at the home. Thirty-eight were admitted to the care of the institution during the twelve months just ended, and two were adopted. There was but one of the inmates married during the year.

One of them secured a place as teacher, and seven were sent to service.

The work of providing some of the young women with homes has been wonderfully successful during the period covered by the report, there being twenty-six given comfortable homes.

The total number of inmates during the year was ninety-seven. The number of inmates last September was thirty-two, twenty of whom were adults and twelve children. Seventeen of the children were orphans. The average age of the adults is seventeen.

The following list of donations and subscriptions to the fund for carrying on the work of the Crittenden home shows the financial record of the institution:

City, county and other contributions.	$2,429 00
Mrs. O'Connor	12 00
Mrs. Milledge	12 00
Through Mr. Barclay	14 00
Care of child	50 00
Mr. Sheddon	35 00
Mrs. Miller	3 00
A friend	5 00
Care of child	20 00
Laundry work	22 50
Care of child	18 00
Care of child	10 00
Care of child	20 00
Through Mrs. Barrett	120 00
Through a friend	5 00
Sale of "traffic in girls"	7 00
Mrs. Malone and daughters of the king	18 00
Domestic service	40 00
Through Mrs. Brittan for concert	12 75
Total	$2,893 75

What the Report Says.

Mrs. Dr. Barrett, who recently left Atlanta to reside in Virginia, sends the following extract from the report, which tells many interesting things about the work of the home:

"During the past year we have paid an indebtedness of $1,200 to the Phoenix planing mill, bill for wire fly screens of $80, insurance $144. Total $1,424. So that there has been left only $1,469, $75 for current expenses, or less than $125 a month. For this amount a family of seven invalids have been provided with food, clothes and medicines. There is no paid employe about the institution. Both Mrs. Wolf and Mrs. Horton give their time to this trying work for their love of womanhood. Because of the scarcity of money we have had to postpone many of our industrial features, particularly the technical training necessary for certain branches of household work. We hope very much that during the coming year, through the generosity of our friends, these features will be added.

"The following persons have donated food, clothing and other articles for domestic use: Durand's restaurant, with characteristic generosity, has given daily contributions of milk and soup. Tye & Co. and Sawtell & Henry have each given weekly donations of beef. T. S. Lewis gives crackers each week. C. J. Kamper has given six monthly donations of groceries. The Atlanta cotton mills, St. Veronica's Society of St. Luke's church, Capital City Club, Woman's Co-Operative Club, Mrs. A. B. Steele, Mrs. T. S. Lewis, Mrs. O'Connor, Mrs. Bartow McRae, Mrs. Ed Peters, Mrs. J. Milledge, Mrs. Malone, Mr. Hawkins, Dodd & Co. and others.

"KATE WALLER BARRETT,
"President."

The following ladies have been appointed a board of directors for the coming year: Mrs. T. S. Lewis, Mrs. Dr. Johnson, Mrs. A. B. Steele, Mrs. George Traylor, Mrs. Ed Peters, Mrs. J. Tyler Cooper, Mrs. Dr. McRae, Mrs. John Milledge, Mrs. Malone, Mrs. M. M. Wolf.

Dr. McRae reports the following as the second year's work in the Florence Crittenden Home, ending September 22, 1894:

Number of visits made	244
Number of confinements attended	21
Number of local treatments made	68
Number of laporatomies (abdominal section)	1

Each visit would be made to about an average of three suffering the usual troubles in childhood and labor cases.

All the deaths that have occurred have been among the children, though there have been several grave conditions shown, following confinement in such conditions as would be expected in well advanced stages of consumption and the opium habit in the adults. The deaths among the children have been due to premature birth—mother a habiul of the opium habit, inanition, etc.

The general hygienic condition of the home is excellent and everything kept in perfect asseptic condition throughout, and when once known that all the work is done by a class of invalids in a measure, without detriment or injury to them, it is remarkable and reflects much credit on the management.

The home is worthy the unsolicited help of all Christians, not only of Atlanta, but Georgia, and I trust will be made to feel the Christians' help more and more in the future. Very respectfully,

F. BARTOW McRAE, M. D.

Salt rheum often appears in cold wtather, attacking the palms of the hands and other parts of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, cures salt rheum, and other diseases of the blood.

Three Days.

Cabinet Photos, $1.75 per dozen.
ANGLIN & RANDALL,
nov 16-3t. 75½ Peachtree st.

"OUR ITALY"

Within a Day's Ride by the Southern Railway.

Within a day's ride of us is the Italy of America—Florida—"the land of flowers," famous for fine hotels, delightful climate and good hunting and fishing. The only double daily through route from Atlanta to Florida is the Southern railway. Short line with through vestibule train service. Round trip winter excursion tickets are now on sale to Florida via the Southern railway. nov13 1w

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades, furniture and room moulding. 40 Marietta street. Send for samples.

Three Days.

Cabinet Photos, $1.75 per dozen.
ANGLIN & RANDALL,
nov 16-3t. 75½ Peachtree st.

MUNYON SAVED HER.

HOW MRS. REESE BECAME A CONVERT

Her Arm Was Useless, and Could Not Be Moved Without Pain—How She Was Cured.

Mrs. John Reese, South Pottstown, Pa., says: "It is now about a year since I was cured of one of the worst attacks of rheumatism I ever had. I had tried all kinds of remedies and had several doctors, but nothing did me any good; so I concluded to try Munyon's remedies. I never had any faith in homeopathy; I confess now I am a firm believer in it. After taking the rheumatism remedy a few days I was able to raise my arm, which I had not moved for two weeks without the most intense torture. Within a short time I was completely cured, and it was permanent, for during the past year I have not had the slightest return of the disease."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is guaranteed to cure rheumatism in any part of the body. Acute or muscular rheumatism cured in from one to five days. It never fails to cure sharp, shooting pains in the arms, legs, sides, back or breast, or soreness in any part of the body in from one to three hours. It is guaranteed to promptly cure lameness, stiff and swollen joints, stiff back, and all pains in the hips and loins. Chronic rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago or pain in the back are speedily cured.

Munyon's Homeopathic Home Remedy Company, of Philadelphia, put up specifics for nearly every disease, which are sold by all druggists, mostly for 25 cents a bottle.

DE GIVE'S THEATRES

THE GRAND.

TONIGHT
AND TUESDAY
At Matinee and Night,

Rosenquest & Arthur's

Splendid Production of the Enormously Successful Comedy Drama,

"BLUE JEANS."

which made phenomenal runs in New York, Boston and Chicago.
Usual prices. Seats at Grand box office.

Wednesday and Thursday, November 21st and 22d. Matinee Thursday.

GUSTAVE FROHMAN'S CO.

in the Queen of Comedies,

JANE,

A farcical comedy in three acts by Harry Nicholas and W. Lestoeg, preceded by the charming curtain raiser

One Touch of Nature

Usual prices, 25c. to $1. Seats at the Grand box office.

Dresden and Sterling Silver.

My line of Novelties and Bridal Gifts in the above wares has never been equaled in the south.

Chas. W. Crankshaw,

7 and 9 W. Alabama Street.

FINANCIAL.

W. H. PATTERSON & CO
DEALERS IN
Investment Securities,
ROOM 6, CAPITAL CITY BANK B'LD'G.
fifth de-ar

John W. Dickey,
Stock and Bond Broker,
AUGUSTA, GA.
Correspondence Invited.

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Better at $15, $18, $20 and step by step to $50—every dollar of added price insuring a plump dollar of added value. And the same master mind that is behind the $50 Overcoats is behind the ones at $10. Isn't it fair to suppose that the one at least price is style-lifted by the association? As easy and as cheap to go right as to go wrong—if the man at the helm knows.

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GUARDIAN SALE.

Under and by virtue of an order granted by the court of ordinary of Washington county, I will sell during the legal hours of sale, at the courthouse in Atlanta, Ga., on Tuesday, December 4, 1894, for the purpose of distribution, the following realty belonging to Glenn, Robert, Edgar, John, Mary and William Hugh Lawson, minors; Emma L. Tyson and R. S. Lawson, heirs of age; to-wit: That tract of land lying in the city of Atlanta in land lot seventy-nine (79) of the fourteenth (14th) district, of Fulton county, fronting fifty (50) feet on the east side of Orme street, the western boundary being Orme street, and running alike width two hundred (200) feet to a twenty (20) foot alley, known as Eliza alley, this alley being the eastern boundary of said lot, constituting the southern part of lots fifteen by sixteen (15x16), of the Mayer property, and bounded on the south by lot fourteen (14) of said Mayer subdivision. CHARLES M. TYSON,
Guardian of Glenn, Edgar, Robert, John, Mary and William Hugh Lawson, Emma L. Tyson and Agent R. S. Lawson, heirs of age.
nov. 12, 19, 26, dec 3

Administrator's Sale.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of Cobb county, Georgia, will be sold on the first Tuesday of December next before the courthouse door of Fulton county, Georgia, between the legal hours of sale, a tract of land belonging to the estate of Joel E. Morris, late of Cobb county, deceased, said land lies on the Chattahoochee river near Roswell, is triangular in shape, being bounded on the northwest by said river and on the south and northeast by property of Sam Power, and comprises parts of lots Nos. 80 and 81, of originally Henry, now Fulton county. For full description of the lines see record of deeds to Joel E. Morris; also deed from J. Gid Morris to Joel E. Morris in clerk's office of Fulton county, Georgia, and recorded in book 107, page 355. This is a valuable farm, containing one hundred and three and ninety-one hundredths acres, more or less, and embraces both upland and river bottom. Sold for the benefit of the heirs and creditors of said deceased. Terms of sale one-half cash, balance in twelve month, with 8 per cent interest per annum; good notes to be given. Also, bond for title by administrator. This, November 10, 1894.

R. N. HOLLAND, Administrator
Of Estate Joel E. Morris, Deceased.
nov 12 19 26, dec 3.

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Best Sugar Cured Ham, per pound	12
22 pounds Granulated Sugar	1 00
16 pounds Head Rice	1 00
20 pounds Oat Meal	1 00
20 pounds new Buckwheat, dark	1 00
Genuine Maple Syrup, per gallon	1 25
New crop New Orleans Syrup, per gal	60
3 pounds best Mocha and Java Coffee	1 00
Levering Coffee, per pound	20
Green and Black Tea, per pound	50
5 cans Eagle Milk	1 00
5 cans Fresh Salmon Steak	1 00
1 pound can Royal Baking Powder	45
3 dozen 2-pound Tomatoes	1 50
Potted Ham and Tongue, per dozen	75
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